THE WEATHER.

Local showers today; Monday generally fair.

THE MORNING STAR

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TARIFF THE ISSUE SAYS GOV. WILSON

Nominee Will Discuss Platform in Speech of Acceptance.

WILL BE NOTIFIED AUG 7TH.

Democratic Nominee Receives Many Assurances of Support—Ollie James Calls at Seagirt—McCombs for Chairmanship

Seagirt, N. J., July 6.—Governor Woodrow Wilson and Senator-elect Ollie James, of Kentucky, who was permanent chairman of the Baltimore convention, decided this afternoon to have the Governor formally notified of his nomination on the lawn of New Jersey's "Little White House" here at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Wednesday, August 7th. Mr. James came up from Washington and had a long talk with the nominee during which he was requested to name as late a date as possible to afford Governor Wilson an opportunity to catch up with his correspondence, now some 10,000 letters and telegrams behind.

The speech of notification will be short and the Governor's reply will sound the keynote of the campaign, Mr. James declared. Governor Wilson let it be known here today that he will deal with the high cost of living and tariff, which he regards as the leading issues, clearly and fully. He will include reference to other planks of the platform also. Until that time, however, he will have little to say in reply to criticisms of the platform by Theodore Roosevelt or anybody else. His speech of acceptance, which he will shortly begin to draft, will be his first public comment, he declared, upon the party platform.

Every attempt to induce Governor Wilson to take issue with any critic so far has failed. He discussed today the high cost of living as an issue, saying that he regarded it as the leading issue, with the tariff at the heart of it, but declined to comment upon Colonel Roosevelt's utterances.

With reference to the chairmanship of the National Committee, Mr. James said:

"The manager must be a man who doesn't make mistakes."

William F. McCombs, he added in reply to a question, "is a great organizer and a man of unusual executive ability."

Mr. James told the Governor that he had talked with Champ Clark and knew that Mr. Clark was strong for Wilson.

"There is no doubt as to Clark's loyalty to this ticket," Mr. James said, "nor as to the loyalty of any other defeated candidate for the nomination. No Democrats are sulking in their tents this year."

M. K. Young and W. B. Shearer, of California, Clark delegates to Baltimore, were among callers who pledged their support to the Governor. Theodore A. Bell, leader of the California delegation and floor manager of the Clark forces at Baltimore, also called and pledged his support to Governor Wilson.

"I am going back to California tonight," he said, "to help place behind Governor Wilson the same people who stayed so loyally by Clark. We stayed with Clark till his ship went down. Now we are just as strong for Wilson. We harbor no ill feeling.

"We hope Governor Wilson will come out and make at least 10 speeches in California. He has an excellent chance, in my opinion, of getting the solid electoral vote of the Pacific Coast States."

During a conversation tonight, Governor Wilson was told what Mr. James had said concerning Mr. McCombs.

"McCombs is undoubtedly everything Senator James said he was," replied the Governor. "He managed the campaign splendidly. I was told by several of the experienced leaders at the convention that we had the most wonderful organization they had ever seen. Some of our men replied to this that we had no organization at all; that each man was working for love of principle."

The Governor was greatly amused when told Mr. James "had a little secret to tell him on August 7th."

"So I understand," he said, "I hear that he is to make a speech telling me that I have been nominated. I suppose I shall have to look surprised and say something about a little speech some day or other that has been written for me and let them have the speech."

Governor Wilson made public tonight a letter from Representative Underwood, of Alabama, reading in part: "I feel sure you will be elected President next November and I am glad to render any aid in my power to get the desired result. As floor leader of the House of Representatives, I wish to say that our action between now and the time of adjournment may affect the campaign and I hope you will not hesitate to advise with me freely as to any matters transpiring in Washington which you may consider essential for the good of the cause."

Hugh L. Nichols, Lieutenant Governor of Ohio, and manager of the anti-convention campaign of Governor Harmon, writes to assure the Governor of the faithful support of all the loyal friends of Governor Harmon.

"It affords me much satisfaction," he said, "to be able to say at this time that as National manager of the Harmon campaign I religiously refrained from making use of the slanderous material that was given publicity from time to time by your enemies, both personal and political."

After three breakdowns on the way, the party of four Missouri men who notified the Governor yesterday that they would be here this afternoon, reached the "Little White House" tonight. They said they bore a message from Champ Clark to the Governor to the effect that the Speaker would make a hot campaign for him.

Hear "Pearl of Persia"

By the Lumina orchestra this afternoon. **

DEBATE IS BEGUN IN LORIMER CASE

Second Trial of the Illinois Senator Enters Its Final Stage.

WILL REACH VOTE THIS WEEK

Senators Dillingham and McCumber Speak in Favor of Lorimer's Retention—Senator Myers Speaks in Opposition.

Washington, July 6.—The final stage of the second trial of William Lorimer on the charge of misconduct in procuring his election to the United States Senate from Illinois, was entered upon today in the Senate with general debate. It had been agreed to vote upon the case during the "legislative day of July 6th," but a vote was not reached today and the Senate recessed its legislative day until Monday with a prospect that a vote would not be had until the latter part of next week.

Senator Dillingham, of Vermont, chairman of the Lorimer investigating committee, and Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, supported the Illinois Senator's right to his seat, while Senator Myers, of Montana, made his maiden speech in the Senate in opposition to Mr. Lorimer.

Mr. Dillingham declared that Mr. Lorimer had not been a candidate for the Senate until after the Senatorial deadlock in the Illinois Legislature had continued for more than four months and until it looked as if there must be an adjournment without action. He gave an elaborate account of political conditions in Illinois and after undertaking to show that the Democrats would not support the re-election of Senator Hopkins, said that, on the other hand, they were willing to turn to Mr. Lorimer because of their personal regard for him.

He said Mr. Lorimer had thought he could not be of greater use in the House than in the Senate.

Senator McCumber's speech was caustic. He took the position that the Senate is unfit to try such a case because of official popular prejudice against Mr. Lorimer and because of the influence that popular sentiment would have on votes. He declared there should be an amendment to the constitution relieving the Senate of the necessity of passing upon cases involving charges against its members.

Some Senators, he said, had been defeated for re-election because of their votes for Mr. Lorimer; but as for himself, his vote would not be influenced by popular clamor regardless of the effect on his own Senatorial fortunes.

Mr. Myers would not accept the doctrines of res adjudicata. He regarded this as a new trial and insisted that if the Senate were not permitted to hold such a trial it was the only tribunal controlled by the English system of jurisprudence to which that right would be denied.

"There is no such thing known to the law as turning back; there must be a verdict in this trial," declared Mr. Myers. The new trial could not stop midway, but according to all precedents must be prosecuted to the end, he held. He contended that the new trial had been justified by new evidence.

The fact that 53 Democrats had voted in the Illinois Legislature for Mr. Lorimer, a Republican, was sufficient reason for suspicion as Mr. Myers saw the matter.

"It is proof that there is something the matter either with the head or the heart," he said.

Expressing confidence in the irregularity of the Lorimer election, he declared that the very atmosphere of the Illinois Legislature was charged with corruption on the day of the Lorimer election.

"The case," he said, "is reeking with infamy, is dripping with corruption and is redolent of crime."

New York, July 6.—The New York American League club today released Second Baseman Earl Gardner to the Cleveland club of the same league. Gardner has been with New York since 1908. Gardner's departure, following the release of Vaughn and the indefinite suspension of Caldwell, is said to be only the beginning of a general shake-up by Manager Wolverton and President Farrell. A number of other players are expected to go in the near future.

FEDERALS SOON TO ENTER CHIHUAHUA

Troops Under Ceneral Campos and Argumedo Retake Parral

TRAIN WRECKED BY REBELS

Drunken Soldiers Force Engineer and Fireman to Run Train at Full Speed—Engineer Killed In Collision

At General Huerta's headquarters, Naoula, Mexico, July 6.—Only 14 miles separates tonight the entire division of the Federal army under General Huerta from the city of Chihuahua. The government troops are expected to enter the city at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning. Reports that troops under Generals Campos and Arguemedo have retaken Parral and Santa Rosa under General Huerta, are without foundation as the government was in communication with both places tonight.

Orozco Last to Leave

General Orozco's headquarterse at Sausat, Mex., July 6.—General Orozco will be the last of the rebels to leave here. He gave final orders tonight to the various columns which are being sent over land from here to Sonora. Four trains left here for Juarez, a distance of 190 miles. Few troops were aboard. General Orozco is expected to leave for Juarez tomorrow.

Train Wrecked

Chihuahua, Mex., July 6.—Intoxicated rebel soldiers leaving Chihuahua over the Mexican Northwestern Railroad commanded a young fireman and engineer, forcing them to run the train at full speed toward Madera early today, but before it was 30 miles west of here, it collided with a southbound passenger train near Zelas. Both engines were put out of commission. The engineer was killed and three of the soldiers seriously injured. The crew of the regular train was threatened by the rebels, but escaped on a hand car to this city.

The Federal main columns have not yet reached here, but 13 troop trains and two troops of cavalry were sighted early today a few miles south of here. Little harm was done by the rebels as they evacuated, aside from the confiscation of some horses and occasional looting. A squad of soldiers looking for horses saw some hitched to a Federal procession. They took the horses from the hearse and other conveyances, leaving the family of the dead man and mourners to bury the corpse as best they could.

NEW PLAN FOR CAMPAIGN

Rebels Will Invade Sonora—Try to Get Arms

Juarez, Mex., July 6.—Mexican rebel leaders today announced a new plan of campaign against the Federal government. With Guayamas and other Pacific seaports as their objective, the rebels will invade the State of Sonora, making their way south along the coast, if possible, towards Mexico City to join Emiliano Zapata, who dominates the southern revolution. Possessing a seaport such as Guayamas, the rebels declare they intend to get ammunition from foreign countries.

"We are going to try to get to Guayamas first," said Colonel Pascual Orozco, Sr., father of the rebel chief, tonight. "From there we can get all the ammunition we need. We hope to buy ammunition in a commercial way from the firms in Japan, Germany and other countries."

Costul Herrera, commissary general of the revolution, said arms were also expected to be produced by boat from points on the west coast of the United States.

General Pasqual Orozco, Jr., will not reach here until tomorrow or Monday, if he decides to come at all. Dispatches from Sauz, 190 miles south of here, report General Orozco today reviewing the main part of his army there.

Juarez today was formally declared the rebel capital.

SEVERAL REGIMENTS ARRIVE

National Guard Ready for Manuevers At Anniston, Ala.

Anniston, Ala., July 6. — Several regiments of the National Guard from North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee rarrived at Camp Pettus today to participate in the army maneuvers. Despite a drenching rain, which continued intermittently throughout the day, ten-pitching and camp building was gotten well underway.

Regular army life was inaugurated and the first orders were issued by Colonel VanOrsdel, who today assumed command of all the camps.

Throngs of visitors mingled with the soldiers at the camp during the day and arrangements have been made to convey large crowds to the site tomorrow.

Indications are that the regular maneuvers will be deferred until Monday in order to allow ample time in which to complete the equipment of the camp.

Have your eyes tested by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. You will save time and money. **

MANY INJURED IN SOUTHERN WRECK

Engineer Beach Killed in Head—on Collision in Yards at Greensboro

ENGINE TOOK OPEN SWITCH

Southern Railway Limited Train No. 36 Collided With Freight Engine in Greensboro Yards. Over 50 People Hurt.

Greensboro, N. C., July 6.—Engineer Thomas C. Beach, of Alexandria, Va., was fatally injured and more than 50 passengers more or less seriously hurt when Southern Railway limited train No. 36 from Atlanta to Washington, collided head-on with a freight engine on the local yards at 3:40 o'clock this afternoon.

Engineer Beach died at the hospital tonight.

The wrecked train carried between 350 and 400 passengers, and was running at terrific speed when Engineer Beach applied the emergency brakes, 150 yards before the crash and jumped from his cab. His fireman jumped and escaped with slight injuries. Of the passengers and crew, the more seriously injured are J. M. Small, conductor, Spencer, N. C., rib broken and contusion on shoulder; J. B. Long, Atlanta, Ga., forehead cut and slight contusion; Mrs. C. C. Termeuder, Chattanooga, Tenn., ear cut and serious abrasions on shoulder and knees, also suffering greatly from shock; R. C. Springs, ticket collector, Asheville, back, arm and legs bruised; Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Craven, and daughter, Kitty, of Danville, each suffered severe cuts and bruises; E. D. Brooks, Greenville, S. C., bruises on side and fractured rib; Ed S. Goodman, Richmond, Va., face cut and neck strained; Isaac Delilly, negro cook on diner, Washington, D. C., serious burns on face and arms. E. T. Lippincott, the Philadelphia publisher, was a passenger.

The wreck was caused by the engine of train No. 36 taking an open switch, throwing it from the northbound track onto the southbound. Less than 200 yards from the open switch the freight engine stood, the impact at a speed of about 25 miles an hour being terrific. The operator declares that Engineer Beach disregarded a danger signal. Officials state that the accident was due to an open switch, the responsibility for which has not been determined.

Engineer Beach has been in the service 32 years and today's was his first wreck. He is the oldest engineer of this division in point of service and among the veterans of the system.

IN CONTROL OF S. A. L.

Tampa Northern Railroad Transferred To Savannah

Tampa, Fla., July 6.—Announcement has just been made that the Tampa Northern Railroad has passed to the control of the Seaboard Air Line Railway Company. The transfer of stock was made to officials of the company and to stockholders and Seaboard men have been elected to the executive offices of the Tampa Northern Railroad, which it was understood will continue to operate as an independent road. By this line the Seaboard becomes owner of the handsome terminals of the Tampa Northern at Tampa, worth millions of dollars. The new officers of the Tampa Northern are: President, R. Capps, now vice president of the Seaboard; secretary and treasurer, R. L. Nutt; assistant secretary, D. C. Porteus; controller, W. T. Roby; general council, Peter O. Knight.

OUTLINES

Senator-elect Ollie James called on Governor Wilson at Seagirt, N. J., yesterday and it was decided that the formal notification of the Governor's nomination should take place at Seagirt, August 7th.

Engineer Thos. C. Beach was fatally hurt and 50 people more or less seriously injured yesterday afternoon when Southern passenger train No. 36 collided head-on with a freight engine in the Greensboro, N. C. yards.

The Lorimer case entered its final stage yesterday when debate relative to the second trial was begun in the Senate. A vote will be reached about the latter part of the week.

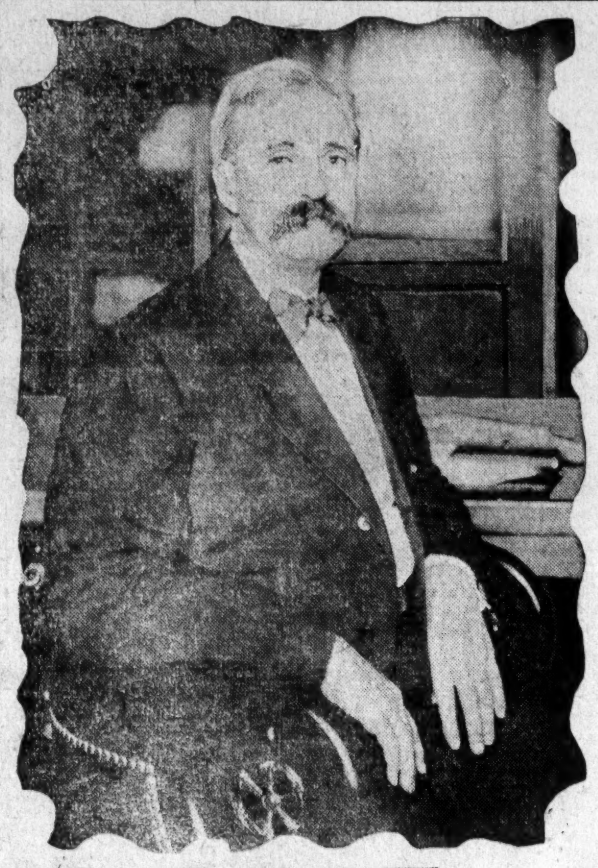
Col. Roosevelt declared last night that the Progressive movement will be the keynote of his campaign. The call for his National convention is complete, he said, and will be issued Monday.

Revised figures yesterday placed the number of dead at 26 and the number of injured at 36 in the Ligonier Valley Railroad wreck.

Congressman Underwood's campaign managers issued a "valedictory address" yesterday, declaring themselves well satisfied with the results of the campaign. Wilson's success will depend in large measure on Mr. Underwood's leadership in the House, they say.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Flour quiet and easier. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.14 1-4 elevator, domestic basis and export 1.15 3-4 f.o.b. afloat, both to arrive. Corn, spot steady; export 80 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine easy. Rosin quiet.

No New Party for Sen. Cummins



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Washington, D. C., July 6.—Senator Cummins' renunciation of the third party proposed by Col. Roosevelt was one of the big political developments of yesterday at the capital. He declared against the new party movement and announced his allegiance to the old party. John G. Capers, South Carolina member of the Republican National Committee, joined him in this statement.

NO COMPROMISE FOR TEDDY

"Progressive Movement" Roosevelt Says, Is to Be the Keynote of His Campaign—Will Issue Call for Convention

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 6.—The Progressive movement, as Colonel Roosevelt put it tonight, is to be the keynote of his campaign. It means, he said, the putting into effect of 'every principle for which we stand." Colonel Roosevelt's statement was regarded as an indication that he would draw the line taut for an uncompromising fight, that he would insist upon a platform and a campaign of such a nature as to lay before the people for a verdict in November the complete programme to which he has committed himself.

Colonel Roosevelt's views, he says, "are set forth in his charter of Democracy" speech in Columbus, Ohio, last February which marked his reentry into active politics. Since that time he has declared himself unqualifiedly for woman suffrage.

That the courts will come in for attention at the hands of the new party was indicated by the fact that Colonel Roosevelt spent a large part of the afternoon in considering the subject. He had with him William L. Ransom, of Brooklyn, a lawyer who attracted the Colonel's attention several weeks ago by delivering before the New York association a lecture in defense of the recall of judicial decisions, the doctrine enunciated by the ex-President in his Columbus speech.

Colonel Roosevelt did not indicate whether he would urge that the new party take a stand in favor of the recall of judicial decisions. It is believed, however, that he would not insist upon this step as he said throughout his recent campaign that he favored the application of this measure to State courts only and would not at tempt to apply it to the Federal judiciary.

The call for the National convention of the new party is ready, Colone Roosevelt said, and will be made public on Monday.

I have every facility for making accurate examinations of the eyes, and will tell you frankly whether glasses are needed or not. Eyes tested free, eye glasses from $1 up. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. **

SOUTHPORT HARBOR CO.

Raleigh, N. C., July 6.—The Southport Harbor Company, with principal office at Bakersville, Mitchell county, was chartered today with two million dollars capital authorized and $1,000 subscribed, for the development of harbor terminal property at Southport, presumably for the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Railway Co., and possibly the Seaboard Air Line. The incorporators are Fred Johnson, J. J. McLaughlin, of Johnson City, and W. L. Lambeth, of Bakersville.

AMERICANS WIN MORE GLORY

Yankees Break Two Olympic Records in Opening of the Games at Stockholm—Make Clean-Up in Track Events.

Stockholm, July 6.—The glory of the opening of the Olympic games of 1912 should be divided between Sweden and the United States. Sweden gets the lion's share for the impressive stage-setting she provided for the contests which, with the natural beauties of Stockholm, its parks and palaces and lakes, and the moving ceremonial with which the King inaugurated the meeting, makes it by far the most memorable international festival ever held.

America's share of the honor is due to the remarkable fashion in which her brawny young men set to work on the cinder path. They ran away with heat after heat in the first rounds of the 100 and 800 meters; they outdid the expectations of their trainers and completely upset the calculations the public had made. They left their old time British rivals far behind.

With five American sprinters, Drew, Meyer, Craig, Lippincott and Belote, and the South African, Patching, to run the final in the 100 meters, that event may be written down for the United States.

With eight men out of 18 to compete in the semi-final of the 800 meters, five of whom won their respective heats in the trials, it would seem as though the United States had an excellent opportunity to annex that event also. Trainer Mike Murphy's cup of joy is full.

The smashing of the Olympic record by D. F. Lippincott, University of Pennsylvania, in the 16th heat of the 100 meters event, puts that runner in the hero class. The only cloud in the sky is due to an unfavorable accident suffered by the Springfield High School boy, H. P. Drew, who strained a tendon of his leg in the semi-finals of the 100 meters, the first of which he won. This may bar him from the final. The world's record with the javelin, made by E. Lemming, the Swedish champion, was not unexpected, but the Hawaiian swimmer, "Duke" Kahanamoku, covered himself with glory by slipping through the water in his trial heat of the 100 meters free style, which gave the United States the second world's record of the meeting.

The carnival spirit pervades Stockholm, the Olympiad contrasting cheerfully with the more solemn atmosphere of London in 1908. Today's proceedings were as tumultuous as a college football game.

Two dark skinned delegates from the Orient got an ovation, but found themselves far outclassed by their European and American brethren. A Turk, conspicuous in a flaming scarlet Jersey, brought the crescent badge to the front in the 800 meters for a brave but brief moment; then he faded into the background. A tall Japanese trailed far behind throughout the 100 meters.

Tonight a brilliant gathering watched the swimming events. Thousands massed in the grand stand beside the river.

The Americans, A. VanZant Post of the Fencers' Club, New York; Dr. Scott D. Breckenridge, Washington, D. C., and Midshipman M. W. Larimer, U. S. Naval Academy, were successful in the first round of the fencing contests today.

The cycling race around Lake Malar will start at 2 o'clock Sunday morning. The contestants will cover about 200 miles and finish in the stadium in the afternoon.

MUCH DEPENDS ON UNDERWOOD'S AID

His Leadership in House Will Help Wilson, Managers Say

ISSUE VALEDICTORY ADDRESS

Majority Leader Is Well Satisfied With Result of Campaign—Will Follow Wilson Into Thick of The Fight

Washington, July 6.—A "valedictory address" by the Underwood Presidential campaign managers was made tonight in a statement by Senator Bankhead, who was Mr. Underwood's leading campaign manager. Senator Bankhead declared it would have been a crime to have nominated Mr. Underwood for the Vice Presidency instead of leaving him in the House, where "the success of Governor Wilson's administration will largely depend upon Mr. Underwood's leadership."

The statement says:

"Mr. Underwood has no regrets and feels no resentment. His great heart is undisturbed by the results at Baltimore. Although his desire was to be nominated he feels that under his leadership a great victory has been won.

"But his fondest hope, however, in the event he could not win, was that his candidacy would forever eliminate from the hearts of all men, whatever of sectional feeling there remained; that the Mason and Dixon line might be obliterated and the South restored to its rightful place in the political councils of the Nation. He feels that his friends have inaugurated such a movement that will bring about good fellowship and that the South has demonstrated its patriotic intentions. Mr. Underwood is entirely contented with the results and will continue to devote his great abilities and qualities of leadership to the duties of the position he holds as leader of the National Democracy.

"The success of Governor Wilson's campaign will largely depend upon Mr. Underwood's leadership in the House and it would have been a crime to have transferred him from that important position to the Vice Presidency, although he does not underestimate the great honor that would have been conferred upon him by being placed on the ticket with Governor Wilson.

"He sincerely thanks his friends and deeply appreciates the loyal support they gave him. He awaits orders and will follow Governor Wilson into the thickest of the fight, and expects a sweeping victory in November."

PASSED TOO NEAR.

Aeroplane Accident in France Shows Danger of This.

Paris, July 6.—An army aeroplane accident showing the great danger of machines passing too near to each other while flying occurred today at Villacoublay, near Paris. Lieuts. Briez and Burlez, of the French army, started on a flight from the aerodrome in separate monoplanes, their destination being Belfort. Lieut. Briez had attained an altitude of 600 feet when Burlez, passing him at greater speed 100 feet higher in the air, forced a pocket of air downward and caused the machine driven by Briez to lose its equilibrium. The monoplane crashed to the ground and both of Lieut. Briez's legs were broken while his jaw was fractured and his breast also was injured. The doctors in attendance, however, say he will live. That flying men landing in his fields damaged the crops, terrified the domestic animals and drove off the game was the contention of a farmer near Buc, who today sued several flying men. The court awarded $100 damages, but declined a petition of the complainant that the airmen should not be allowed to fly at a height lower than 600 feet, and also that motors should be silenced while passing over his land. This the judge declared to be beyond the jurisdiction of the court.

TWENTY-SIX DEAD.

And 36 Injured in Ligonier Valley Wreck.

Ligonier, Pa., July 6.—Twenty-six dead and 36 injured are the revised figures resulting from the wreck Friday of a freight train and a passenger train of the Ligonier Valley Railroad, near this place. While the death list is placed at 26, two of the injured, now confined in the Latrobe hospital, are not expected to live.

A double wrecking crew is at the scene of the wreck removing debris from the tracks, which have been completely blocked since the disaster occurred. The last body was recovered from the wreck today. It was that of a child.

A representative of the State railroad commission will arrive here Monday to conduct an investigation. At the same time the coroner, H. A. McMurray, of Greensburg, will begin an inquest.

SPORTING EVENTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Brooklyn, 3; New York, 5.
At Pittsburg, 1; Cincinnati, 2
At St. Louis, 12; Chicago, 7.
At Boston, 11; Philadelphia, 13 (13 innings.)

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	56	13	.812
Chicago	39	27	.591
Pittsburg	40	28	.588
Cincinnati	37	35	.514
Philadelphia	30	33	.462
Brooklyn	27	42	.391
St. Louis	28	46	.378
Boston	21	52	.288

Brooklyn, July 6.—The cornerstone of the $650,000 Ebbets field, which will be the new home of the Brooklyns about September 1st, was laid this morning by President Charles H. Ebbetts, assisted by several dignitaries of the State and city. Letters were read from President Taft, two Governors and many baseball magnates of both leagues. New York won by 5 to 3, after a hot battle in which the score was twice tied. Rucker pitched two great innings and was then taken out to let Daly bat for him. Ragon finished in good style.

New York .....000 101 021—5 9 3
Brooklyn .....010 020 000—3 8 4

Ames, Crandall and Meyers; Rucker, Ragan and Miller; time 1:45; umpires Brennan and Emslie.

Pittsburg, July 6.—Cincinnati won the game today from Pittsburg 2 to 1. Marsans made both runs.

Pittsburg .....000 001 000—1 8 2
Cincinnati .....100 000 001—2 7 2

Robinson and Simon; Fromme and McLean; time 1:54; umpires Klem and Bush.

Boston, July 6.—Cravath's homer over the right field fence, his second of the game with a man on base, brought victory to Philadelphia in a 13-inning game today 13 to 11. A few innings earlier Cravath had saved the game by a running, back hand catch.

Boston ....220 005 001 1000—11 16 3
Phila. ....020 021 320 1002—13 17 4

Dickson, Donnelly, Hess and Rariden; Schultz, Brennan, Alexander, Seaton, Moore and Killifer; time 3:18; umpire Eason.

St. Louis, July 6.—Miller Huggins aided St. Louis to a great extent in winning from Chicago today 12 to 7. Huggins got three hits in four times at bat, scored five runs and figured otherwise in the game. Schulte knocked the ball over the right field pavilion for a home run.

St. Louis .....102 134 01x—12 15 3
Chicago .....100 051 000— 7 7 3

Steele, Heyer and Bliss; Cheney, Richie and Archer and Needham; time 2:00; umpires Rigler and Finneran.

Virginia League

At Richmond 9; Petersburg 4.
Second: Richmond 7; Petersburg six.
At Norfolk 0; Portsmouth 4.
Second: Norfolk 0; Portsmouth 9.
At Newport News 0; Roanoke 2.
Second: Newport News 2; Roanoke four.

Appalachian League

At Asheville 0; Morristown 3.
Second: Asheville 3; Morristown 2.
At Bristol 2; Johnson City 0.

Southern League

At Atlanta 6; Montgomery 10.
Second: Atlanta 1; Montgomery 5.
At Chattanooga-New Orleans, rain.
At Birmingham-Memphis, rain.
At Nashville 3; Mobile 2.

South Atlantic League

At Columbia 1; Macon 5.
At Columbus 6; Jacksonville 3.

American Association

At Milwaukee 10; Kansas City 5.
At Indianapolis 3; Toledo 2.
At Minneapolis 6; St. Louis 9.
At Louisville 3; Columbus 2.

International League.

At Rochester 4; Montreal 3.
2nd: Rochester 5; Montreal 6.
At Jersey City 10; Providence 6.
2nd: Jersey City 4; Providence 0. (7 innings.)
At Newark 2; Baltimore 9.
At Buffalo 2; Toronto 5.

DEATH IN BLADEN.

Mr. Joseph B. Thompson Passes After Illness of Several Month.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Abbottsburg, N. C., July 6.—Many friends learned with sincere regret of the death of Mr. Joseph B. Thompson, which occurred Monday after an illness of several months. Mr. Thompson was 54 years of age and has been a loyal member of the Methodist church since early boyhood. He is survived by four children as follows: Mrs. J. N. Lockey, Mrs. J. A. Hargrove, Mr. Charles and Miss Mollie Thompson. The funeral services were conducted Tuesday morning by Rev. Mr. Carraway, of Lumberton, and interment was in the family burying ground two miles west of town. The bereaved ones have the sympathy of the entire community in their great loss.

TETZLAFF WINS RACE.

Drives Fiat Car to Victory In 500-Mile Contest.

Tacoma, Wash., July 6.—Tetzlaff, driving a Fiat car, won the 500-mile motor car race at Prairie Automobile Course today. Bergdall, in a Benz was second, Devore, in a National third Verbeck, with a Fiat was fourth, and Cooper, at the wheel of a Stutz, fifth. The time of the three leaders was:

Tetzlaff, 3:37:00:35.
Bergdall, 3:50:49:85.
Devore, 3:52:28:90.

A crowd of 50,000 saw the race. Tetzlaff kept the lead from the 19th lap, his strongest competition coming from Bergdall and Devore. During the last 20 laps these three cars kept the lead. Each of the three cars finished inside the same lap.

RIVERS-WOLGAST AGAIN

Lightweights Will Fight a Second Time on Labor Day

Los Angeles, Cal., July 6.—Ad. Wolgast and Joe Rivers will box again, probably on Labor Day, in the Vernon Arena, it was practically decided upon today. Both principals and their managers and Tom McCarey, manager of the club, were of one mind on this subject. All agreed that another meeting was imperative, all agreed to meet again and all agreed that Labor Day was the most logical date.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Cleveland, 2; St. Louis, 6.
Second—Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 3.
At Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 11.
At New York, 7; Washington, 8.
At Chicago, 0; Detroit 4.
Second—Chicago, 10; Detroit, 9.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	51	24	.680
Washington	45	31	.592
Philadelphia	41	30	.577
Chicago	41	31	.569
Cleveland	36	36	.500
Detroit	37	38	.493
New York	19	45	.297
St. Louis	20	50	.286

Chicago, July 6.—Chicago split a double-header with Detroit today, losing the first 0 to 4, and winning the second 10 to 9. DuBuc held Chicago to one hit in the opening game. The second contest was decided in the ninth inning, when Kuhn's double after two were out, scored Callahan with the winning run.

Chicago .....000 000 000—0 1 1
Detroit .....000 202 000—4 6 0

Jordan, Benz, White and Kuhn; DuBuc and Stanage; time 1:55; umpires Connolly and Hart.

Second game:

Chicago .....123 010 012—10 15 3
Detroit .....104 103 000— 9 17 1

Lange, White and Kuhn; Lake, Moran, Willett and Stanage; time 2:20; umpires Hart and Connolly.

New York, July 6.—Washington sent New York into last place today by defeating the locals in a close game by a score of 8 to 7. Ford pitched well for New York, but was handicapped by miserable support. Hughes was hit hard and errors also helped New York to runs.

Washington ....001 002 302—8 9 5
New York .....001 102 021—7 12 7

Hughes and Henry; Ford and Sweeney; time 2:20; umpires O'Loughlin and Egan.

Philadelphia, July 6.—Boston won today's game here 11 to 5 and thereby captured the series by four games to two. Bender weakened in the fifth and sixth innings and the visitors got the lead and were not again headed. Hall strained his side in the sixth and was forced to leave the game.

Boston .....110 041 310—11 14 4
Philadelphia ...102 200 000— 5 7 1

Cicotte, Hall, Bedient and Carrigan; Bender, Coombs, Pennock and Lapp; time 2:20; umpires Evans and Westervelt.

Cleveland, July 6.—Cleveland and St. Louis broke even today, St. Louis winning the first 6 to 2 and Cleveland the second 4 to 3. Kahler was hit hard in the first two innings of the first game. Baskette was effective throughout in the second, but an error by Olson let the Browns score two runs in the ninth.

Cleveland .....002 000 000—2 11 3
St. Louis .....320 001 000—6 13 1

Kahler and O'Neill and Easterly; Powell and Stephens; time 1:40; umpires Dineen and Sheridan.

Second game:

Cleveland .....002 002 00x—4 7 1
St. Louis .....000 010 002—3 6 4

Baskette and Easterly; E. Brown, Allison and Krichell; time 1:45; umpires Dineen and Sheridan.

CAROLINA ASSOCIATION.

Results Yesterday:

At Anderson, 3; Spartanburg, 5.
Second—Anderson, 6; Spartanburg, 0.
At Greenville, 0; Winston-Salem, 3.
Second—Greenville, 2; Winston-Salem, 3.
At Greensboro, 7; Charlotte, 9.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost	P.C.
Anderson	39	22	.639
Charlotte	36	27	.571
Winston-Salem	34	30	.531
Spartanburg	29	32	.475
Greensboro	27	35	.435
Greenville	22	41	.349

SUNDAY SERVICES

Announcements By Wilmington Pastors for Services Today

St. James' church. Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Services, sermon and Holy Communion at 11; evening prayer at 6. A cordial welcome to all, especially to visitors and strangers.

Christian Church, Dock street near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor—Sunday School 9:45 A. M., H. A. DeCover, superintendent; preaching 11 A. M. 'True Patriotism. 8:15 P. M., 'Come Unto Me." Christian Endeavor service 7:45 P. M.; prayer meeting Thursday 8 P. M. All are cordially invited.

Grace M. E. church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor—11 A. M., sermon and sacrament of the Lord's Supper; 8 P. M., sermon by the pastor; 4 P. M., Sunday School. You are invited to attend these services.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets—Services at 11 A. M., subject of lesson sermon, "God." All are invited.

St. Mary's church, Fifth and Ann streets—First mass 7 A. M.; last mass, 10:30. No evening service.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor—Service of Confession and Absolution, 10:30 A. M.; English service with the Holy Communion, 11 A. M.; Sunday School, 9:45 A. M. No vesper service. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Litany, Holy Communion and sermon, 11 A. M. Evening Prayer 6 P. M. All are cordially invited.

Henceforth the Epworth League of Grace church will hold its services on Sunday morning at 10:15 o'clock, preceding preaching service. All are earnestly requested to attend these important services.

Brooklyn Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor — Services Sunday morning and evening. Morning subject, "Blessings in Disguise." Evening subject, "A Young Man's Declaration of Independence." The Lord's Supper will be celebrated at the morning hour. Sunday School at 3:30 P. M. Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Sunbeams at 4:30 o'clock. Ladies' Missionary Society Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Wednesday night; B. Y. P. U., Thursday night, and Teachers' meeting, Friday night.

A cordial welcome to all services.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets. Sunday School 9:45 A. M., services 11 A. M. Sermon by pastor, "Blot Out All My Transgressions." Subject of sermon at 8 P. M., "The Cure for Melancholia." Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, D. D., pastor—Sabbath services at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M.; W. C. E. Society at 7:30; Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday night at 8 P. M. Public cordially invited. Seats free.

Col. H. H. Ludlow Ill.

The many friends throughout the lower Cape Fear section of Col. H. H. Ludlow, formerly of Fort Caswell and now commanding Fort Moultrie, S. C., will regret to learn that he has been stricken with appendicitis. Word was received here yesterday that he is to undergo an operation tomorrow. All who know the popular army officer will hope that the operation will be a complete success and the means of restoring him to complete health as rapidly as possible.

AX-GRINDING

A Science With Some Dealers--Done at the Expense of the Public

There is nothing "just as good" as Newbro's Herpicide. Some dealers will even go so far as to tell you they have something better.

That dealer has an axe to grind.

You can't stop his grinding, but you can prevent him grinding it at your expense.

There is one sure, swift way to do it.

Go where you can get what you ask for.

You won't be obliged to do this very often, as fortunately the majority of druggists are honest and conscientious.

Newbro's Herpicide has been so long and favorably known as the original dandruff germ destroyer that no one should be deceived.

When you need a hair remedy, you don't want one which merely promises to kill the dandruff germ and prevent the hair from falling.

You want one that will do it.

Herpicide does it.

The hair becomes soft and lustrous. There is life, snap and beauty where formerly the hair was dead, dull and brittle.

Newbro's Herpicide is sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

Applications of this wonderful prophylactic may be obtained at the best barber shops and hair dressing parlors.

Send ten cents in postage or silver to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich., for a nice sample of Herpicide and a booklet telling all about the hair.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY, Special Agt.

..Theatrical..

There seems to be no limit to the long reach of the management of the New Bijou in order to get the very latest and the very best in the expensive and wholesome amusement line for the people of Wilmington. There would also be no limit to endeavor to serve the folks with what is most comfortable, but for the fact that the end has already been reached in that direction, and in the New Bijou is found the ideal place for solid comfort. There it is always cool, no matter how high the mercury is climbing in the glass, and there it is always fine of ventilation, which makes the theatre a health spot.

But speaking about the enterprise of the Bijou in giving folks the best, this is illustrated in the fact that as a feature of tomorrow's bill will be offered Edison's greatest film, "Ten Days With a Fleet of United States Battleships." Reading of the world-wide tour of Uncle Sam's fleet and also of the mimic warfare often indulged in by the famed South Atlantic squadron, one must wonder what goes on aboard these big fighting ships and be curious to know all about them. Well, Edison's wonderful film gives everything in detail and in most vivid and interesting manner. This film is a source of much information as well as great entertainment.

Jointly with this Edison film another superb photoplay will share the honors of tomorrow at the Bijou. This second star will be "Billy Changes His Mind", and it is a laugh story with a moral. It shows how a family tries to rope in a young fellow because he is rich and how he discovers their plot and the complications he gets into thereby. There are, of course, other big films for tomorrow, and which will aid in making tomorrow a swell inauguration of the new week at the attractive, cozy, New Bijou.

At the Grand Theatre

The Grand Theatre is going to open the new week with something special in the way of moving pictures—something that will prove very interesting to all. The ways and doings of the great police of the country are always interesting to the laity as well as to the "profesh" and in a descriptive film of "Pennsylvania State Police, Troop B," the grand will offer something spectacular and pleasing.

The picture shows the vastness of the work required of the State police and remarkable discipline and military bearing that obtains in the force. A number of horseback scenes are shown and the drills will be found especially interesting. The proprietor of the Grand, as a special compliment to the Wilmington police, has written a letter to Chief John J. Fowler extending the courtesies of the house to every member of the local department. It is hoped that everyone will take advantage of this special courtesy as the film will be both interesting and educational.

Another great picture is "Home Folks," a Biograph, in which is told the story of where age forgets its own youth. A stern father rules his little family by what he considers Bible precepts. It is simply the influence of his own narrow mind, he forgetting entirely his own youth. The boy suggests going to a barn dance, the father flies in a rage and orders him to stay at home. The boy disregards the command of his father and for his rebellious conduct is driven from home. The family moves to another neighborhood shortly thereafter and the daughter marries the village blacksmith. What comes of this marriage and the absent brother is told graphically in the picture preaching a strong sermon.

MORE WILL BE HEARD.

Witness Tells of Having Seen Judge Hanford Intoxicated.

Seattle, Wash., July 6.—After spending a week in investigation of the personal habits of United States District Judge Cornelius H. Hanford, the House Judiciary sub-committee, when it adjourned today until Monday, apparently had not closed that branch of the subject and it is expected a few witnesses will be heard on Monday concerning the judge's sobriety.

All except one of today's witnesses were summoned by Judge Hanford's attorneys and testified strongly in his favor. The exception was L. Frank Brown, an attorney, who testified he had seen Judge Hanford asleep on the bench and twice apparently drunk. One of the latter occasions, the witness testified, the judge was about the court room in the morning. Witness smelt liquor as the judge passed.

On the second occasion the witness testified the judge apparently was intoxicated on the bench while Brown was arguing a case before him. Witness thought the judge's habitual drowsiness on the bench might be due to his heavy eating at lunch hour.

Employes Have Outing.

Employes of the Globe Bakery gave themselves an outing at Castle Haynes yesterday afternoon and enjoyed themselves immensely. They were joined by two or three from other bakeries in the city, making a total of 12 in the party. They went to Castle Haynes in vehicles secured from one of the libery stables. There is a large grove at Castle Haynes and it was here that the party enjoyed a delightful lunch. A feature of the outing was a baseball game.

Take Time By The Forelock

Make your arrangements for renting for next year right now. If you own property which you desire rented; if you wish to rent property owned by some one else,

Our Service Is The Happy Medium

Between the renter and the landlord. Prompt and efficient service, courteous treatment and full information cheerfully given. We can rent any property that's rentable, and we will be glad to make any arrangements for persons desiring to lease property for offices, stores, warehouses or residences.

We also wish to call attention to a number of

Fine Farms for Sale

This property can be bought now at a remarkably low price; it will increase in value as mere farm land; it will net you

Miraculous Profit

If the present rapid development of suburban real estate continues in accordance with present indications.

We are in the business for your service; to buy, sell, rent or lease real estate—residences and all other classes of property. Give us a call.

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L. J. CARTER, President.
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"Economy in the LITTLE things is what Counts."

DAVIS BAKING POWDER

saves you half your Baking Powder cost. In a year's supply this is a worth-while saving. *Better quality* than the high-price powders, but at about *half* the cost.

Sold by all good Grocers. Insist on having it.

Studebaker

Flanders "20"

Suppose we deliver a "20" at your door tomorrow--

Touring time is here; and you feel the urge of it.

Telephone the Studebaker dealer and have a "20" sent out tomorrow.

It will cost you $800—or $885, if it's fully equipped.

And what will you get—*will you get $800 worth?*

Well, we don't know of a better $800 worth in the world.

We'd say that, even if you judged it only from the standpoint of size; and good looks; and workmanship; and material; and generous specifications.

But that isn't the main point.

The thing that ought to bring you to a decision to send for the "20" tomorrow is the certainty that you're not taking a chance.

It might be wise to take more time if the "20" were just *a* motor car.

But it's infinitely more than that—it's a *Studebaker* motor car.

Seventy-five thousand other owners have preceded you in the Studebaker 'testing out' process.

Sixty years of faithful performance have made the Studebaker word as good as gold.

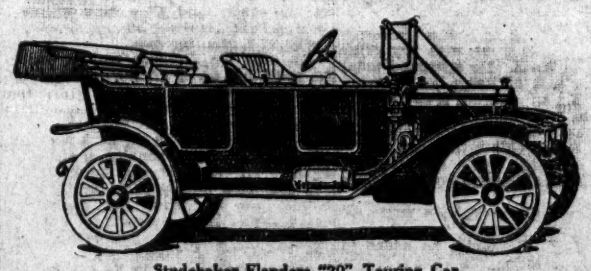
Enormous productive capacity and world-wide distribution make the price right.

Yield to that impulse to get a car at once.

You're made absolutely safe by that name Studebaker.

Telephone the Studebaker dealer.

Take the children with you when you get the first demonstration tomorrow.



Studebaker Flanders "20" Touring Car.

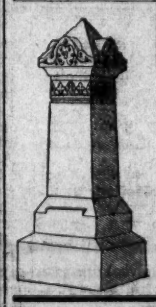
$800 F. O. B. Detroit, standard equipped. Equipped as above, with Top, Windshield, Prest-o-Lite Tank and Speedometer, $885.

Wilmington, N. C.

W. D. MacMILLAN, JR.

Laurinburg, N. N. C.—John F. McNair.

The Studebaker Corporation, Detroit, Mich.



MONUMENTS!

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Convenient to the Traveling Public.

LARGE ROOMS & GOOD RESTAURANT SERVICE

Opposite Union Depot — Gieschen Bros. Props.

WEEK'S DOINGS IN LUMBERTON

Court in Session—How Wilson's Nomination Was Received—Funeral of Victims of Drowning. Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 6.—The two weeks' term of Robeson Superior Court for the hearing of criminal cases, which convened last Monday with Judge Bragaw presiding, has been attended by large crowds most of the week. A very large per cent. of those attending court is composed of the class of people that have business in criminal courts.

Three murder cases have been set for next week, the first being that of Will McCallum, colored, for killing another negro in the western part of the county several months ago, which will be called Monday. The trial of Whitaker, also colored, who is charged with killing another negro on Mr. Joe Parker's plantation near Fairmont last Fall, is set for Wednesday. The trial of the notorious negro, George Swann, who killed Mr. Gibson, at Red Springs a short time ago, is also slated for Wednesday. Swann, who has been in Raleigh for safe keeping since his arrest, was brought here Wednesday night. This is Judge Bragaw's first court in Robeson, but our people seem to have fallen in love with him from the first day and everybody seems pleased at the manner in which he conducts court.

State Senator Cobb was in town Thursday and informed your correspondent that he had been notified by Lieut. Gov. Newland to meet him in Statesville Monday. It will be recalled that during the last Legislature a committee was appointed to investigate the advisability of consolidating the A. & M. College and the State Department of Agriculture. This committee meets in Statesville Monday to begin its work. Senator Cobb believes in anything that will advance the interests of the farming class, and while in the Legislature he was ever on the alert, looking out for any legislation affecting the farmers. He is one himself, and is in a position to know their needs. Senator Cobb says his prospects for an abundant crop of watermelons and cantaloupes is very promising.

It is just a little over a month until the primary for the selection of county officers will be held, but many people who did not know when the time was, might have been led during the week to think the struggle was right here. The various candidates have surely been putting in good time. We have been in a position to hear a good many personal appeals and the replies that have been made in some instances were enough to discourage a Jack Johnson. One aspirant had a gentleman backed up side of a tree soliciting his support in a persuasive manner, and closed his little speech by asking his listener what he thought of his chances in the county. The reply was "I don't think you'll get a d— vote in the county; at least that is the way I hear people talk." So far there are only two candidates for sheriff, two for treasurer, and about four for Register of Deeds. Some members of the present board of commissioners declare they will not stand for re-election, but of course, they may change their minds. Mr. A. J. Floyd, a member of the present board, has announced his candidacy for re-election. Mr. M. L. Marley, one of the best men in the Lumber Bridge section, has also announced himself a candidate. Several friends are also using their best efforts to influence Mr. C. B. Townsend to allow his name to be presented as a candidate for commissioner. No one will deny the fact that Mr. Townsend would make one of the best commissioners the county has ever had, and if he will consent to enter the race, which we have been informed he probably will, he has hundreds of friends in all sections of the county who would rally to his support with much genuine pleasure.

Dr. McPhaul, so far as we know, has the distinction of being the only man who ever broke up a court while it was in session in this county. He was among the number who attended the Baltimore convention and returned home before the nominations were made. Tuesday he was watching the bulletin boards when the announcement came that Wilson was nominated. His automobile was only a few feet away and he jumped in and ran up Elm street as fast as his car would go, shouting the glad tidings at the top of his voice. The court house was well filled with people who were attending court. When they heard the noise they made for the doors worse than if the building had been on fire, and in less than two minutes the crowd that was in front of the court house trying to learn the cause of the commotion was a sight to behold. In the mad rush to get out of the building one old colored auntie is said to have fallen down at the top of the stairway and could not stop herself from rolling until she landed at the bottom. One man lost his hat and later found it down stairs. Some cussed, some laughed and others were too much frightened to do anything but stand and tremble. Upon completing his circuit conveying the news, Dr. McPhaul was approached by Chief Redfern, looking as hard as a tombstone, and told him that the judge wanted him at once for contempt of court. Those present thought the doctor was frightened, judging from the various changes of expression on his face, but he said he was not so easy to drop his nerve and wasn't frightened in the least.

Of course no one has any idea who it is, but some person in town is acting in a way to make things unpleasant for himself if he is found out. When the dog law began to be rigidly enforced several dog owners in town promptly complied with the law, and besides keeping their dogs at home, put muzzles on them. During the week two or three of the finest dogs in town have been killed by persons while they were at home. It has been a bad week on dogs, a colored man residing in the northern part of town killing his bird dog because he thought the animal was going mad. A Lumberton automobile ran over and killed a very fine bird dog belonging to Mr. Wheeler Stone at his residence at McDonald. A mad dog was reported to have been killed in the Long Branch section Wednesday.

The funeral services of William Linkhaw and Harold Jones were conducted Thursday afternoon at their respective homes, by Rev. C. H. Durham, pastor of the First Baptist church. The first service was held at 2 o'clock at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jones and the remains of little Harold were borne to Meadow Brook cemetery where they were laid to rest. The service was conducted for William at the home of his parents at 4 o'clock, and he was laid to rest in the Norment cemetery. The processions which went to the cemetery were over three blocks long, showing the high esteem in which the families were held. The floral designs were numerous and beautiful, the graves being covered with flowers sent by friends in town and from abroad. Everyone who knew William Linkhaw and Harold Jones will agree with us when we say that they were two of the best boys that have ever lived in Lumberton. William was 12 years old last December, but was much older than that in deportment. Few men were his equal in politeness, while for truth and honesty he had no superiors. We had been together much, and knew from experience that his presence was such as is to be desired at any and all times when children take part. Harold Jones was of a quiet, retiring disposition, who generally wore a smile on his bright face. He is said to have spent much of his time at home, seeming to prefer the company of his aged grandfather to anyone else. He was 10 years old in May and remarkably bright for one of his age. Lumberton has truly lost two of its best little boys. To give an idea of the esteem in which William Linkhaw was held in the community, only last Sunday night a father and mother in town were giving their two little boys a good parental talk, advising them who to associate with, and referred them to William as a good subject for them to imitate.

On Friday night of last week Miss Amelia Linkhaw, an aunt of William Linkhaw, dreamed that she saw him in the river drowning and in her frantic efforts to assist him she woke up. The first thing she did Saturday morning was to go to William's mother and entreat her to persuade the little fellow to keep away from the river. On Wednesday he lost his life in the river trying to save his little friend. Some believe in dreams, others do not.

Complaint was made to the town authorities Thursday that travel was difficult on the street leading by the Gospel Tabernacle on account of a foul odor near the church. An officer was sent to investigate and he soon located the trouble and the odor was "fowl" sure enough, for some one had thrown a dead chicken in the gulley. How can the town be kept clean and in good sanitary condition while people will continue to do such work as that?

A new tenement house which was erected on one of Mr. George French's farms two or three miles from town about a month ago, was destroyed by fire early Wednesday morning. The fire is said to have started while the occupants were cooking breakfast. The loss has not been learned.

Mr. Murdock Stone, who resides three miles from town on his farm, came in Thursday morning to see his wife who is confined in a hospital, and upon his return home found some person or persons during his absence had completely demolished his fowl house. His chickens were all shut up when he left home, but on his return they seemed to be enjoying themselves all over the field.

Another blind tiger was caught with the goods on him yesterday. When arrested, he had 15 pints of the overjoyful and witnesses were secured who say they had purchased five pints from him. He gave the name of Jas. Caldwell, and claimed to be from Wilmington. He made a clean confession, implicating five others, colored people, all of whom are seeking positions on the road.

Messrs. J. Pope Stephens and Jno. E. Gilmore, who have been connected with the Freeman Printing Company, have purchased interests in the business and Mr. Stephens has been made foreman of the plant. Mr. Freeman will remain president of the company and have general supervision of the work, but will spend a good portion of his time at the wood yard in which he has an interest. Mr. Freeman is forced to make a change on account of his health. Messrs. Stephens and Gilmore are both practical printers of several years' experience and are well known all over the county. We predict for them the continuation of the large patronage which the office has received for several years with more added to it.

Why is it that an up-to-date town like Lumberton, with its splendid postoffice facilities, and its clever postoffice force, can't have a light at the enrance to the office at night is a mystery to many people who have business there at night. Just one little dinky light stuck at the back end so the flies can see how to retire at night, is all the light visible. We want more light.

Several cases of blind taggers among horses are reported in some sections of the county.

In reply to numerous inquiries as to crop conditions in the county, the replies indicate that cotton is in fine condition, but corn is backward.

Many friends here will regret to learn of the reported illness of Mrs. L. J. Birthright, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Neal Pittman, in Wilmington.

When the Seaboard train arrived from Wilmington yesterday evening a passenger sitting by a car window asked a small boy standing a few feet away if he didn't want a drink. The boy replied that he did and the fellow poured from a bottle a glass of whiskey and handed it to the child. That so-called man may think such a thing funny, but he's a 2 by 2.

A few mornings ago an old man, probably 65, went to the railroad station to take the train for some point in Bladen county. Several people present knew him and several did not. All were soon aware of the fact, however, that the old man had very litle mind. Everything and everybody seemed to worry him, and if anyone spoke to him they were promptly "cussed out" in the vilest language. Several ladies were present, but he was no respector of persons. There always has to be a bunch of fresh guys around on such occasions who really think it is smart to make themselves seem by their funny actions and brays. The crowd was unusually fresh on this occasion, some of them going so far as to follow the old man to the train holding on to his coat tail and doing all they could to make him swear and use vulgarity. They seemed to enjoy his indecent language, and each oath was greeted with applause. When people reach the point where they enjoy having fun at the expense of a crazy or weak-minded unfortunate they should take a trip in an airship. Readers of daily papers know where they would go.

Everybody in this section seemed delighted at the nomination of Governor Wilson as he feels like home folks to many who knew his father. Several years ago Rev. J. R. Wilson, father of the Governor, delivered an address here, having been secured through the efforts of Mr. J. A. McAllister. The Governor has one or more school mates here.

STEEL CARS SAVE LIVES

Illonis Central Passenger Train Is Wrecked Near Jackson, Miss.

Jackson, Miss., July 6.—Steel coaches probably saved the lives of more than a score of passengers when Illinois Central passenger train No. 3, southbound was wrecked two miles south of Jackson late this afternoon. A number of passengers were badly shaken up and bruised, but only five required more than medical attention.

The wreck was due to heavy rains in softening the roadbed.

The plunging engine stripped the rail from the road bed for 1,500 yards, one rail breaking through the floor of one well-filled coach projecting through the roof.

What Makes a Woman?

One hundred and twenty pounds, more or less, of bone and muscle don't make a woman. It's a good foundation. Put into it health and strength and she may rule a kingdom. But that's just what Electric Bitters gives her. Thousands bless them for overcoming fainting and dizzy spells and for dispelling weakness, nervousness, backache and tired, listless, worn out feeling. "Electric Bitters have done me a world of good," writes Eliza Pool, Depew, Okla., "and I thank you, with all my heart, for making such a good medicine." Only 50c. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

TEETHING CHILDREN

are a source of great anxiety to their parents. It is heartrending to them to see the little ones suffer. We wish every mother knew, as we know, of the wonderful efficacy of **OLD DR. BIGGER'S Huckleberry Cordial** in all cases of teething, when accompanied by colic, diarrhoea, dysentery or any kind of bowel trouble. A bottle would then be in every house for emergencies. Ask your druggist. Serial No. 2576. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sent for Confederate Veteran Souvenir Book free. Mfd. only by **Haltiwanger-Taylor Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.**

SALUDA, N. C.

The McAlpin House was opened for guests June 15th. Large shady place, exceptionally fine cooking; rates reasonable. Address Mrs. C. A. Stovall.
jy 7-su-6t.

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BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective May 26th, 1912. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ! 3:40 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:35 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:30 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:30 A. M.
No. 64, ! 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, ! 6:25 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford Through Pullman Parlor Car Service between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52, * 8:05 P. M.
N. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadourn, Conway (!), Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, 12:50 P. M.
No. 59, ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 7:00 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ! 8:30 A. M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., can 'phone 160.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Beach

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE
In Effect June 1st, 1912.

WEEK DAYS:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach
6:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M. 12:00 P. M. * 6:10 P. M.	6:05 A. M. 7:15 A. M. and every half hour until 11:45 P. M.

* Business Men's Express daily except Saturday and Sunday stops only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
6:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	8:15 P. M.

Freight depot open daily except Sunday from 8:00 A. M. until 3:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
7:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
8:30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:00 P. M. 12:00 P. M.	7:45 A. M. 9:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until 11:45 P. M.

FREIGHT:

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
11:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.

Freight depot open Sundays from 10:00 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.
Express trains stop only at Wrightsville and stations on the Beach.

TELEPHONE 667
for information about train movements and all matters connected with transportation department.

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SEABOARD Air Line Railway SCHEDULE

EFFECTIVE APRIL 9th, 1912.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON, N. C.
No. 45—5 A. M. arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 66, at 9:05 A. M. with through train for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and points North. At Monroe with train 53 for Atlanta and points South. Daily sleeper for Charlotte. Open for occupancy at 10 P. M.
No. 39—3:25 P. M.; arrive Hamlet 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and all points north. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte, and sleeper between Wilmington and Atlanta daily. Through to Birmingham Sundays and Wednesdays.
TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON, N. C.
No. 40—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.
No. 44—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.
For further information, telephone or apply to the undersigned.
CLAUDE MURRAY, Union Ticket Agt. 'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va. mh19-tf

Clyde Steamship Company to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Carib," Fri., June 28th, 1912
Steamship "Navahoe," Fri., July 5th, 1912
Wilmington to New York
Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., June 29th, 1912
Steamship "Carib," Sat., July 6th, 1912
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., June 24th, 1912
Steamship "Carib," Mon., July 1st, 1912
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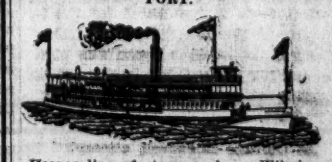

Harper line of steamers leave Wilmington daily except Sunday, for Southport, 9 A. M.; for Carolina Beach, 9 A. M. and 2:45 P. M. Returning, leave Southport, 11:45 A. M.; Carolina Beach, 12:45 and 6 P. M.
SUNDAY SCHEDULE.
Leave for Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.; Carolina Beach, 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. Returning, leave Carolina Beach, 12:45, 6 and 8:30 P. M.
Positively no dogs allowed at Carolina Beach.
Fare to Southport, Sunday, 50 cents round trip. Carolina Beach, daily, 25 cents round trip.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western
Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.
Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.
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C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payments for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, July 7, 1912.

When a man enters public life keep a record of what he says and does. It may surprise you some day.

Jim Flynn seems to have qualified himself as a butter in his fight with Jack Johnson. Nevertheless, his goat was easy to get.

It will mean more to the Democrats to carry New York and Ohio than to carry Nebraska.—Greensboro News (Ind).

Jim Flynn simply did not belong to the class he thought he was in. He is not the only man whose opinion of himself is entirely misplaced.

The Democratic nominee for President was born at Staunton, Va. Already Staunton is beginning to act like it is on the map.

The Washington Post states that the Hon. Ormsby McHarg has deserted the Roosevelt party. Did he ever belong to it? Was not his connection with it more in the nature of an attorney than as an advocate?

Roosevelt heard the voice of the people, but he was mictaken in considering it anywise personal. He can now observe that the voice of the people was raised over Woodrow Wilson.

Woodrow Wilson is proving himself to be a man by his magnanimity to those who have fought him in the past. He is extending a cordial greeting to all old political foes who want to bury the hatchet. It takes the small man to be unforgiving and vindictive.

There are now 800,000 women voters to take hand in the Presidential election. A Presidential candidate who would avoid paying a tribute to woman in this campaign would be as thoughtless as the Republican candidate who would neglect to talk about his great interest in the farmers—every election year.

Says the Durham Herald (Ind.): "It begins to look as if the Republican party will also have to depend on the interests for its votes this Fall." Nobody else but the interests owes the Republican party a thing, but we have often wondered how it was that many voters have always voted for the interest of the interests. The oddest thing in the world is a man who wants to tax himself and his family for the benefit of some other man and his family.

At Chicago Roosevelt attempted to commit the Republican party to progressivity, but it stood pat and forced him to the alternative of organizing a third party. On the other hand, the Democratic party at Baltimore adopted a truly progressive platform which represents the spirit and purposes of the American people. Roosevelt claims that his little faction is the progressive party. The people know that the whole Democratic party is the only one from which they can hope to secure relief. They will never follow the third termer and anti-trust law suppressor.

Teddy is now reading Woodrow Wilson's books, writings and speeches, with the hope of finding something with which to confront him. Certainly he will not find anything to affect the Democratic nominee's character or integrity. However, Roosevelt has written a few books, said a great many things, and done a great many things that will make him look like 30 cents. In one of his books he boasted of killing the last noble elk in his county and in another he exploited himself for shooting a little Spaniard in the back. "People who live in glass houses should not throw stones."

PANDERING TO A FIASCO.

Colonel Teddy is not different from all other politicians who appreciate the power of the farmers' vote. The fact is the farmers are numerous and their votes count. However, Roosevelt and all other demagogues make a great mistake when they think the average farmer can be caught by spreading a puddle of molasses on the platform.

The farmers are not so easily fooled by politicians as might be supposed. They can see through a knot hole as easily as the rest of them, and to corral our agricultural friends in a bunch by throwing out a little sop is about as impossible as corralling the votes of any other large class of voters Like intelligent men generally, the farmers differ in their opinions, but they can be depended on to vote their honest convictions as truly as any other class of voters in this country.

Teddy has concluded that the farmer vote looks good to him and might help him out some, but when farmers see George W. Perkins and others of the Harvester Trust and the Steel Trust behind the Rough Rider, they will be pretty apt to suspect that the Colonel ought to hide his friends before he can hope to catch them in his trap.

Just as soon as a candidate gets to appealing to voters as a class, he can be counted in with the demagogues, and one will not miss it far when a count like that is taken. In his bid for the farmer vote, the Rough Rider also throws out his hook for the working man. That is another large voting class which knows how to take care of itself. However, Roosevelt has thrown out a dragnet to catch all sorts of voters, his latest effort being to cinch the vote of Big Business. In that particular he goes it strong, for in a statement given out at Oyster Bay on Friday, the Colonel says:

"The platforms of both the Republican and the Democratic parties call for rigid enforcement of the anti-trust law. They are wrong." He adds that in his campaign he will attack both parties on that score. Well, it isn't that about the most ridiculous position that a progressive could take? However, we have known all along that the Colonel was opposed to meddling with the trusts, for we well remember that he outlined his ideas about that in his speech at Osawatomi, Kansas, two years ago, when he went there to eulogize old John Brown.

It will be recalled that he said very little about Brown, but he took occasion to spring his "new nationalism" as he called it. He declared in that speech that "the great business enterprises of the country have come to stay and should be controlled by means of close supervision by the National government." "To attempt to abolish them," he said as late as day before yesterday, "is futile."

He does not seem to know what all this fight is about, and The Star's prediction is that just as soon as such sentiments as the above become known to progressive Republicans, they will desert his camp in rapid order. He does not represent progressive Republicans and they will find it out. He certainly does not represent those progressive Republican Senators who have been voting with the Democrats because they cannot get relief for the masses through their own party.

Of course, great business enterprises are here to stay, but they are those enterprises which will not violate the laws for the protection of the people. The masses want the trusts and monopolies put out of business—not legitimate business enterprises, it matters not how big they are.

To take the position, however, that both parties are wrong when they promise rigid enforcement of the anti-trust law, is a clear bid for the backing of the trusts. It is just like Roosevelt to say that the enforcement of a plain law is wrong. Any party which would fail to enforce the laws of the country would not be entitled to the respect much less the support and confidence of the people.

The support of this man by George W. Perkins and other trust magnates is now explained. They know his opposition to the enforcement of anti-trust laws and that is the reason he gets their money for campaign purposes. However, he need not expect to fool the farmers and the working men by appealing to them while those most interested in his success are the Perkinses, McCormicks and others who head or are intertested in the great trusts of this country.

Watch the progressives repudiate Roosevelt and make his movement the biggest political fiasco ever seen in this country.

DESERTING THE THIRD TERMER.

The country is going to witness a rapid and tremendous revulsion aganst Roosevelt and his third term movement. It already has begun, and it will go like wild fire since he has declared that both the Republican and the Democratic parties are wrong in pledging themselves to suppress the trusts and criminal commercial combinations of this country.

The third termer is going to find himself without even a respectable following. Even now not a one of the seven Governors who "called" him can be counted on to support him. Four of them have declared they will not follow him and his third party, but that they will stick to the Republican party. Those Governors who have so declared are Hadley, of Missouri; Stubbs, of Kansas; Aldrich, of Nebraska, and Glasscock, of West Virginia. Two more of those Governors, Carey, of Wyoming, and Bass of New Hampshire, are playing shut mouth, and it is believed that they will support Taft. The seventh of them, Governor Osborn, of Michigan, the only true progressive in the bunch, has repudiated the third termer and has declared for Woodrow Wilson. Governor Osborn, in his announcement, says:

"The issue is clearly drawn for the people. All is Wall Street vs. Wilson. It is even more than that. All the evil forces in America will finally line up with Wall Street and Taft. * * * Republicans can vote for Wilson without leaving their party or bolting. * * * Wilson is not owned by anybody. He will lead the people against the financial overlords in orderly but earnest fashion."

Besides the Governors who have deserted to Taft, other prominent Progressives who supported Roosevelt at Chicago have announced in plain terms that they will not join the third party. These include Senator Borah, Governor Deneen, Senator Philip S. Stewart, Senator Walter F. Brown, Senator Miles Poindexter, and W. L. Ward. This is only the beginning of what is going to happen to Roosevelt's personal party. Republican progressives and independents are jumping the game by ones and twos and bunches and many are lining up for Wilson. The Minnesota Progressive League has announced that it will fight for the election of Wilson. Here is the declaration of the league: "Woodrow Wilson represents our idea of progressivism. There is no reason for us to join the third party movement. We will work for Wilson in the State."

This is just what The Star expected if Wilson were nominated at Baltimore. Our candidate is going to sweep the progressive and independent vote of the entire country.

PROGRESSIVE COTTON GROWERS

The South's cotton growers are not only going to improve the staple of their cotton, but there is a movement on foot to introduce better methods for handling and marketing the crop. Better baling, better housing, and better care is to be a part of the plan. This ought have been done long ago, but it is not too late, for the world is astonished that we should continue to handle such a great and valuable money crop in the shipshod way that we have become addicted to.

The raggedest cotton going to the European markets is that which is exported from the South, while the contrast with that received from Egypt and India is not at all creditable to us. We need better grading and better baling especially, for there is so much dissatisfaction abroad with our methods that Europe would not take our cotton if it could get its supply elsewhere. However, our cotton is a world necessity, and the mills of the world are compelled to take it. We ought to pay closer attention to our billion-dollar crop, even if we do so to prevent waste alone.

The Department of Agriculture at Washington is anxious to co-operate with cotton planters in a movement in this direction, and the Washington Post of Friday says the planters of the South are anxious to join in the purpose of the Department. Messrs. Charles J. Brand and W. A. Sherman, of the Department, have just returned from the South and Southwest and so report to Secretary Wilson.

Mr. Brand says "the great weakness of the cotton-growing interests is the lack of organization." It is hoped, however, to overcome that difficulty by organizations which will grow one variety of cotton and put up uniform bales. Althought California is a new cotton-growing State, one such organization has been formed in the "Imeprial Valley" where a fine long-staple cotton is being produced.

There is great room for improvement. We can do better if we try, and certainly we ought to try mighty hard.

Now play ball again.

CURRENT COMMENT.

We infer from the Charlotte Observer that our friend Varner, the Underwood leader in this State, made an early grab for the band wagon and landed easily, which goes to show you cannot lose Varner.—Greensboro Record.

The cheers that greeted the North Carolina delegation in Baltimore as Governor Glenn announced "Twenty-four votes for Woodrow Wilson" were something good to hear. And that vote reflected the sentiment of the Democracy of North Carolina.—Raleigh News and Observer.

After a week of travel and heart-searching consideration the delegates in the National Democratic convention at Baltimore have done the best possible thing. They have selected as their candidate for the Presidency the man who seemed most nearly to combine in his person all the elements necessary best to meet present political and economic conditions in our great country. He will be backed by a united Democracy against a discordant and divided opposition.—Philadelphia Record (Dem.)

The victory of the radical element at Baltimore will be a killing frost to the hopes of the projectors of a new third party. There is not room enough for two radical candidates in the field. There will be no defection of Bryan Democrats from Wilson, and as the candidate of a third party Col. Roosevelt would be limited to the role of a mere faction leader trying to break down the Republican organization in some States, whlie hoping to seize and use it in others. That would be too unimportant a part for a statesman with Col. Roosevelt's record of achievement. The nomination of Gov. Wilson points, therefore, to a resumption of normal party activities and to a contest all along the line between Mr. Taft as a progressive Republican and Gov. Wilson as a more or less radical Democrat.—New York Tribune (Rep).

"It would be idle for the Courier-Journal to deny that it is disappointed by the result obtained at Baltimore and hypocrisy to affect anything other than regret and distrust. Perhaps here, as in other dilemmas, the least said the soonest mended. Of the nominee we have nothing to add to or subtract from what has already appeared in these columns. If the issues were purely personal the matter were easily disposed of, but there are considerations far beyond either like or dislike of individual candidates. In a contest between three tickets headed respectively by Taft, Roosevelt and the Devil, the Courier-Journal, being a daily newspaper and unable to take to the woods, would perforce be obliged to support his satanic majesty. The way the result has been reached puts in doubt an outlook which a week ago was straight ahead and as sure for Democrats as any future event, could be. The play of the Roosevelt progressives will now be to carry States enough to throw the election in the House. This is a menace and may prove a handicap. However, let all Democrats pray for the best and hope that with the subsidence of passion things may not be so bad as they seem to those who would have shaped them otherwise. The Courier-Journal approves, at least, the platform and will support the ticket."—Watterson in Louisville Courier-Journal (Dem).

WHITE DOMESTIC NURSES

A new line of honorable service for women is needed in this city.

When the homekeeper—perhaps the only woman in the family—is laid-by, a day or more of rest and call, means cure, or the prevention of serious illness.

A "trained nurse" is way beyond the reach of the average patient. The compensation she requires, exceeds the family income.

The value of the white domestic nurse is well-known in some communities. She is independent of all societies and unions. Makes her own contracts and receives her pay.

Her qualifications are a good moral character, common sense and interest in the sick room, with prompt, neat and quiet habits. Of course, she does not diff snuff, nor chew gum.

She prepares simple nourishment for the patient and will condescend to keep a fire, or answer a door or telephone bell.

Though varied, her duties are neither menial nor burdensome. Her usual remuneration is $1 per day, meals and car fare. If she desires more knowledge of a certain point, a physician or medical worker can give it.

With frequent changes in engagements, she has chances to recuperate.

To secure employment, a newspaper advertisement is the first step. Satisfactory service will soon make advertising unnecessary.

Are there not white women in Wilmington ready to prepare themselves for this occupation? Some of our homes will surely need them. C.

New York, July 6.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week (five days) shows that the banks hold $1,328,500 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $19,746,250 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

"Home Folks."

Where age forgets its own youth. Big Biograph film at the Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

"Tanhauser's" Overture

By the Lumina orchestra tonight.

Hicks' Capudine Stops Headaches

Some derangement causes every headache. **Capudine** removes the cause—whether from heat, cold, stomach, or over-tense nerves.

Capudine acts quickly, is a liquid — pleasant to take. It is good for colds and gripp also. *Try it.*

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

July White Goods Sale!

The Greatest Variety, the Choicest, Coolest White Materials, Now on Display, and quantities of daintily made White Muslin Underwear, at Money-Saving Prices.

Underwear for Men; cool, regular hot weather comfortables. Hosiery in Big Assortment, and prices mean bargains.

White Hats in Linen, Crash, Duck, Ratine, Canvas and Felt; many styles and prices range from 50c. up, and each price is a bargain.

White Skirts, in Corduroy, Striped Pique, White Linene and Brown Linen; also nice line wool Skirts, in Panama, Serge, Whip Cord and many other New Goods.

All TRIMMED HATS on Sale at Big REDUCTION.

Parasols, Black and Colors, at almost 1-3 off, and the season is very young yet.

SPECIAL ON SALE MONDAY, and ALL THE WEEK!

A great assortment of Enamel Ware, at 25c
Porch Screens, medium size, at $1.25; Large Size at $1.75
Hammocks, a great variety ..... 98c to $5.00

Porch Rugs, small and large size, Matting and Matting Rugs, and anything our customers desire that we haven't got we will take pleasure in ordering it.

We are here at your command.

Silk Hose, Black and White, 25c, 50c., $1.00, and $1.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co. THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

Ice Water Bottles. Take Water with you Fishing, and keep it Cool!

FOUR NEW OSTEOPATHS.

State Board Grants This Number of Licenses Out of Nine.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 6.—The Osteopathic State Board of Examiners announces the licensing of four out of nine applicants examined a few days ago here. The new osteopaths are Frank M. Thomas, Salisbury; Lunsford Abnott, Kinston; D. C. McClenny, Roanoke, Va., and Albert J. Little, Charlotte.

HEAT OFTEN TENDS TO MAKE WOMEN PALE AND WEAK

They Neglect Their Bowels And the Poisons Vitiate The Blood

Hot weather has a very weakening effect on women. They become too languid to exercise and have appetite for light, tasty foods, like salads and other cold concoctions, which do not digest readily and tend to increase their natural tendency to constipation.

At this season women, especially, need all their strength to resist the enervating effect of the heat. Good digestion and regularity of the bowels are essential. Some fruits have laxative properties, but they are uncertain in their effect, and are not generally advised. A mild bowel stimulant and digestant, such as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is preferable because it is certain in its effect, natural in its action, and wholly safe. Take a dose of Syrup Pepsin at night and by morning the sick headache and indigestion will be gone.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold in drug stores everywhere, and costs fifty cents a bottle; a large size, intended for family use, costs one dollar. If you have never used Syrup Pepsin and would like a free trial bottle, postpaid, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 406 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of John Q. Myers, deceased, this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same to me for payment on or before the 8th day of July, 1913, or this notice may be plead in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. CLARENCE L. MYERS, Administrator.

jy7-1awlw

Shirt and Collar Sale

We are closing out our entire stock of Lion Brand $1.00 Shirts

For 50 Cents

All Lion Brand Collars 10c—Cash Sale.

A. D. BROWN

BASE BALL GOODS FISHING TACKLE

Fruit Jars!

The season for Fruit Jars is most here and the outlook is good for a large Fruit Crop, so place your orders NOW, so you will be prepared to furnish your trade as soon as they begin to call for these goods. We have a large stock of Fruit Jars, all sizes, Jar Rubbers in black, white and red, and Jar Caps.

We can fill your wants in this line same day order is received. A pleasure to quote you prices on these goods.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

FISHING TACKLE BASE BALL GOODS

Procrastination Is The Thief of Time

The man who has HEARD about my Sale and says to himself: I THINK I'll drop down to Shrier's and take a LOOK is going to fool himself, if he keeps on THINKING.

IT IS TIME TO ACT!

This remarkable offer will not stand the strain of popularity much longer.

The fabrics are going fast. The Domestic Cloths at $13.50 are naturally going fast, but the Imported Fabrics at $19.00 are a close second.

THIS IS TOO GOOD A CHANCE TO LOSE.

Suits at $13.50, first class in every way; firm, fine quality Woolens are not to be had Every Day.

COME ON IN AND GET MEASURED.

Special Sale Prices, Strictly Cash.

J. Shrier

N. E. COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

Statement condition

HOME SAVINGS BANK

of Wilmington, at close of business June 14th, 1912.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$125,888.78	Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,660.39	Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	1,648.92
All real estate owned	12,000.00		
Demand loans	6,584.59		
Due from Banks and Bankers	8,630.21	Time Certificates of Deposit	23,945.88
Gold coin	150.00		
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency	227.71	Savings Deposits	79,709.60
National bank notes and other U. S. notes	786.00	Cashier's Checks outstanding	83.19
Total	$155,387.59	Total	$155,387.59

J. W. YATES .....President J. W. LITTLE ....Vice-President
J. F. ROACHE .....Cashier

Began business December 1st, 1911.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

We beg to announce that we have a large stock of BEST GRADE BUILDING BRICK on hand, and can make prompt deliveries.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

'PHONE 154.

SPECIAL SESSION OF COUNCIL

Committee Named to Confer With the Committee from County Commissioners With Regard to Incinerator—Franchise

In special session for a short time yesterday morning the City Council named a committee of three to confer with a like committee from the Board of County Commissioners with reference to purchasing an incinerator for the destruction of trash of the city and carrion of both the city and county, this action being taken in accordance with a suggestion at a joint meeting of the two bodies a few days ago. It appears to be settled that both bodies recognize the need of such a plant and the County Board of Health has ordered that no carrion be buried after October 1st, so it would seem that the main question to be decided is the pro rata share of the city and county.

Upon motion of Councilman P. Q. Moore members of the committee to represent the Council were named as follows: Mayor Joseph D. Smith, Councilmen B. C. Moore and Tiencken. It is expected that they will take up at once the question with the County Commissioners so that action may be had at an early date. The point was made at the meeting yesterday, in discussing why the county should share in the expense of an incinerator, that the order of the County Board of Health applies to the county as well as the city and, further, that most of the horses that die in the city are brought in from the county for treatment.

Councilman B. C. Moore said that Mrs. Gregg had complained of the width of the granolithic sidewalk on the north side of Princess, from its intersection with Fourth and running down to the City Hall property. The sidewalk, after conference between the city engineer and himself, was made 12 feet instead of the usual eight feet which prevails in the residence section. Both sides of the street, from Fourth down town, were to be made 12 feet wide. While no action was taken it was evident that Council sustained Councilman Moore.

The Atlantic Realty Co., in which Mr. Geo. H. Hutaff, a well-known citizen, is largely interested, was granted a franchise, subject to the approval of the city attorney, to build a tramway and lay a track of rail from Greens Mill Creek to the Newbern branch of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, which would be connected just in the rear of the Wynnewood box factory, and at the end of the new macadam road built by the A. C. L. The track is to be laid through property owned by Mr. Hutaff and associates. Mr. Hutaff explained that his reason for wanting the track is that a number of manufacturing enterprises are likely to be started in that end of the city in the near future.

Council then adjourned, having been in session less than half an hour.

"JIST NATURALLY ONLUCKY"

John Willie, Colored, Given Enforced Vacation on County Roads

Six months on the county roads was the sentence meted out yesterday in the Recorder's court to John Willie, colored, for "totin" a concealed weapon in the form of a big shiny revolver in his rear pocket. John, who from the habitual expression of pained repose that dwells on his ebony countenance might be called the original "Weary" Willie, confided to a bystander in the court room yesterday that he was "Jist naturally onlucky." He put his gun in his pocket and went out for an evening stroll, meaning no harm to any one. Fate, in the form of a burly blue-clad policeman, overtook him and he found himself taking a free ride to the police station, charged with vagrancy. When searched the revolver was found and in court yesterday this charge was given preference. Judgment was suspended on the vagrancy charge.

Thos. J. Moore, colored, was found guilty of an assault on a female, his better half. The case was not of an aggravated nature and Thomas was let off on pyment of costs. One seedy remnant of a belated Fourth of July spree was taxed $5 and costs.

COMPILING IMPORTANT DATA

Master of Survey Boat Is Spending Some Time In Wilmington

Capt. H. S. Graves, who arrived here a few days, as stated in The Star at the time in a government survey boat commanded by him, has visited the Chamber of Commerce several times and is compiling data for a new United Coast Pilot Book from Cape Henry to Key West. Capt. Graves will tell of the commercial importance of Wilmington in the official publication and will also give in detail the various depths of water in the river and speak of the work accomplished by the local United States engineer office. His yacht will remain in port for several days yet. Yesterday Capt. Graves was in conference with Capt. Edgar Williams, harbor master and one of the best known men on the river.

Will Teach Special Pupils

Mr. Israel H. Noe, 511 Queen street, has decided during the Summer months to teach a number of special pupils in either grammar or high school subjects. The school opens Monday morning and he would be glad to confer with any one interested either personally or by telephone to No. 1830.

Mail Carriers Will Fly.

This is an age of great discoveries. Progress rides on the air. Soon we may see Uncle Sam's mail carriers flying in all directions, transporting mail. People take a wonderful interest in a discovery that benefits them. That's why Dr. King's New Discovery for coughs, colds and other throat and lung diseases is the most popular medicine in America. "It cured me of a dreadful cough," writes Mrs. J. F. Davis, Stickney Corner, Me., "after doctor's treatment and all other remedies had failed." For coughs, colds or any bronchial affection it's unequaled. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at R. R. Bellamy.

BUILDING PAST SIX MONTHS

Permits Issued During First Half of Present Year Call for An Expenditure of About $600,000 —Increase Over 1911

Building operations in Wilmington for the first six months of 1912, from January 1st to July 1st, according to the records of the building inspector, Chief Chas. Schnibben, of the Fire De-Department, represent an expenditure of approximately $600,000. The actual records show 193 permits issued, calling for an expenditure of $516,180, but this represents only the actual building contract figures, and does not include the sub-contracts of the larger buildings.

The above figures show an increase of about $100,000 over the building operations for the same period in 1912 and furnish an accurate indication of the rapid growth and expansion of Wilmington, both as a residential city and as the chief port and commercial center of North Carolina.

No better evidence of the remarkable expansion and development along all lines in the city of Wilmington during the past few years can be found than the rising realty values and the tremendous amount of building being done. Nor is it only a temporary boom, either, for already buildings have been planned that will bring the total for the next six months up to, if not beyond the record, of the earlier half of the year.

The records of Building Inspector Schnibben show the amounts of building for which permits were issued for each of the first six months of the year, as follows: January, $18,800; February, $22,725; March, $24,925; April, $74.230; May, $343,475; June, $22,125.

It will be noted that the month of May is the banner one from the building standpoint. During this month the permit for the new Atlantic Coast Line passenger station and office building was issued, the contract figure as shown in the permit being $280,000. However, this is only for the actual erection of the building and it has been estimated by the officials of the Coast Line that when completed the building will represent a total expenditure of $325,000. While this permit represents the largest amount for any one building, there are a number of other business houses and similar buildings in course of construction which when completed will show a proportionate increase over the figures shown on the permit, and the total will run easily to $600,000.

One remarkable thing in connection with the facts shown by the building figures is the amount of general building going on. Out of the 193 permits issued since the first of the year only six are for over $10,000. The total for these six buildings is $369,500, leaving a total of 187 permits calling for an expenditure of over $231,000. These latter buildings represent, for the most part, amounts from $500 up to $8,000 and $9,000, including residences, stores, stables, warehouses, etc., inuicating that the prosperity reflected in the building is not confined strictly to the larger financial interests of the city, but is well distributed through all channels of the city's commercial and social life.

The buildings for which permits for $10,000 or over have been issued since the first of the year, are as follows: Addition to Orton Hotel, permit issued in April, amount $10,000; Bear Memorial Public School building, on Market, between 12th and 13th streets, permit issued in April, amount $16,000; Sol Bear & Co., Winery, at Front and Marsteller streets, permit issued in April, $30,500; C. D. Maffitt, store and office building, northeast corner of Water and Princess streets, permit issued in May, amount $15,000; J. S. Williams building, on Front street, between Chesnut and Grace, to be occupied by the J. W. Fleet Company, permit issued in May, amount $18,000; Atlantic Coast Line, depot and office building, northeast corner of Front and Red Cross streets, permit issued in May, amount $280,000.

ADD BUILDING. ... ...

Prospects for the building for the next six months are that the present activity will be continued. Among the more prominent of the new buildings planned are the new $200,000 commercial hotel, work upon which will be started in the near future; the new Y. M. C. A. building, which will cost in the neighborhood of $80,000; a new double store building to be erected by the Bear brothers on North Front street, to cost in the neighborhood of $20,000; a six-story apartment house to be erected by Dr. J. W. Powell and associates at Third and Walnut streets, which will probably cost in the neighborhood of $50,000 or more. If present plans are carried out all of these buildings will be begun during the next six months.

Of interest in connection with the building operations is the record of the fire loss for the first six months of the year, as announced yesterday by Chief Chas. Schnibben, of the fire department. The records show a total loss on buildings and contents of only $13,375.16, the greater part of which was fully covered by insurance. By months the fire loss is as follows: January, 12 alarms, building loss $238.50, loss on contents, $132.50; February, 19 alarms, building loss $808.63; loss on contents, $605.53; March, 14 alarms, building loss $800; loss on contents, $655.50; April, eight alarms, building loss $33.50; no loss on contents; May, nine alarms, building loss, about $8,000, of which $7,605.25 was on stock and building of the Acme Tea Chest Co., across the river; June, nine alarms, loss on buildings and contents, about $2,000.

The foregoing is a most enviable record and few cities the size of Wilmington in the United States can boast of a better showing.

A glance at the records of building permits for 1911 shows that from May 8th, at which time Inspector Schnibben took charge of the books, to Jan. 1st, 1912, 187 permits were issued, and the estimated cost of the buildings is $391,800. However, the building operations during the first part of 1911 were heavier than during the latter half of the year.

"Pennsylvania State Police."

Great film of organized police in the Keystone State. At the Grand Theatre tomorrow. **

SONS OF JOVE REJUVENATE

Annual Meeting or Order of Electrical Fraternity Held Yesterday at Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach

Opening with an interesting car ride over the city and an inspection of the power plant of the Tidewater Power Company in the morning, and concluding with the initiatory exercises and a clam bake at the Oceanic Hotel, at Wrightsville Beach, last night, the annual rejuvenation of the Sons of Jove, the order of the electrical fraternity, was held yesterday, proving a most enjoyable event to the members in attendance.

Preceding the rejuvenation a souvenir dance was given Friday night at Lumina by the Tidewater Power Company in honor of the electrical men at the beach to attend the annual meeting of the order. A feature of the dance was the novel electrical displays. Attractive souvenirs of flags and pennants of Wrightsville Beach were presented to the ladies in the grand march.

The Oceanic Hotel was headquarters for the rejuvenation and last evening the 12 candidates for admittance to the mystic circles of the order were dressed in black robes and marched to the dining room, where they enjoyed (?) their supper. They were then arrayed in bathing suits and accompanied by guards costumed in red cloaks with horned hoods were marched through The Oceanic, then to the Seashore Hotel and to the Carolina Yacht Club, following which they were escorted back to the assembly hall of the Oceanic Hotel, where they were put through the ordeals required in order to become a Jovian.

After the initiatory exercises were over the clam bake, served by the Oceanic Hotel, was thoroughly enjoyed. During the course of the feast a number of speeches were made. Mr. Chas. N. Evans, president of the Southern National Bank, of this city, spoke on "Co-operation Between the Electrical Man and the Banker;" Mr. Julian Binford, Jr., of Richmond, on "Jovianism;" and Mr. D. H. Braymer, of the "Southern Electrician," on "The Electrical Industry of the South." Impromptu speeches were made by Mr. John Underwood, mayor of Fayetteville, an enthusiastic Jovian; Mr. William Green, a newly-admitted member; Mr. A. Brill, of Augusta, Ga., and Mr. R. H. Westbrook, of Greensboro.

The Jovians in attendance on the rejuvenation were: J. C. Dibrell, Raleigh; R. H. Bouligny, Charlotte; Thos. Fuller, Charlotte; L. T. Wible, Atlanta; W. G. Goldback, Norfolk; J. H. Crenshaw, Jr., Richmond; W. M. Gallant, Charlotte; J. H. Klinck, Charlotte; G. T. Marchmont, Richmond; T. V. Neifon, Birmingham; H. S. Charles, Washington, N. C.; W. T. Jones, Fayetteville; W. B. Fincher, Charlotte; E. C. Heeb, Philadelphia; T. W. Denison, Atlanta; A. S. Lyons, Rocky Mount; A. H. Ball, Raleigh; N. L. Walker, Raleigh; L. L. Ledwell, Charlotte; Julian Binford, Jr., Richmond; J. O. Brock, Wilmington; D. J. Thompson, Raleigh; R. H. Westbrook, Cleveland, Ohio; O. W. Holmes, Fayettevine; A. Brill, Augusta, Ga.

The candidates admitted last night were W. C. Willoughby and D. B. Smith, of Rocky Mount; M. S. Moore, Williamston; A. Thompson, Raleigh; W. A. Brewer, Baltimore; J. J. Tolson, Newbern; W. H. Green, Philadelphia; J. S. Hammacker, C. W. Thompson, Fayetteville; J. W. Blake, Wilmington; J. S. Goldback, Norfolk; H. P. Moran, Raleigh.

The Jovians expressed themselves as pleased with Wrightsville Beach and delighetd with the hospitality of the people of Wilmington and the beach. They were unanimous in the declaration that they will look forward to another rejuvenation at Wrightsville Beach with much pleasure.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Records of Transactions as Filed at the Court House.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Suburban Land Company to R. W. Best, for $10 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, on Tidewater Power Company's right-of-way, containing five and fourtenths acres; E. K. Bryan, commissioner, to Jonas Blocker, for $1 and other considerations, lot on southeast corner of Sixth and Taylor streets, 70x150 feet in size; Albert Solomon and wife to Alva L. Mincey and wife, for $10 and other considerations, lot on Wright, 33 feet east of Fourth street, 33x66 feet in size; Godfrey Hart and wife to Chas. Wessell and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on northwest corner of Second and Harnett streets, 66x99 feet in size; H. W. Konig and wife to C. D. Weeks and wife, for $10 and other considerations, lot on Eighth, 90 feet south of Taylor street, 60x150 feet in size; Geo. O. Gaylord to R. H. Newkirk, for $100 and other considerations lots 1 and 2 in West Wrightsville.

FIFTH STREET M. E. CHURCH.

Independence Day Services Will be Held at the Church Today.

At Fifth Street Methodist church this morning at 11 o'clock the pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams, will preach on "What Constitutes True Patriotism." The Sunday School children will have part in this service. At 8 P. M., W. P. Stacy and J. A. McNorton, Esqs., will make brief addresses appropriate to the occasion. Members of the Boys' Brigade are expected to attend this service in a body. The church is handsomely decorated in National colors. Patriotic hymns will be used. The public is cordially invited.

Athletics Defeated Giants

In a game of baseball at League Park yesterday afternoon the Athletics defeated the Giants by a score of 14 to 4. Although one-sided the game was rather interesting, and the boys of both teams showed good form. The features of the game were the batting of Fillyaw and Hall, the first having gotten three hits out of four times at bat, and the last named having secured two hits out of three times at bat. Taylor, pitching for the Athletics, struck out nine men and was never in danger of defeat throughout the game. The batteries: Giants, Gore and Moore; Athletics, Taylor and Casnwell.

PYTHIAN RECEPTION TUESDAY

Clarendon Lodge Will be Host to Other Lodges in Honor of Col. Walker Taylor, the Newly Elected Grand Chancellor.

In honor of Col. Walker Taylor, Grand Chancellor of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, Domain of North Carolina, Clarendon Lodge, K. of P., of this city, will give a reception Tuesday night in the Pythian Hall over the Murchison National Bank to the other Pythian lodges of the city and district and the event promises to be a thoroughly delightful one.

Clarendon Lodge takes this manner of feliciting one of its members upon whom the highest honor of the Grand Lodge has been bestowed and those in charge of the arrangements will spare no effort to make the occasion a memorable one in Pythian circles.

The members of Stonewall, Jefferson and Delgado lodges are invited to be present without any formal notice whatever, and all visiting Pythians, or non-resident members of the order who may be in the city Tuesday night will be accorded a most hearty welcome.

Mr. Irving Tucker, of Whiteville, district deputy of this district, will be present and act as master of ceremonies. Mr. G. Herbert Smith, of the board of trustees of the Pythian Home, will be present and deliver a speech as will also a number of other prominent Pythians from the eastern section of the State.

There will be addresses and other features of entertainment and refreshments, liquid and otherwise, will be served. One well-known local Pythian stated last night that the affair would partake of an all-round jollification and general evening of good fellowship and good cheer.

Col. Walker Taylor, the newly elected Grand Chacellor of the Grand Lodge, has been a prominent Pythian for years, and is one of the best known members of the order in the State.

The menu as announced last night will be as follows:

Sandwiches
Pimento, Mayonnaise
Pluto, Swine Ham
Edam Cheese
Clarendon Punch
(conforming to pure food law, as well as the prohighexebition.)
Cigars
Music, Prof. Smith Orchestra.

FIRE AT KELLY.

Mr. E. L. Henry's Residence Destroyed Friday Morning.

Mr. E. L. Henry, a prosperous farmer and merchant of Kelly, Bladen county, was in the city yesterday and brought news of the destruction of his residence by fire at 9 o'clock Friday morning. The house was a two-story structure, valued at $1,500, and the loss is all the more severe because Mr. Henry did not carry a dollar of insurance.

The blaze originated from the thoughtless act of Mr. Henry's little daughter, who was sent to start a fire in a stove. She used paper to kindle the fire and the draft carried the blazing material up the flue, from which it fell upon the roof. When the fire was discovered the roof was falling in and nothing could be done but save the family effects and household furniture.

The ringing of the farm bell brought several neighbors and they assisted Mr. Henry in saving everything but four bedsteads and other articles of small value. The barn, towards which the wind was blowing, caught fire several times, but Mr. Henry and his neighbors managed to save it. They also managed to save the storehouse, 60 feet from the burning dwelling, but while it was in danger, the stock of goods had been removed to a safe distance.

Mr. Henry will rebuild at once, and in the meantime part of his family of ten is being kindly entertained by the neighbors, while the barn has been made comfortable for the use of the boys.

FUNERAL OF MR. HANNA

Held Yesterday Afternoon From Lodge At Oakdale Cemetery

The funeral of Mr. W. S. Hanna, of this city, who died in Asheville Thursday night, was held yesterday afternoon at the lodge in Oakdale cemetery. The remains reached the city at 2 o'clock and were immediately borne to the lodge, accompanied by a large number of sorrowing friends. Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church conducted the services.

The grave was almost covered with the profusion of handsome floral designs sent by sorrowing friends both here and elsewhere. The pallbearers were Messrs. W. J. MacRae, Raymond Humphries, H. deW. Rapalje, Dr. R. B. Slocumb, Dr. Jos. Akerman.

Mr. Hanna's father, from Lykens, Pa., was here to attend the funeral; also Miss Young, an aunt from Pennsylvania.

SAVED BOY'S LIFE.

Mr. C. C. Davis Rescued Master Lee Burlingame From Drowning.

Master Lee Burlingame, aged about 15, who is spending a few days at Carolina Beach with his sister, Mrs. I. J. Adams, had a narrow escape from drowning while surf bathing yesterday afternoon, but was saved by Mr. C. C. Davis, who heroically went to his rescue.

The boy was swept out by the outgoing tide and after making several ineffectual attempts to beat his way back he began calling for help. Those on the shore took up his cries. Mr. Davis was seated in the pavilion and hearing the calls for help, ran to the water's edge and throwing off his coat, plunged in and swam out to the lad. After a hard struggle with the rough seas and hampered by his clothing, Mr. Davis succeeded in bringing Master Burlingame back to his anxious friends, who were very grateful to him for his heroic action.

Insect Bite Costs Leg.

A Boston man lost his leg from the bite of an insect two years before. To avert such calamities from stings and bites of insects use Bucklen's Arnica Salve promptly to kill the poison and prevent inflammation, swelling and pain. Heals burns, boils, ulcers, piles, eczema, cuts, bruises. Only 25 cents at R. R. Bellamy.

Why Will You?

Continue to keep in your house such important papers as Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages and Insurance Policies, when you can rent a Safe Deposit Box in our strong vaults for $1.50 per year? In these boxes you may keep your jewelry and other valuables, and know that they are safe from Burglars and Fire.

We invite you to call and inspect our excellent equipment.

We also have larger boxes that range in price from $4.00 to $8.00 per year.

"Safest for Savings."

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

10% INCREASE

We wish to announce that on August 1st, due to our increased expenditure on improvements amounting to several thousand dollars, the list price of all unsold lots at Edgewood will be increased 10%.

Since the inauguration of the sale, it has been decided to macadamize Sixth street from the Turnpike to Cedar avenue, to plant more trees, and to extend the sidewalks. These additional improvements make Edgewood ideal for a home site, and decidedly the most attractive suburb between Wilmington and the Sound. We invite an inspection.

We have only two turnpike lots left—70x220 in size.

D. R. FOSTER & CO.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

"The Store That's Always Busy"

WHITE SEASON IN FULL BLAST!

We are prepared to furnish you with

White Corduroy Skirts,
White Pique Skirts,
White Corduroy Norfolk Suits,
White Lingerie Dresses,
White Duck Hats,
White Ratine Hats,
White Crash Hats,
White Milan Hats,
White Shadow Veiling,
White Linen Parasols,
White Duck Parasols,
White Silk Gloves,
White Ratine,
White Chamois Gloves,
White Luna Lawn,
White Corduroy,
White Pique,
White Pongee,

New Assortment of Pongee Coats, Blazier Coats and White Millinery just received.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. W. Z. Corbett, who has been ill, is now improving.

* * *

Rev. and Mrs. F. A. Liles, of Jacksonville, N. C., spent a few hours in the city yesterday.

* * *

Mrs. Walter Penny has returned home after an extended visit to relatives in Baltimore, Md.

* * *

Miss Almeria Swann has returned from a pleasant visit to Richmond, Washington and Baltimore.

* * *

Mrs. G. T. Flynn has returned from Baltimore, where she went for treatment, and is greatly improved.

* * *

Miss Lula Dunkle, of Richmond, Va., is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. G. Hutaff, No. 303 North Seventh street.

* * *

Mrs. J. W. Taylor, of Plainview, Texas, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. S. Holden, at Winter Park Gardens.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Wilder, who have been on a visit to Richmond, Washington and Baltimore, have returned home.

* * *

Misses Bessie and Manola Bryant, of Fitzgerald, Ga., are the charming guests of Misses Rena and Rose Bullard, at Montague.

* * *

Miss Bertha M. Waddell, of Swann's Station, N. C., will arrive today to be the guest at the home of Mayor Joseph D. Smith, on North Third street.

* * *

Miss Gertrude Davis, of South Williamsport, Pa., arrived in the city yesterday to spend some time, the guest of Mrs. B. S. Mills, on Ann street.

* * *

Mrs. Wright Hall and Mrs. J. A. Westbrook will leave this morning on a trip to Richmond and Washington. They will be joined at Enfield by Mr. J. D. Hall.

* * *

Mrs. J. E. Williamson and daughter, Miss Annie Williamson, of Princeton, W. Va., arrived in the city yesterday. They expect to spend several days visiting relatives and friends.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Norman have returned to their home at Bladenboro after spending several days at the beach and at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Davis, 617 South Sixth street.

* * *

Mr. Bruce C. Boney is here on a visit to his mother, Mrs. G. A. Boney, No. 309 North Front street. Mr. Boney has been to Park College, Kansas City, Mo., and wil return in about a month to resume his studies.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. E. Lawson has as her guests at her home, No. 16 North Fourth street, her mother, Mrs. M. A. Huiet, and sister, Mrs. S. H. McLean, and her two children, of Columbia, S. C., who arrived yesterday. Mr. McLean, who is traveling passenger agent of the Southern Railway, with headquarters at Columbia, will arrive next week for a brief stay.

* * *

The ladies of the Sixth Street Advent church will give an entertainment next Wednesday night, July 10th, at the hall of the Cape Fear Independent Band, at Fifth and Castle streets, for the purpose of raising funds for repairing the church. The band, in their handsome new uniforms, will render a number of choice selections and the ladies will serve refreshments free of charge. A free will offering will be accepted and the money will be used as stated above. A ladies' bazaar will also be conducted for the sale of dry goods, notions, groceries, etc. A committee of ladies will call on friends of the church between now and the night of the entertainment and any offerings that they may see fit to make will be gratefully received and ever remembered.

* * *

MARRIAGE OF MISS SAUNDERS AND MR. H. J. APPLEWHITE.

Many friends in this city will be interested in the following from a recent issue of the Savannah Morning News:

"The marriage of Miss Jennie Margaret Saunders and Mr. Henry Jefferson Applewhite took place Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the Sacred Heart church, with a nuptial mass. The Rev. Father Bernard, O. S. B., officiated. The wedding was a very quiet one, only the members of the family and a few friends being present. The bride's only attendant was Miss Mary Saunders, her sister. The best man was Mr. A. Lloyd Saunders."

The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Applewhite, of this city, and many friends will read with interest the announcement of his marriage.

* * *

LINEN AUXILIARY OF THE HOSPITAL FOR YEAR

The Linen Auxiliary of the James Walker Memorial Hospital, of which Mrs. H. C. Bear, is president, has given the hospital linens during the year 1912 to date, as follows: 60 dimity spreads; 72 face towels; 36 honeycomb spreads; 360 pillow cases; 120 tray covers; 64 gowns (white ward); 120 table napkins (colored ward), 120 sheets; 48 gowns. While the members of the Linen Auxiliary has increased very much since the organization it is not as large as the members desire it and any one interested in the good cause desiring to assist in increasing the usefulness to the hospital, are asked to apply to Mrs. W. B. Cooper, secretary, for information as to the requirements for membership.

* * *

Abbottsburg, N. C., July 6.—Misses Olive and Loris Breeden, of McColl, S. C., are the attracive guests of their brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Craven.——Mr. G. L. Cashwell, of Washington, D. C., spent the Fourth here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cashwell——Mr. S. A. L. Johnson and daughter, Miss Corinne, spent last week in Richmond, Va.——Mr. J. H. Cashwell, of St. Petersburg, Fla., is here visiting friends and relatives——Mr. W. H. Hargrove, of McColl, S. C., spent the Fourth here.——Miss Olive Russ, of Wilmington, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Russ.——Mr. Lonnie Thompson and sisters, Misses Lula and Carrie, spent last Saturday at Dublin——Miss Bertha Russ returned home this week from Wilmington, where she spent several days with friends.——Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Baldwin, of Maxton, spent the Fourth with Mrs. Baldwin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cashwell.——Mrs. J. H. Faircloth, of Lena, N. C., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. W. C. Ballentine——Miss Eliza Robbins, of Raleigh, is the guest of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Cashwell.

* * *

The young folks of Fifth Street Methodist church are looking forward with much pleasure to the moonlight excursion to be run by the Epworth League Tuesday night, July 9th. A good time is promised for all who take in this ride down the river. The steamer Wilmington will stop at Southport for any who do not wish to go out to sea. Permission has been asked to stop at Fort Caswell also, but the request has not been heard from as yet. The young people will serve refreshments of different kinds, and will try to see that all patrons enjoy the trip fully. The committee in charge offered some time ago a two dollar and a half gold piece each to the boy and girl who sells the greatest number of tickets, and the little ones have been busy working for these prizes. The winners will be announced as soon as they are determined. The steamer Wilmington will leave her dock at 8 o'clock and the fare for the round trip is 35 cents.

* * *

BERGER-ROSENMANN WEDDING IN NEW YORK LAST WEEK.

New York, July 6.—On Sunday evening, June 30th, at 6 o'clock, at Carlton Hall, New York City, Miss Pauline Rosenmann, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Rosenmann, of Wilmington, N. C., was united in marriage to Mr. Henry Berger, of New York City. The wedding was one of the events of the season. The marriage was solemnized by the Rev. Aaron Eiseman, of New York. The bride was attended by Mrs. Arthur Loewy, of New York, who was matron of honor, the bridesmaids being Miss Lillie Seidel, of St. Louis, Mo., and Miss Rose Seligman, of New York. The ushers were Mr. Clarence Cohen, of New York, and Mr. Adolf Rosenmann, a brother of the bride. The best man was Mr. Ered Seixas, of New York. The flower children were Miss Carolina Mayer, of New York, and Master Sonny Genegsburg, of New York. The groom entered on the arm of his sister, Mrs. Robert E. Leve, of New York, while the bride entered on the arm of her father, Mr. Marcus Rosenmann. The bride was attired in a dress of white charmeuse trimmed in princess lace and orange blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and bride roses. The wedding guests numbered 150 people. A flashlight picture of the entire guests at table was taken. After the wedding the bride and groom left on an extended tour through Maine and the White Mountains.

* * *

AN APPROACHING MARRIAGE OF MUCH INTEREST HERE.

The following from the Oxford, N. C., correspondent of the Raleigh News and Observer will be read with much interest and pleasure by many friends of both the prospective groom and bride-elect in Wilmington, where both are well known and very popular:

"Oxford, July 3.—An entertainment of much interest and pleasure to many friends was given by Miss Mattie Ferebee at her hospitable home Friday morning. Eight tables were arranged for the game of "forty-two", which was played with merriment and interest,after which refreshments of choice menu were served in two couress. While serving elegant frozen dainties each guest was presented a souvenir ring to which was attached cupid's certificate announcing the engagement of Miss Sophie Taylor, of Oxford, to Mr. George Lynch Tillery, Wilmington—the wedding to take place in October, 1912.

"The bride-to-be is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Taylor, and possesses many charms of beauty and accomplishments which have made her a society favorite. The groom-to-be is most deservedly popular and fills a responsible position with the Atlantic Coast Line."

The prospective groom is connected with the freight traffic department of the Atlantic Coast Line. The bride-elect has visited her cousins, the Misses Kingsbury, in this city, a number of times and has many friends who will welcome her as a permanent resident in the Fall.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. George Burns, of Fayetteville, has a position with the Orrell Livery Co., in this city.

Relatives and friends will be glad to note that Mr. Roger Smith, who has been quite ill for some time, is improving satisfactorily and hopes to be out soon.

—Among the arrivals at The Southern yesterday were: T. M. McClean, Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Green, Atlanta; Miss Elma Smith, Bishopville, S. C.; T. F. Ward, Town Creek; C. R. Bell, Clinton; T. J. Edwards, Bolton; C. E. Humphrey, Burgaw; A. A. Sullivan, Dallas, Texas; D. C. Boyd, Rocky Point.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Baldwin, Maxton; Miss Eliza Robbins, Raleigh; Mrs. S. O. Middleton, Miss Mary Lee Hughes, Mrs. Kate Middleton Wells, Miss Effa Smith, Hallsville; Miss Jennie Boney, Wallace; Miss Susie Colwell, Wallace; John F. Hoff, Charlotte; E. C. Latham, Plymouth.

—Yesterday's guests at The Colonial Hotel included Ava C. Jones, Chicago; W. C. Wade, Norfolk; Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Keith, Long Creek; Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Stegall, Clarkton; Mrs. M. J. Stegall, Marshville; A. A. Jones, Kalamazoo, Mich.; A. J. Floyal, Augusta, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Briggs and Miss Bessie Briggs, High Point; Miss Bessie Wheeler, High Point; W. P. Atkinson, Chicago; J. E. Flanagan, Lebanon, Ky.; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Middlebrooks.

This statement was made July 5th, 1912:

I have ridden this Indian Motorcycle two thousand and forty-seven miles, had one puncture; never had to walk one foot on account of disability of the machine.

C. H. HARVELL. **

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

Mr. Archie McDuffie, of Fayetteville, is spending some time at Wrightsville Beach.

The yacht Edwin and launch Suwanee were out with several fishing parties yesterday and report at the Oceanic Hotel office was to the effect that all the expeditions were successful.

George Howard, Jr., of Tarboro; R. H. Kellahan, Kingstree, S. C., and Mrs. W. L. Pierce and baby, of Charlotte, were among the arrivals at the Hanover Inn yesterday.

The Hanover Inn, the beach's latest hotel, has found it necessary to lease the Myers' cottage, directly across the car tracks from the hotel, in order to accommodate the rapidly increasing number of patrons of the hostelry.

Miss Jennie Corbett entertained her Sunday School class on a most delightful sailing trip on the Fourth of July, going out from the Oceanic Hotel on the Suwanee. Upon their return they also enjoyed the pleasures of the surf. The class is composed of the following: Lydia Davis, Annie Pratt, Virginia Walsh, Elsie Cole, Eunice Tucker, Nell Johnson, Elizabeth Powell.

Mr. A. W. Ek, the clever local superintendent of the Imperial Mutual Life & Health Insurance Co., of Asheville, gave his agents a most delightful outing at Wrightsville Beach Friday. The party went out to sea and caught a large number of fine fish. In the party besides the genial host were Messrs. T. A. Tate, W. V. Sellers, W. H. Howie, M. E. Strickland, A. H. Jones, D. N. Stanley, W. B. Stroth and G. T. Grotgen.

The excellence of the Lumina concerts is attesed by the increasing size of audiences that attend each concert. Both afternoon and night concerts are attended by many of the visitors at the beach. The high standard of the selections is maintained in the excellent programmes that have been arranged for today's concerts. Foremost among the selections that make up the programme for today's concerts are the "Tannhauser" overture, Sextette from "Lucia", "The Crucifix" and a 'cello solo by Mr. Freed.

The Oceanic Hotel Orchestra, Mr. John F. Kneisel, director, has announced the following programme for the concert which begins at 12:30 P. M.

Selection from "The Kiss Waltz"—Ziehrer.

Overture, "Berling in Smiles and Tears"—Conradi.

Dance, "In the Shadows"—Finck.

Valse Oriental, "Vision of Salome"—Joyce.

Operatic Potpourri, "Martha"—Flotaw.

Negro Sketch, "Down South"—Mydellton.

Syncopation, "Hyacinth Rag"—Botsford.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse N. Couch, of the Oceanic Hotel, gave a beautiful and highly enjoyable as well as largely attended complimentary dance to the young children now on the beach in the handsome ball room of the Oceanic Hotel yesterday morning from 10 to 12 o'clock. The dance was beautifully led by Misses Katie and Florrie Northrop and lovely souvenirs were given to all the little children who participated. A large number of the children were accompanied by their parents and they enjoyed the scene immensely. The dance was in every way a great success and the host and hostess were heartily congratulated upon the brilliant affair.

Beach residents and visitors enjoyed the rather unusual sight yesterday of seeing the handsome revenue cutter Seminole anchored off the Seashore Hotel a short distance. The splendid craft could be plainly seen from any point on the beach and attracted considerable attention. The cutter arrived from Morehead City and aboard was Mr. Thos. W. Davis, secretary and treasurer of the North Carolina Bar Association, and Mr. Chalmers, of the legal department of the A. C. L., who had been attending the bar meeting at Morehead. They came down as guests of Capt. Berry, who went ashore for a short time with Messrs. Davis and Chalmers after anchoring yesterday morning.

The Seashore Hotel yesterday had a large number of arrivals, among whom were Geo. E. Deadwyler, Durham; M. Orr, Charlotte; R. L. Little, Charlottesville, Va.; R. M. Becker, Chicago; C. C. Hart, Chicago, John Morrison, Richmond; Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Bugg, Lexington; W. W. Smith, E. S. Alexander, H. C. Stevens, Robt. L. Prehn, Charlotte; R. W. Boroughs, Greenville, S. C.; W. P. Auld and S. D. Hope, Baltimore; Mrs. H. B. Chesnut and two children, Hamlet; H. C. Parrott, Sumter; John Underwood, Fayetteville; Mr. and Mrs. A. F. May, Spring Hope; L. D. Hinton, Atlanta; M. W. Jordan, Laurinburg; Miss English, Columbia; Lockraw Moss, New York; R. F. Vaston, Cheraw, S. C.; Mr. and Mrs. Lee Griffin, Monroe; D. K. Futch, Raleigh; J. C. Beckham, Wadesboro; H. P. Moran, Hamlet.

Director Claude M. Elam, of the Seashore Orchestra, has arranged the following programme for the concert to be given at the hotel today from noon until 2 o'clock:

Anthem "Mighty Jehova"—Donizetti.

Grand Selection, from Les Contes d'Hoffman—Offenbach.

Meditation, "The Lost Hope"—Gottschalk.

Characteristic, "Pizzicato"—Thome.

Sacred Intermezzo, "Trinity"—Tobani.

Intermission.

Overture to Opera Martha—Flotow.

Ave Maria—Schubert.

Concert Waltzes, from the Quaker Girl Opera—Monckton.

Chauncey Aclott in Mascula, "With the Twinkle of Her Eye"; "The Girl I'll Call My Sweetheart"—Oclott.

March of the Tin Soldiers—Jessel.

The arrivals yesterday at the Oceanic Hotel included the following: N. Thompson, Raleigh; T. J. O'Brien, Durham; Misses Mollie G. Underwood and Rossie Underwood, Ernest, N. C.; M. W. Stalling and Mrs. Maud Love, Raleigh; Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Boney and child, Wallace; Thos. B. Jacobs, Tarboro; W. A. Townsend, Dunn; A. S. Lyon, Rocky Mount; J. S. Goldback, Norfolk; L. C. Willoughby and D. B. Smith, Rocky Mount; J. S. Hammocks, Baltimore; T. G. Tabot, Richmond; L. L. Ledwell, Charlotte; S. D. Squires, Atlanta; R. J. Sefford, Richmond; E. M. Yow and Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Williams, Atlanta; H. L. Stevens and W. L. Hill, Warsaw; R. E. Peters, Charlotte; A. D. Brockett, High Point; Hunter McQuire, Cardoza, Memphis, Tenn.; W. Z. Roper, Laurinburg; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. May and baby, Farmville, Va.; Wm. Parker, Charlotte; L. D. Maney, Asheville; J. G. Green, Charlotte.

Amond the visitors at Wrightsville Beach are Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Bugg, whose marriage was celebrated Thursday night. The following relative to the marriage is from the Lexington correspondence of yesterday's Charlotte Observer:

"Lexington, July 5.—The biggest sensation of the year in this city was occasioned by the elopement last night of E. I. Bugg, the manager of Hotel March, and Miss Margaret Hunt, the beautiful 17-year-old daughter of C. A. Hunt, Jr. They left here last night at midnight in an automobile for Salisbury, accompanied by Paul Raper, a cousin of the bride, and at Salisbury took a train for Charlotte where they were married early the morning at the Episcopal church by the rector, Rev. Mr. Mallinckrodt.

"The elopement was a complete surprise to everybody and has been the sole topic of conversation here all day. The parents of the young woman objected to the marriage on account of her extreme youth, she having graduated in May, from the city graded school and is barely past 17. She is a member of one of Lexington's oldest and best families, being the granddaughter of Capt. C. A. Hunt, Sr., president of the Nokomis cotton mills. Her father, C. A. Hunt, Jr., is also a prominent figure in the business life of the community, being secretary and treasurer of the Acotah cotton mills.

"The groom is a native of Warren county and has been a citizen of Lexington for three years. He is manager of Hotel March and has large real estate holdings. Both of the young people are very popular here and will receive the warmest kind of welcome on their return."

"The Mill In the Forest"
Played by the Lumina orchestra tonight. **

LOCAL DOTS.

—Suit was started in Superior Court yesterday entitled E. S. Waddell and Mrs. E. S. Waddell vs. G. A. Norwood and the National Bank of Goldsboro. W. C. Benson, Esq., is counsel for the plaintiffs.

—Angelos Procoples, trading as the Northern Fruit Co., yesterday brought suit in Superior Court against the Atlantic Coast Line for the value of a car of bananas said to have been delayed in transit. K. C. Sidbury, Esq., represents the plaintiff.

—At the regular meeting last night officers for the ensuing year of Letitia Lodge No. 3, Daughters of Rebekah, were installed as follows: Noble Grand, Miss DeVaun; Vice Grand, Miss Fannie Pearl Branch; Chaplain, Miss Ruby Roger; Recording Secretary, Mrs. S. F. Garrison; Financial Secretary, Mrs. A. T. Parker; Treasurer, Mrs. J. F. Littleton; Warden, Miss Liliam Hewett; Conductor, Mrs. Flora Burriss; R. S. N. G., Mrs. Bettie Holmes; L. S. N. G., Mrs. Mary Willoughby; R. S. V. G., Mrs. Alice Lindquist; L. S. V. G., Mrs. Annie Branch; Guard, E. D. Craig.

Wrightsville Beach

Building Lots

—FOR—

Summer Homes

We have a few lots left in Wrightsville Beach Extension for sale. Several cottages have already been built in Wrightsville Beach Extension and others will be built soon. Lots will be sold only to those agreeing to build on them.

Tide Water Power Company

217-219-221-223 Princess Street

Worth Knowing!

GAYLORD

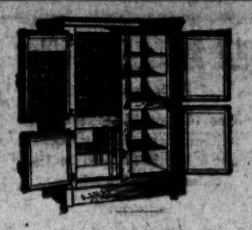
Has the Biggest Supply of Hammocks, Porch Screens, Mosquito Nets, Bath Suits, Automobile Dusters and Caps, Porch Swings, Parasols, Umbrellas, and all kinds of Summer Goods, in Ready to Wear Garments, such as Dresses, Skirts, Waists, Underwear, Kimonos, Children's Blouses, Rompers, Wash Suits, all kinds of Slippers and Outing Shoes, for Men, Ladies and Children, at the Lowest Cash Prices, which maens 25% less than you can buy the same articles elsewhere.

We are Booming Business this week by Offering Special Prices on Summer Dress Goods and Ladies Hats. $2.68 Buys a MAN'S PANAMA HAT!

FREE!—Full size Nickel Watch, guaranteed for twelve months, given with Every Boys' Suit of $5.00 value or more.

GAYLORD'S

210—212—214 NORTH FRONT STREET.



McCRAY Refrigerators

have such a vigorous circulation of cold air that a damp cloth will dry out in one of them as readily as tho' it were placed in the sun on a windy day.

Open the door of a McCray Refrigerator and feel the dry, cold air, as sweet and pure as a mountain top breeze.

If you are thinking of buying a refrigerator, it will pay you to inspect the exclusive sanitary features of the McCray.

Let us welcome you to our Store, and show you this Beautiful Line of Refrigerators. Catalogue on Application

N. JACOBI Hardware Co.

10 and 12 South Front St.

Coming and Going

BOILERS, ENGINES, STRUCTURAL STEEL, SHEET AND CAR IRON, SHAFTING, BOILER RIVETS, and ALL CLASSES OF MACHINERY, IRON AND STEEL.

We are the dealers in heavy Iron Goods for this section. Call on us and get the right goods at the right prices.

Wilmington Iron Works

Established in 1858.

PROPOSALS WANTED.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Wm. E. Springer, chairman of building committee, Independent Ice Co., of Wilmington, N. C., until 12 o'clock noon, July 15, 1912, and then publicly opened for the construction of a reinforced concrete cold storage warehouse.

Separate proposals wanted for Plumbing, Electric Wiring, Plunger Elevator, Cork Insulation, Refrigeration, etc.

An acceptable bond will be required of successful bidders. Plans and Specifications may be had at the office of J. F. Leitner, architect, Wilmington, N. C.

The right is reserved to accept any or reject all bids.

WM. E. SPRINGER,
Chairman Building Committee.
je 30-til-jl 15.

Colonial Inn

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

EUROPEAN PLAN

All outside Rooms, Moderate Rates
A La Carte Restaurant Will Be Opened About June 30th.

Alpha Bath Caps!

Latest Styles

Mission Pharmacy

ERNEST J. SCHABELITZ
General Contractor
Princess Building
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Water and Damp Proof Reinforced Concrete Houses, Dams, Bridges, Sidewalks, Etc.

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MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

ROOM 512. 'PHONE 513

BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING.

Financial and Commercial

EXCITING BUYING OF COTTON

Cotton Has Its First Genuine Crop Scare of the Season and Prices Leap Upward 23 to 28 Points Net for Day.

New York, July 6.—Amid scenes of excitement seldom witnessed in a Saturday market cotton had its first genuine crop scare of the season today and leaped upward 23 to 28 points net for the day, closing very steady at practically top prices of the day and season.

All new crop positions were whirled above the 12 cent level and the buying in the last half hour was on a far heavier scale than at the start, with every evidence that the public had come into the market on a big scale and were in active competition with big shorts for the small amount of cotton that was to be had around the ring. Ever since the government report indicated that crop conditions were not so favorable as the trade had been led to expect, the market has been hovering on the verge of the speculative upheaval which took place today. Large spot and commission houses were much heavier buyers above the 12 cent level than they had been below. One or two prominent interests which took the bear side under 12 cents were forced by the action of the market to cover at much higher prices. The upturn today was started by reports of heavy rains at Memphis and the forecast for continued unsettled and wet weather in the Central and Eastern belts, although as a matter of fact the underlying sentiment has been growing more bullish for the last three days. It only wanted some such factor as today's weather news to develop the public interest into a wild fire of speculative buying. From all over the belt east of the Mississippi, crop damage began to filter in and at the close of the market tonight bulls were freely predicting much higher prices unless the weather changes quickly for the better. The market opened one point lower on August and 4 to 6 points higher on new crops, and had practically a steady advance from this level right up to the close. Liverpool cables were quiet and without influence in the market.

Receipts of cotton at all ports today 1,550 bales against 3,623 last week and 509 last year. For the week 1,500 bales against 17,282 last week and 4,194 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 261 bales against 489 last year, and at Houston 15 against 26 last year.

Spot, middling uplands, 12.25; do. gulf, 12.40; sales, 1,815 bales.

Futures closed very steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	11.92	12.15	11.92	12.15
Feb	.....	11.97	11.97	12.20
Mar	12.01	12.21	12.01	12.22
May	12.04	12.24	12.04	12.28
July	11.54	11.77	11.61	11.79
Aug	11.62	11.84	11.61	11.87
Sept	11.92	11.92	11.85	11.95
Oct	11.82	12.09	11.82	12.09
Nov	11.90	.....	.....	12.11
Dec	11.94	12.17	11.93	12.17

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 12½; net receipts, 357; gross receipts, 357; sales, 514; stock, 50,057.

New Orleans—Firm, 12⅝; net receipts, 261; gross receipts, 261; sales, 254; stock, 40,010; Great Britain, 500.

Mobile—Net receipts, 11; gross receipts, 11; stock, 1,298; continent, 191; coastwise, 276.

Savannah—Steady, 12; net receipts, 625; gross receipts, 625; sales, 23; stock, 38,073; continent, 276.

Charleston—Nominal, 11½; stock, 8,790.

Wilmington—Nominal; stock, 1,049.

Norfolk—Firm, 12¼; net receipts, 296; gross receipts, 296; sales, 393; stock, 23,476; coastwise, 170.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12¼; stock, 6,124.

New York—Steady, 12.15; gross receipts, 1,002; sales, 1,815; stock, 145,136; coastwise, 684.

Boston—Steady, 12.15; gross receipts, 3,889; stock, 12,022.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.40; stock, 1,818.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 1,550; Great Britain, 500; continent, 191; stock, 329,056.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 1,550; Great Britain, 500; continent, 191.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports, Net, 11,805,016; Great Britain, 4,121,183; France, 1,158,566; continent, 1,380,800; Japan, 512,818; Mexico, 8,763.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 12½; net receipts, 15; gross receipts, 15; shipments, 458; stock, 27,057.

Augusta—Quiet, 12½; net receipts, 146; gross receipts, 196; shipments, 190; sales, 69; stock, 28,888.

Memphis—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 100; gross receipts, 665; shipments, 871; sales, 100; stock, 18,641.

St. Louis—Steady, 12¾; gross receipts, 157; shipments, 157; stock, 14,864.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 51; gross receipts, 51; shipments, 122; sales, 300; stock, 18,555.

Little Rock—Firm, 11⅞; net receipts, 64; gross receipts, 64; shipments, 60; stock, 8,962.

Total today—Net receipts, 376; gross receipts, 1,148; shipments, 1,858; sales, 463; stock, 113,965.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, July 6.—Spot, quiet; prices, 2 points lower. American middling fair, 7.52; good middling, 7.14; middling, 6.84; low middling, 6.54; good ordinary, 6.12; ordinary, 5.64.

Sales, 7,000 bales, including 6,500 American. Receipts, none. Futures opened easier and closed steady. July, 6.61; July and August, 6.60; August and September, 6.57½; September and October, 6.50½; October and November, 6.44½; November and December, 6.41½; December and January, January and February, 6.40½; February and March, 6.41; March and April, 6.41½; April and May, 6.42½; May and June, June and July, 6.43½.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, July 6.—Money on call nominal. Time loans firm; 60 days 3 per cent., six months 4 to 4 1-4. Prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange steady 4.85 for 60 day bills and 4.8735 for demand. Commercial bills 4.84 1-4.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, July 6.—The cotton goods markets were quiet and firm. Yarns rule fairly steady with demand light. Linens are firm. Burlaps for spot use are firm. Jobbers had a quiet day.

The Choice of A Husband

is too important a matter for a woman to be handicapped by weakness, bad blood or foul breath. Avoid these killhopes by taking Dr. King's Life Pills. New strength, fine complexion, pure breath, cheerful spirits—things that win men follow their use. Easy, safe, sure. 25c. R. R. Bellamy.

MARINE.

Cleared

Str. Carib, 2,080 tons, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Manchester Merchant (Br.), 2,707 tons, Payne, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Wm. Thomas Moore, 263 tons, Jones, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. M. J. Taylor (Br.), 377 tons, Dukeshire, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. John H. May, 396 tons, Stille, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Fannie Prescott, 318 tons, Cogswell, Mafflitt & Wood (in distress, at Southport).

Schr. C. C. Wehrum, 337 tons, Wilbert, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Stephen G. Loud, 400 tons, Graham, Mafflitt & Wood; in distress.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., July 6.

Atlantic Coast Line—9 casks spirits turpentine; 22 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. City of Fayetteville—8 casks spirits turpentine; 4 barrels tar.

Str. Whitlock—8 casks spirits turpentine; 38 barrels rosin; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Lisbon—47 barrels rosin.

Schr. Shallotte—26 casks spirits turpentine.

Str. Annie B.—12 casks spirits turpentine; 25 barrels rosin.

Total—63 casks spirits turpentine, 110 barres rosin; 4 barrels tar; 24 barrels crude turpentine.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, July 6.—Flour quiet and easier on the better grades; Spring patents 5.40 to 5.70; Winter straights 4.80 to 5.00; Spring clears 4.50 to 4.80.

Rye Flour—Quiet; 4.70 to 5.15.

Corn Meal—Dull.

Rye—Nominal.

Barley—Quiet.

Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red, 1.14 1-4 elevator, domestic basis and export 1.15 3-4 f.o.b. afloat, both to arrive; No. 1 Northern Duluth 1.19 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Futures 1 to 1 1-4c net decline; July 1.12 1-2; September 1.05 15-16; December 1.06 5-8.

Corn—Spot steady; export 80 f.o.b. afloat.

Oats—Quiet; standard white 54 in elevator; No. 2, 54 1-2.

Pork and Lard—Quiet.

Beef, Cut Meats and Petroleum—Steady.

Tallow—Dull.

Wool—Firm.

Rice and Molasses—Nominal.

Sugar—Holiday.

Coffee—Rio No. 7, 14 5-8; futures closed dull; March 13.71.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese and Eggs—Firm.

Potatoes and Cabbages—Steady, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Inactive with a small professional trade. Price changes were small with the firmness in cotton offset by the decline in lard, and at the close was two points lower to one point net higher. July 6.84 to 6.90; August 6.94 to 6.95; September 7.08 to 7.09; October 6.94 to 6.95; November 6.39 to 6.41; prime crude nominal; prime Summer yellow 6.75 to 6.95; prime Winter yellow 7.00 to 7.50; prime Summer white 7.00 to 7.60.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, July 6

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 43½.

ROSIN—Steady, $5.65 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.00 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $3.25 per barrel for hard; $4.75 for dip; $4.75 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 50c.; rosin, $5.15; tar, $2.20; crude turpentine, $3.25 for hard, $4.75 for dip, $5.30 for virgin.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	63
Rosin	110
Tar	1
Crude Turpentine	24

Receipts same day last year: 36 casks spirits turpentine; 64 barrels rosin; 8 barrels tar; 32 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year—Nothing doing.

Receipts—None. Same day last year, none.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, July 6.)

CORN—Firm; $1.10 per bu.

PEAS—White, no sales. Mixed, $1.00.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 75c. per bu.

BEEF—On foot, good demand, 3@4c. per lb.; dressed, 8c.

PORK—Small, 10@11c.

WOOL—Burry, .11@.12c. per lb.; free of burr, 16c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, .03 to .03½ per lb.; dry, 14 to 15c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old 18½c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 12½c.@13c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; 27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 40 to 45c. per head; chickens, Spring, 20@35c. per head.

SHEEP—Old, $1.00@$2.50; lambs, $1.00@$3.00.

EGGS—Dull, 19c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, June 24.

Market—Lower on North Carolina; steady on Spanish and Virginias.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, 70@75c.; machine-picked, 65@70c.

Spanish—Prime hand picked, $1.00; machine picked, 95c.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 85c.; machine picked, 80c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., June 27.—Spanish—Market firmer. Farmers' Spanish, 92½c. per bushel. Jumbo Spanish, 87½c. per bushel; No. 1, Shelled, Spanish, 5c. to 5¼c. per lb.; No. 2, Shelled, Spanish, 3¾c. to 4c. per lb. Virginia—Market, firm. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. to 3¾c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3¼c. Prime, 3c. Machine Picked, 3c. to 3¼c. per lb. Shelling Stock, 2½c. per lb.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, July 6.—Turpentine, easy. Rosin, quiet.

Savannah, July 6.—Turpentine, firm, at 44; sales, 1,206; receipts, 1,303; shipments, 3,697; stocks, 27,095.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 3,418; receipts, 2,332; shipments, 4,403; stocks, 86,813. Quote: B, 5.80@5.85; D, 6.30; E, 6.37½@6.00; F, 6.77½@6.80; G, 6.80; H, I, 6.80@6.85; K, 6.90@7.05; M, 7.05@7.15; N, 7.20@7.25; W G, 7.30; W W, 7.40@7.45.

Charleston, July 6.—Turpentine, firm, at 43¾.

Rosin—Firm. Quote: B, 5.70; D, 6.20@6.35; E, 6.50@6.65; F, 6.80@6.92½; G, 6.80@6.95; H, 6.80@6.97½; I, 6.80@7.00; K, 7.00@7.10; M, 7.10@7.20; N, 7.20@7.35; W G, 7.30@7.45; W W, 7.40@7.55.

Sextette From "Lucia"

By the Lumina orchestra tonight.

STOCKS SHOW IMPROVEMENT

Opening of Market Was Irregular With Some Declines, But Most of Losses Were Effaced In First Half-hour

New York, July 6.—Some improvement over yesterday's weak close was manifested by today's stock market. The opening was irregular with declines in the Anthracite shares, Canadian Pacific and Brooklyn Transit, but most of these losses were effaced in the first half hour with general strength elsewhere. U. S. Steel was again the most active of the leaders and held its partial recovery. Amalgamated Copper and allied stocks, American Smelting, excepted, continued to reflect pressure, probably in anticipation of an adverse report by the Producers' Association next week. In the railway group Hill shares held firm with unusual activity in Southern Railway issues, the preferred gaining materially on prospects of an increased dividend.

The bank statement met the most unfavorable expectations.

The bond market was irregular. Total sales today 123,900 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	24½
Amalgamated Copper	83¼
American Agricultural	60½
American Beet Sugar	73¾
American Can	34½
American Car and Foundry	58
American Cotton Oil	53⅝
American Hide and Leather, pfd	24¼
American Ice Securities	27
American Linseed	14¾
American Locomotive	43⅛
American Smelting and Refining	84½
American Smelting and Refining, pfd.	108
American Steel Foundries	35½
American Sugar Refining	129½
American Tel and Tel	145¼
American Tobacco, pfd	110
American Woolen	27½
Anaconda Mining Co	41⅞
Atchison	108¾
Atchison, pfd	102½
Atlantic Coast Line	102½
Atlantic Coast Line	140
Baltimore and Ohio	108⅝
Bethlehem Steel	37½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	92⅝
Canadian Pacific	266
Central Leather	26⅞
Central Leather, pfd	93
Central of New Jersey	335
Chesapeake and Ohio	80¼
Chicago and Alton	24
Chicago Great Western	17⅛
Chicago Great Western, pfd	34
Chicago and North Western	136½
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	105
C., C., C. and St. Louis	59
Colorado Fuel and Iron	31
Colorado and Southern	41
Consolidated Gas	142
Corn Products	15⅝
Delaware and Hudson	167
Denver and Rio Grande	19
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	35⅝
Distillers' Securities	33½
Erie	31⅞
Erie, 1st pfd	52⅝
Erie, 2nd pfd	41½
General Electric	180
Great Northern, pfd	137⅝
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	43⅝
Illinois Central	128½
Interborough-Met	21½
Interborough-Met., pfd	60½
Inter Harvester	120½
Inter-Marine, pfd	17
International Paper	16⅝
International Pump	28
Iowa Central	13
Kansas City Southern	25⅛
Kansas City Southern, pfd	50
Lachede Gas	105½
Louisville and Nashville	140¾
Minneapolis and St. Louis	18
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	144⅝
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	27¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	59½
Missouri Pacific	36⅝
National Biscuit	153¼
National Lead	58¾
New York Central	117
New York, Ontario and Western	33¼
Norfolk and Western	115
North American	83
Northern Pacific	122¾
Pacific Mail	31¾
Pennsylvania	124
People's Gas	115¼
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	108½
Pittsburg Coal	22¼
Pressed Steel Car	35½
Pullman Palace Car	160
Railway Steel Spring	35½
Reading	165¾
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Republic Steel	27½
Republic Steel, pfd	84
Rock Island Co	24½
Rock Island Co., pfd	50¾
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	38
St. Louis Southwestern	32
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	73
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	56
Southern Pacific	102⅝
Southern Railway	29½
Southern Railway, pfd	77
Tennessee Copper	43⅞
Texas and Pacific	23
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	14
Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd	29
Union Pacific	168⅜
Union Pacific, pfd	90
United States Realty	80½
United States Rubber	54½
United States Steel	70½
United States Steel, pfd	111⅞
Utah Copper	62½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	49¾
Wabash	4¼
Wabash, pfd	13⅛
Western Maryland	57⅜
Westinghouse Electric	77
Western Union	82
Wheeling and Lake Erie	7
Seaboard Air Line	23¾
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	53¼
American Tobacco	308

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, July 6.—Grain holders today encountered the most disastrous markets of the week. The entire list of cereals became demoralized. Wheat fell below the dollar bushel level and closed heavy, 1¼ to 1¾@1⅞c. under last night. Corn finished ¼@⅜ to ⅝c. down, oats off ⅛@¼ to 2½, and provisions at a decline of 10 to 31½.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.03½@1.08; No. 2, hard, 1.05@1.07½.

Corn—No. 3, 68¾@69½; No. 3, yellow, 70@71.

Oats—No. 3, white, 47@47¾; standard, 47@48.

Wheat:	Close.
July	104⅜
Sept	99⅝
Dec	100⅝
Corn:	
July	69¾
Sept	67
Dec	57⅞
May	58½
Oats:	
July	40¾
Sept	36⅛
Dec	37⅝
May	39⅝
Pork:	
July	18.00
Sept	18.40
Oct	18.40
Lard:	
July	10.50
Sept	10.62
Oct	10.70
Ribs:	
July	10.27½
Sept	10.40
Oct	10.40

Hear "The Crucifix"

Played by Lumina orchestra this afternoon. **

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

July 7, 1912.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 76 degrees; at 8 P. M., 77 degrees; maximum, 82 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .01; rainfall for the month to date, .25.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 6 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Local showers Sunday; Monday, generally fair.

Port Calendar—July 7.

Sun rises	5:07 A. M.
Sun sets	7:26 P. M.
Day's length	14 hrs. 19 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	3:08	3:48	9:30	10:40
Southport	12:27	12:04	6:57	7:22
Masonboro Inlet	11:58	12:35	6:28	6:53

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

July 5, 1912.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature. Highest today.	Temperature. Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
	July 6, 1912.			
Abilene	clear	94	68	.0
Asheville	clear	78	62	.02
Atlanta	pt cldy	82	68	.0
Augusta	cloudy	86	68	.08
Birmingham	pt cldy	82	70	.00
Boston	clear	90	68	.0
Charleston	pt cldy	82	72	.0
Charlotte	cloudy	86	64	.12
Chicago	pt cldy	84	74	.0
Galveston	cloudy	88	80	.0
Jacksonville	raining	84	74	.28
Memphis	cloudy	82	74	2.18
Mobile	cloudy	86	70	.94
Montgomery	cloudy	86	70	.12
New Orleans	cloudy	86	72	.14
New York	clear	82	68	.0
Palestine	clear	92	74	.0
Oklahoma	clear	86	64	.70
Pittsburg	clear	86	70	.0
Raleigh	cloudy	86	66	.0
Savannah	pt cldy	84	70	.0
Shreveport	cloudy	94	76	.0
St. Louis	cloudy	88	76	.0
Washington	clear	90	64	.0

Don't feed the baby through that long rubber tube; you can't wash it on the inside, and dirt kills babies.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

G&J BRAND UNITED STATES TIRES

If it were necessary to to pay more for

G&J Tires

than for other kinds

—there might be a reason why some motorists would accept other kinds in order to save first cost. But it is an entirely different proposition when a motorist can get the kind of service G & J Tires are known to give at the price of other brands.

We beg to state that the three G & J tires now on the Hupmobile owned by my brother, J. A. Davis, and myself, are the original tire equipment. Our car was delivered on October 13th, 1909, and since that time has been driven something over 22,000 miles, at all times using these tires.

About three weeks ago, owing to a severe cut, we had to replace one of the original tires, but up to that time, it had done fully 21,000 miles.

Yours very truly,
D. G. DAVIS,
Albany, Ga.

You can have the same kind of service by using the same kind of tires, and without extra cost.

Specify the old reliable G & J Tires

Wilmington Distributor
H. L. FENNELL
114 N. Second Street

FIELD PEAS

150 Bushels Field Peas.
Nitrate Soda.
Spirit Barrels.
Hoop Iron.
Nails.
Paris Green.
Bagging.
Ties.
Rice.
Write for Prices and Terms.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TERS DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

WHITE CANVAS SLIPPERS

"All the Rage."

We Always Have
THE NEW STYLES
While They Are
REALLY NEW.

Peterson & Rulfs

Next to Murchison National Bank.

Wood's Mowing Machines

WIRE FENCING, NAILS, ETC.

We are unloading and distributing today the above in three States—North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia: Twenty-Four Mowing Machines, Twelve Hay Racks, Twenty-Seven Hundred Pounds of Repairs, Four Hundred Rods of Wire Fencing. Very fair one-day's shipment—don't you think so?

We are doing the Business—and don't you forget it.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.

Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

Save Money — Make Money

BE INDEPENDENT!
Your Money is Always Available.
THE WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Oldest, the Safest, the Best. Has Never lost a dollar in the 25 years of its existence.

BEST WAY TO SAVE MONEY!

25c. per Week per Share, and you draw out $100.00. Loaned on property, it costs about 3½%.

BEST WAY TO MAKE MONEY.

It nets you about 8 per cent. as an investment.

NEW SERIES OPENS JULY 6th.

Remember the Day, the Date and the Place—Saturday, July 6th, at Bunting's Drug Store.

je30-10t

"THE WHITEST PAINT MADE"

"TENACITY"

Used by those who Know Good Paint and Demand the BEST

The White That NEVER Turns Yellow. Manufactured and Guaranteed by

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works

21 MARKET STREET.

THE SANITARY DRUG STORE.

NOTICE !—SPECIAL TO HEALTH.

All Prescription Bottles before being used, are Sterilized by Special Process of Hot Water and Steam. Ask your Physician.

'Phone 520, and we will send for your prescription, fill and return in the quickest time possible.

THE PAYNE DRUG COMPANY,
HARRY E. PAYNE
'Phone No. 520. -:- Fifth and Red Cross Streets

HAMMOCKS

Our New Line is Now Open — We have them at any price you want, from $1.50 up to $7.50.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
—32 N. Front St.—

1763 1913 **BINGHAM** ASHEVILLE, N. C. COL. R. BINGHAM has prepared **Boys** for **College and Manhood** for 119 years. Our **Graduates Excel** in all the **Colleges** they attend, **North** and **South. Ventilation, Sanitation** and **Safety Against Fire** pronounced the **BEST** by 150 doctors and by every visiting **Parent.** Average **Gain of 19** pounds term of entrance accentuates our **Climate, Fare** and **Care of Pupils. Military,** to help in making **Men of Boys.** Box 88

BUNTING'S PRIVATE STOCK.

The Cigar of highest quality. The Cigar that tastes good and the smoker calls for it again and again.

5c the One; $5.00 the 100.

oooooo

SUNBURN.

Hazeloin Cream will give instant relief and soon heal the burn. Makes the skin as soft and smooth as a baby's. Nothing better for use after shaving—takes the "sting" away.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY,
The "Quality Drug Store."
The "Home of Specialties."

YOUR FEET

WILL LAUGH

at Hot Weather in a pair of our

Tan Kangaroo OXFORDS

on the Stroud Last. Price: **$5.50**

HEWLETT & PRICE
109 Market Street.

BRIDGES TO CROSS

won't worry you after we've helped you over the troubles and difficulties caused by bad teeth and you have new teeth securely placed that look better and feel better than your old ones.

BRIDGE WORK

is a specialty of ours, but we do every kind of Dental Work in the most up-to-date and thorough manner. Make an appointment today.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors
Front and Princess Sts.

Statement Condition

The Murchison National Bank
of Wilmington, N. C.
At the Close of Business June 14, 1912

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	$3,919,045.07
U. S. Bonds (at par)	551,000.00
Bank Building	25,000.00
Bonds and other securities	121,161.11
Cash and due by banks	1,134,678.93
	$5,750,885.11

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$ 825,000.00
Surplus and net profits	519,548.51
Circulation	550,000.00
Special Deposits—U. S. Bonds	100,000.00
Deposits	3,606,336.60
Bills Payable	150,000.00
	$5,750,885.11

DEPOSITS:

June 14th, 1910	$3,142,789.78
June 14th, 1911	3,245,975.37
June 14th, 1912	3,606,336.60

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Vice President
J. W. YATES, Vice President
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT

Will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. For sale by all druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio
For Sale by J. H. Bunting Drug Co.

H. DeW. RAPALJE
CONSULTING ENGINEER.
Room 511 Southern Building.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

IN CAMP GLENN

Fourth of July Observance and Other Notes of the Regiment

Camp Glenn, Morehead City, N. C., July 6.—The Fourth of July passed off very nicely in camp. A sham battle took place at 8:30 P. M., comprising the three battalions of the Second Regiment. It was witnessed by a number of ladies and gentlemen.

Lieut. Morgan, detailed as adjutant, is performing his duty like he has been there before and he is a very popular officer with the boys.

Private C. G. Harrison is mail orderly and the boys are always glad to see him coming with a letter.

Lieut. Col. H. D. Harper, assistant inspector general; Capt. T. J. Marriner, general manager of the Norfolk Southern Railway; Mr. J. R. Moss and R. V. Burton composed a quartette who paid Capt. Black an official visit at commissary headquarters. Mr. Moss entertained the party with a number of songs and dances.

Sergeant Wadington returned to Camp Glenn this morning having been detailed from the War Department as instructor. The regiment is congratulating the sergeant as only a few days ago he took unto himself a "better half." The sergeant is a very important official and has many friends in camp.

The "Old Reliable," General Francis Macon, arrived in camp last night and was given the glad hand by all the officers. The "boys" are always glad to see the General as muster day is coming.

Mrs. Bayard Wooten, of Newbern, the official photographer, is in camp. Mrs. Wooten is one of the finest photographers in the State and several of her pictures are used in the Philadelphia North American with a picture of herself. She is better known as the Soldier Photographer in camp, dressed in her khaki blouse and skirt with campaign hat.

The Orphan Singing Class from Goldsboro, gave a very fine concert in Morehead City last night with a very large attendance.

The soldiers regret very much that Maj. Rodman, of the Third Battalion, cannot be in camp as his little one is very ill in Beaufort. All hope that his child will soon recover as the Major is missed and is the life of the camp.

Maj. Daniels and his lovely bride are in camp and his fellows are congratulating him upon such a handsome selection.

Special Order No. 8 is as follows: Capt. F. L. Black is hereby detailed as Post Exchange Officer for the period of this encampment. Capt. Faircloth, of Company H, is detailed as Major, Third Battalion, on account of Major Rodman being absent.

Major McGeachy, of Fayetteville, was a welcome visitor to the camp today. Major McGeachy was formerly of Company F, Fayetteville, and was a fine officer.

Dr. A. H. Tayloe, of Washington, N. C., has charge of the Hospital Corps. Only one case of sickness is reported. W. P. M.

THE SEWERAGE QUESTION.

Every Indication That Controversy Will be Settled Wednesday.

Following rumors current on the streets last night that the sewerage muddle had at last been settled by the city taking over the existing plant at a satisfactory price, it was learned that while the report was incorrect, that there is every indication of an adjustment of the matter at the regular meeting of Council Wednesday morning of this week, when, it is said, formal resolutions may be introduced and adopted. So far as could be learned last night, the question has not as yet been definitely settled.

Mayor Smith, as a representative of the city, was asked last night about the report. He replied that he could give out absolutely nothing that he might know as to the negotiations between the city and sewerage company, but that he could say that he believed the matter would be settled at the regular meeting Wednesday. He seemed to think that within 30 or 40 days the city would be in charge of the existing plant. However, for further information he referred the inquirer to City Attorney Herbert McClammy, or Iredell Meares, Esq., counsel for the sewerage Company.

It was stated in The Star a few days ago from bits of information gathered here and there that the city attorney and the attorney for the bondholders' committee had practically settled upon a price and that it was likely that the city and the bondholders would concur. At that time it appeared that an answer was pending from the bondholders' committee. It was rumored that that answer had been received and it is favorable to the proposition. Mr. Meares declined last night to discuss this phase of the matter at all. Like Mayor Smith he suggested that something would probably be done at the meeting of Council Wednesday.

The Star stated last week that the price agreed upon was about $130,000 this being a reduction of $30,000 from the price at which the sewerage company held the plant some time ago. The price agreed upon will not vary $10,000 either way, though it is not likely that the city will agree or has agreed to pay more than $130,000. It is stated in The Star that $30,000 would be paid in cash and the balance in annual instalments of $10,000 each. The statement as to terms is probably incorrect, as it is likely that the sewerage company will give the city 20 years in which to pay the balance.

DROWNS IN LUMBER RIVER.

Dr. E. T. Bullard Loses Life Near Boardman—Seized With Cramp.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Boardman, N. C., July 6.—This afternoon about 5:30 Dr. E. T. Bullard, while in swimming in Lumber river, was seized with a cramp and drowned before assistance could reach him. All possible efforts were made to recover the body in time to save his life, but without avail and after about one hour's search the body was located about 25 feet from where it last went down in about 10 feet of swiftly running water. Dr. Bullard would have completed his course in dentistry at the Atlanta Dental College this year. He was one of the finest boys in Columbus county, a true Christian and loved by every one who knew him. His death is a great shock to the community and his loved ones have the sincerest sympathy of all.

He will be buried at his old home near Braswell, on Sunday afternoon about 4:30 P. M., and will be accorded the full rights of a Modern Woodmen burial service. All friends of the deceased are requested to attend.

STAR COURSE ATTRACTIONS

Brotherhood of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church Plans Series

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church are arranging a star course of attractions to be given during the Fall and Winter in the memorial Building of their church. The donor of this building gave it to the church and civic purposes, and the Brotherhood recently decided that one of the best uses that this magnificent gift could be put to was to give series of high-grade attractions. The purpose of this series is not gainful, but to minister to the entire community in what is truly artistic, educational, in what is truly artistic, tional. The attractions of the series are the best in their several lines to be had in the United States, and are furnished by the leading Southern Bureau. The series of attractions are as follows:

The Apollo Concert Company, October. This is one of the splendid musical organizations in this line of work. Had they twice the time every bit of it would be taken by the various bureaus throughout the United States. Five people with a new musical instrument of their own invention, The Appollophone.

Dr. Thos. E. Green. Without question Dr. Thos. E. Green is the foremost figure on the American platform today. He is a member of the Episcopal clergy, but ten years ago, in response to the urgent and increasing demands for his addresses, he relinquished his work, and since then has devoted himself altogether to the lecture platform. Every now and then he goes abroad to make personal investigations for the addresses he intends to deliver. A year or two ago he spent months in Japan and China. Now he has just returned from a 13 months' trip abroad, during which time he visited various lands, and has recently returned home with a magnificent address on "The Burden of the Nations," in which he gives the trend of worldwide thought and activities.

International Opera Company. The members of this company have been closely identified with leading opera companies in this country and abroad, and each represent a different nationality, and hence the name. "International Opera Company." They come with the highest recommendations, and set new standards of music in this line of attractions. They have with them a fine pianist. Five people.

Mr. Sidney Landon. Mr. Sidney Landon is a real artist, and is one of the greatest characterists in our country. He gives a reading from various authors and makes up to look like the men from whose writings he gives his readings. And then he does other things besides that makes his evenings most fascinating, interesting and instructive. Mr. Sidney Landon comes in January.

The Chicago Ladies' Orchestra. This is a superlatively fine orchestra and does real orchestra work. The orchestra is under the personal direction of Louis O. Runner. The company embraces nine people. The orchestra comes in February.

The Cambridge Players. This company presents a distinct departure in this line of entertainment, presenting scetches in costume in addition to their musical work. So popular has this company become that their entire time is sold out to the various bureaus in the United States for the next three years. They come in March.

The Orpheans. A competent authority and critic recently stated in public print that there were only four leading male quartettes in the United States, and the Orpheans was one of this four. Their work is most delightful.

As was stated above this enterprise is not gainful, and so only a nominal charge will be made for season tickets.

The price of a double season ticket, admitting two people to the entire series of seven numbers, is only four dollars. The Brotherhood have opened their canvass for season tickets, and have called to their assistance Mr. Chas. G. Dilworth, of Augusta, Ga. All information can be secured from Mr. D. L. Latta, care of Alexander Sprunt & Son.

MR. GODWIN ACCEPTS

Formal Reply to Notification of Democratic Executive Committee

House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., July 5th, 1912.

To the Democratic Congressional Executive Committee of the Sixth District.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your kind favor of recent date, notifying me of my nomination for the office of Representative, from the Sixth district, in the 63rd Congress. In reply I beg to express to you and the entire Democracy of the Sixth district my sincere thanks and most hearty appreciation for the nomination. I realize that the nomination carries with it a very high honor as well as a grave responsibility and I promise my constituents to perform the duties of the office to the very best of my ability.

When I was first nominated at Fayetteville, six years ago, I made a solemn declaration to the effect that I would render the best possible service to all the people of the district, without regard to sections and classes and that I was serious in my hope that the Democracy of the district would have no cause to regret the nomination made at that time. I have done the best I could in the past, in reference to every matter coming in line official duties and I feel that I am better prepared now, on account of the service I have rendered, to make a more efficient Representative in the future.

I feel profoundly grateful to my friends for their loyal support and I shall always be glad to have an opportunity to serve them. I am conscious of the fact that the vote I received is convincing proof that a large majority of the people are satisfied with my work here in their behalf, and are still anxious for my services to be continued here. It is true, that the vote was not as large as it would have been if the primary had been held on Saturday and at a time when the farmers were not so busily engaged in their crops, but I am satisfied with the result and I here and now pledge to the people of the district my best services in the 63rd Congress. I also pledge to the Democracy of the district my hearty support and co-operation in the campaign and election this Fall. Sincerely yours,

H. L. GODWIN.

GREAT ESTIMATE OF WILSON

Strong Editorial from An Able New York Paper

(The Journal of Commerce).

There could have been no better outcome of the long contest over the Democratic nomination for President at Baltimore than the candidacy of Governor Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey. It might have come sooner but for the obstinate adherence of the supporters of Speaker Clark to their favorite, who took the lead on the first ballot, holding it until the 13th and at one time having over a majority of the delegates. We are not sure but that the efforts of Mr. Bryan to browbeat the New York delegation, which supported Clark, to whose candidacy his own Nebraska delegation was pledged, helped toward the nomination of Wilson. At all events, after the Illinois delegation broke away and the name of Underwood was withdrawn, there was a rush for Wilson, which carried the Clark votes with it and gave the New Jersey Governor more than the necessary two-thirds without counting the "Murphy delegation" which aroused the ire of Bryan as the minion of the dragons of Wall Street.

There is no doubt of the progressiveness of Wilson. It is of the advanced but not the wildly radical order. He is a man of unquestionable ability, thorough intellectual training, wide study and scholarship, and talent for administration. He is an uncommonly persuasive speaker and writer, and comes as near being a practical statesman as almost any man who could be mentioned now in public life. We have no reason to doubt his integrity of character and purpose, and he is above suspicion of tolerating anything crooked or corrupt in politics or public life. There is reason to believe that, clothed with the responsibility of high office, he will be a safe and prudent Chief Magistrate of the Nation, if he should be elected. One great advantage of his nomination will be that it will leave no excuse for Mr. Roosevelt's third party movement in the cause of progressiveness, and will probably take out of it what life it might otherwise have.

WILMINGTON RED CROSS

Tuberculosis Sanitarium Chartered—Carolina and Yadkin River

Raleigh, N. C., July 6.—An amendment to the charter of the Carolina and Yadkin River Railroad Company, principal office at Thomasville, provides for an increase of the capital stock from $1,000,000 to $4,000,000. Bird S. Coler is president.

The company recently changed hands and changed its name from Piedmont Railroad Company. Very considerable extensions and improvements are on foot.

The Wilmington Red Cross Sanitarium, Inc., was chartered today for Wilmington, the purpose being the establishment of an institution that shall be supported by regular appropriations by the City of Wilmington and county of New Hanover and by contributions from public-spirited citizens. Tuberculosis patients who are bona fide residents of Wilmington and New Hanover county are to be treated. The incorporators are: Mrs. W. L. Parsley, Miss Lilly Brown, Mrs. Allen Nichols, Miss Hettie James, Miss Belle Thomas, Miss Carrie Price, Rev. Thomas P. Noe, Dr. Jno. C. Wessell, Dr. Joseph Akerman, Mrs. W. B. Cooper, Mrs. W. H. Sprunt, Mrs. S. Solomon, Dr. R. B. Slocum.

DIES ON TRAIN.

Mrs. Amzi L. Barber Found Dead on Congressional Limited.

Washington, July 6.—Mrs. Amzi L. Barber, of this city, widow of the asphalt king, died suddenly tonight while returning from New York on the Congressional limited. As the train was leaving Baltimore the conductor discovered Mrs. Barber was dead.

The body of Mrs. Barber was brought to this city. She was a leader in the resident social set, was prominent in the advocacy of woman suffrage and an avowed opponent of cruelty to animals, etc. She is survived by two daughters.

Wright SELLS LOTS

Atlantic Avenue has an appropriate sound for the rapidly becoming beautiful avenue a hundred feet in width from the majestic Cape Fear river to Carolina Heights. The city beautiful avenue from Brunswick county to Scott's Hill, East Wilmington, Wrightsville and the garden spot of North Carolina, lying between Wilmington and the ocean.

Every city has one particularly beautiful street, and what is now Market street is the Peachtree street, Fifth avenue, of Wilmington. The day when open air markets can be allowed on this street has passed, and the name should also pass to an appropriately named avenue. With the continued improvements to the avenue comes the rise in property values, and on Atlantic avenue we have "cornered" a few good ones.

First is the North East corner of Sixteenth street—a beautiful lot 66 by 330 feet.

Another on Market, between 15th and 16th, on the North side.

The South East corner of Fourteenth is also for sale, and a sure profit awaits the purchaser.

The old colonial house on the North West corner of Third and Market—Atlantic Avenue—and the house directly North, is for sale at most attractive price and terms. This property has only changed hands four times since the "Days of '76," and there is no clearer, better title to any piece of Wilmington real estate. A fine investment awaits the investor here.

All through Wilmington we are buying and selling; at present we have more customers who want houses and lots from five to ten thousand dollars, that are worth the money, than we have property. Therefore, if you want your property sold, we are the people to do it for you.

We will be glad to see you.

J. G. WRIGHT & SON,
Real Estate Agents,
124 Princess Str.
Began business 22 years ago.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. J. Hanby—For Sale.
H. L. Fennell—G. & J. Tires.
A. David Co.—One Fourth Off.
A. D. Brown—Shirt and Collar Sale.
C. L. Myers—Administrator's Notice.
Wilmington Furniture Co.—Attention.
Tidewater Power Co.—Wrightsville Beach.
D. R. Foster & Co.—Ten Per Cent. Increase.
W. D. MacMillan, Jr.—Studebaker Automobiles.
Hanover Realty Co.—Take Time by the Forelock.

BUSINESS LOCALS

SUGAR MAPLES and other trees. Place your order now with the Audubon Nursery for fall delivery. Address C. W. M. Hess, Manager, Box 731, Wilmington, N. C. jy7-2t

MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in few weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. jy7-3t*

SALESMEN—Do you want $10 a day side line or main line deal? Five combined propositions; snappiest ever sprung. American Pottery Co., St. Louis, Mo. jy7-1t*

LOST—Gold bracelet, between Oceanic and Seashore hotels. Reward, if returned to Room 193, Oceanic Hotel. jy7-1t*

FOUND, in Oakdale cemetery, June 16th, one pair gold rimmed spectacles in case. Owner may have same by 'phoning to 583 and paying for this ad. jy7-1t

JOHNSON CITY, TENN. — A special train will leave Wilmington, N. C., Tuesday morning, July 16th, at 7 o'clock. Returning, leave Johnson City at 8:30 A. M., July 19th. Fare, round trip, $6.00. Good order guaranteed. Don't miss this opportunity to see the beautiful scenery along the route. Good hotel accommodations. jy7-1t*

FOR SALE—A colonial home with all modern conveniences and artesian well. Lot, 73x165. To see it is to want it. Home sits back with beautiful lawn and flowers in front. See M. C. Darby & Co., Sole Agents. jy7-1t

BUSINESS PROPERTY, on Market street, fronting 45 feet on Market and 132 feet deep. On north side, between Second and Third. Can be bought at a very low figure. Room to build three stores. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. jy7-1t

A PRETTY COTTAGE HOME at Winter Park. Has six rooms and electric light and telephone. Lot in the most desirable location at Winter Park. Lot 66 by 236. Lying between the Shell road and trolley. Can be bought for less than $2,000.00. Cash or time. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. jy7-1t

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE on Market street, between 9th and 10th streets. Has large lot and nine-room house, with all modern conveniences. Market street is the Fifth avenue of Wilmington, so you better investigate this property at once. Price very moderate. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. jy7-1t

SALESMAN RESIDENT—Covering nearby territory, to handle the strongest $9.00 line of Ladies' Waists on commission basis. Exclusive rights to a live wire and modern business producer. State present connections, age, and territory desired. Bijou Waist Co., 536 B'way., New York City. jy7-1t*

WANTED—To buy a large refrigerator, suitable for store. Must be in good condition and cheap. Give dimensions and price in first letter. Address P. O. Box 393, City. jy7-1t*

GOOD JERSEY MILK for sale at Third and Hanover. jy7-1t*

FOR SALE—Highest lot on Wrightsville Beach extension. Southern exposure. Splendid view ocean and sound; near car line. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. jy7-1t

CAROLINA PLACE—Have two lots on Perry avenue between Eighteenth and Nineteenth; Southern exposure, that can be bought at a price to ensure a splendid investment; well located for a home; also three adjoining lots on the turnpike. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. jy7-1t

SPLENDID eight-room modern home; northeast corner Eighth and Orange streets, can be bought at a reasonable figure. See L. W. Moore, 123 Princess street. Telephone 332. jy7-1t

WANTED TO TEACH—A few special pupils during the Summer months. Either Grammar or High School subject. School begins Monday, July 8th, ends about Oct. 1st. For information apply to Israel H. Noe, 511 Queen street. 'Phone 1830. jy7-1t

PATENTS secured or fee returned. Send sketch for free report as to patentability. Guide book and list of inventions wanted sent free. One million dollars offered for one invention. Patents advertised free. Victor J. Evans & Co., 948, Washington, D. C. jy7-1t*

SWITCHES made from combings and cut hair, this Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday only, for 75 cents. Made on short notice. Mrs. Sykes, 116 South Ninth street. jy7-1t*

CROCHETED HAND BAGS made to order from $1.50 up. Made on short notice. 'Phone 1751. Mrs. Ramsey. jy7-1t*

SALESLADIES WANTED — Reply in own handwriting, stating age and experience. P. O. Box 541. jy7-1t*

WANTED—A home with family by a nice young woman, 25 years of age. Willing to make herself useful about the house. Address "J-1089," care Star. jy7-1t*

CORPORATIONS financed. Canadian English and American capital. Stocks and bonds sold on commission. Rates reasonable. International Investment Corporation, 534 Dovercourt, Toronto, Canada. jy7-1t*

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED for government positions, $80.00 month. Annual vacations. Short hours, no "lay offs." Vacations. Common education sufficient. Over 12,000 appointments coming. Influence unnecessary. Send postal immediately for free list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dept. 289-R, Rochester, N. Y. jy7-su9t*

WANTED — Plain sewing neatly done. Apply 1111 Market street. jy7-1t*

WANTED—Gentlemen roomers. Privilege of bath and phone. Call 139. jy7-1t

HONEST YOUNG MAN wants position as clerk, or anything you have considered. Can give references. Address "D. P.," care Star. jy7-1t*

BRICK, BRICK, BRICK—We are now in a position to make prompt deliveries and lowest prices. Roger Moore's Sons Co. jy7-2t

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen, and earn while they learn. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. jy7-1t*

KELLY & HAMLIN—215 Market street, successors to Haar & McNeely, dealers in fancy and family groceries, chickens and eggs, fruits and vegetables of all kinds fresh every day. Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a trial and you will call again. 'Phone 378. jy7-1t*

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION—Run by Epworth League, July 9th, down river, out to sea, stopping at Southport or Fort Caswell. Refreshments. Fare, 35c. Public cordially invited. jy7-1t*

ANNUAL EXCURSION, and Picnic, Southside Baptist Sunday school, Thursday, July 11, Carolina Beach. Boat leaves 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. jy7,10-2t*

FOR SALE—Four splendid mules. Bargain for cash buyer. Do not need them. T. W. Alderman, Folkstone, N. C. jy7-2t*

SEA BREEZE PARK, Masonboro Sound. We still have a number of very desirable lots unsold at this delightful Summer resort. These lots are beautifully situated, overlooking both Sound and Ocean. A small cash payment secures one; the balance can be paid in monthly installments of $10.00. Our automobile will make a trip to the property tomorrow. We would be glad to have you go. Wilder & Metts. 'Phone 162 or 631. jy7-1t

MOST DESIRABLE building lot at Carolina Heights for sale; 50x150; facing Market street. You may never have the opportunity at such an ideal location again. 'Phone Wilder & Metts. jy7-1t

$2,000.00 BUYS four houses and two vacant lots in Southern part of the city; size of property, 198x132, on a corner; monthly rental, $16.00. We believe this is worth your investigation. Wilder & Metts. jy7-1t

ATTRACTIVE HOME for sale on Market street, beyond 17th street. Every modern convenience; large lot; new house and the price is right. Wilder & Metts. jy7-1t

WE HAVE a very nicely situated lot on the Chestnut Street extension of Carolina Heights, at a very reasonable figure. Southern exposure. This will make a good purchase for either home or investment. Wilder & Metts. jy7-1t

ON THE CORNER of 2nd and Castle, we have for sale a desirable piece of property that will make a good location for home or store. Wilder & Metts. jy7-1t

LOST—Lady's black silk umbrella, with silver handle; initials "K. L. S.," on 3:30 Beach car Saturday afternoon. Finder please deliver same to 421 South Fifth street, and get reward, or call 'phone 1521. jy7-1t*

SPECIAL BARGAIN—$400 piano slightly used, can be bought for $150 cash. First come first served. Chas. M. Stieff, 213 Princess street. jy7-3t

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON may earn a good, steady income corresponding for newspapers. We suggest subjects. No experience required. Address Press Correspondence Bureau, Washington, D. C. je9,12,16,23,30; jy2,7,14,17,21,28,31*

WANTED—Young lady wants position as book-keeper or cashier; thoroughly experienced; best references. Address "Experience," care Star. jy3,5,7-3t*

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars; cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Harriss' Typewriting and Advertising Co., 114 Princess street; 'phone 708. de1-tu,su,th-tf

EVERYTHING GOOD to eat. We have it. Dressed chickens, hens and Spring. All kinds of fresh meats, fruits, vegetables and groceries. Call for what you want. We keep most complete variety in the city. Palace Market. 'Phone 72. jy6-tf

WANTED—By young man, position in shipping department of wholesale house for two or three hours each morning. Will consider other work. References. Address "I. W. L.," care Star. jy6-2t*

WANTED — Gentlemen roomers. Privilege of bath and 'phone. Apply 120 North Second street. jy6-2t*

WANTED—Middle-aged white servant; good home for the right party; board and room on the premises. Address "B", care Star. jy 6-tf.

FOR SALE—Twenty-nine Homer pigeons for $5.00. Cheap for quick sale. Phone 438, Call 2. jy 6-tf.

FOR SALE at a bargain, if sold quick, five acres of land and nice dwelling at Leland. Address L. C. Adams, Leland, N. C. jy4-6t*

BUY YOUR LUNCHEONS from B. May's Delicatessen and do away with work and worry during the hot weather. Prices are right. 130 Market street. 'phone 1322. jy3-tf

FOR RENT — A furnished cottage on Wrightsville Beach, Northern Extension. Possession given immediately. See H. E. Bonitz or C. D. Maffitt. jy4-tf

TO THE PUBLIC—We wish to announce that we have opened a general repair and horse-shoeing shop at 1103 Castle street. Work promptly and neatly done. Your patronage solicited. Castle Street Repair Co. jy2-15t*

FOR SALE—Rough and dressed pine and cypress boards, floorings, ceiling, weather boarding and laths. Reasonable prices; quick delivery. 'Phone 538. Camp Manufacturing Co. my30-tu,th,sa-30t*

FOR RENT—One nice seven room two-story house, with large shady yard; good water; No. 516 McRae street. Apply to P. P. Lamb, 520 McRae street; 'phone 426. jy3-6t*

MEN WANTED — To learn automobile business. Why work hard for small pay? Experts earn big salaries. We teach you. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION — Practical auto. instruction given by us on the latest cars and in the best equipped shop in the State. Easy terms. Wilmington Automobile School, 114 N. Second street. P. O. Box 124. my11-tf

BARGAINS in a fine line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags. Also in all kinds of unredeemed pledges. Save money and see Uncle Charles, 16 S. Front street. ja3-tf

WRITE US for special Summer proposition. Our place will please you. White Sulphur Springs, Mt. Airy, N. C. je14-30t*

BUICK AND PALMER SINGER Automobiles, now at Queen City Cycle Co. je2-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, one five-passenger Mitchell touring car in first class condition. Original cost, $2,000. Address "Automobile," care Morning Star. je19-tf

Our Style of Advertising

The Subject of Debate Between Leading Citizens:

Mr. A.—Of course, all Wilmingtonians are gratified at the success of the American National Bank.

Mr. B.—Their style of advertising appeals to me. Dignified and forceful.

Mr. A.—Yes, and with the vast amount they do, they never reflect on their competitors.

Mr. B.—A strong, healthy, successful bank like the American National Bank is made by just such creditable methods.

The American National Bank

——of Wilmington.——

THOS. E. COOPER, Cashier.

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK WILMINGTON

Resources, $2,000,000.00
MOST CENTRAL LOCATION
Opposite City Postoffice
Accounts of any size received and prompt individual attention of experienced officers available.

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company

Wants your Savings Account. It Pays Four Per Cent on all balances of $5.00 or more.

"Give this bank your Savings Account."

The Atlantic Trust and Banking Company

Hanover Inn

Has earned the reputation of serving the best cooked meals ever offered visitors to Wrightsville Beach.

EVERY DAY A SPECIAL DAY

with us. There's an individuality about our menus and our service. We are pleasing our most exacting guests and we can please you.

——MEALS, 75 CENTS.——

Dinner—1 to 3. Supper—6:30 to 8:30

It's wise to 'phone for reservation in advance.

WARREN H. WILLIAMS, Manager.

June 11-1mo.

FOR SALE

The Gerrit Walker property in Harnett township, New Hanover county, containing 1,220 acres, more or less, subject to life estate of Gerritt Walker and wife and with privilege of redemption by Walker and wife during their life time by payment of $6,000.00, with interest from November 1, 1909, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, to be computed as payable annually.

ARCHIBALD J. HANBY, Agent.
Box 155, City.

jy7-1t

Diamonds Watches Silverware Cut Glass

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER,
104 North Front Street.

Canned Goods

186 Cases No. 3 Tomatoes.
111 Cases No. 10 Tomatoes
109 Cases No. 1 Fish Roe.
117 Cases No. 2 Fish Roe.
141 Cases Pink Salmon.
187 Cases China Salmon.
281 Cases Amer. Sardines.
116 Cases Imp't'd Sardines.
160 Cases No. 2 Sausage Meat.
113 Cases No. 1 Sausage Meat.
79 Cases No. 3 Sausage Meat.
42 Bags Cow Peas.

W. B. Cooper Co.
Importers and Jobbers.

Special Prices

Special Prices on the following—
100 Bbls. Large Mullets.
200 Bbls. Medium Mullets.
100 Bbls. Small Mullets.
200 Boxes Smoked Herring.
40 Boxes Cod Fish.
200 Cases Salmon.
200 Cases Sardines.
50 Cases Herring Roe.
100 Cases Oysters.
500 Bbls. Fancy Patent Flour.
400 Sacks Broken Rice.
400 Sacks Head Rice
75 Bbls. Fancy Molasses.
50 Bbls. N. O. Molasses.

We also carry a full line of Cakes, Candies, Snuff, Tobacco, etc., all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 12

VOL. XC—NO. 93 WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1912. WHOLE NUMBER 13,947.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Baltimore, July 6.—The full text of the platform adopted by the Democratic National Convention is as follows:

We, the representatives of the Democratic party of the United States, in National convention assembled, reaffirm our devotion to the principles of Democratic government formulated by Thomas Jefferson and enforced by a long and illustrious line of Democratic Presidents.

Tariff Reform.

We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the Federal government under the Constitution has no right or power to impose or collect tariff duties, except for the purpose of revenue, and we demand that the collection of such taxes shall be limited to the necessities of government honestly and economically administered.

The high Republican tariff is the principal cause of the unequal distribution of wealth; it is a system of taxation which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer; under its operations the American farmer and laboring man are the chief sufferers; it raises the cost of the necessaries of life to them, but does not protect their product or wages. The farmer sells largely in free markets and buys almost entirely in the protected markets. In the most highly protected industries such as cotton and wool, steel and iron, the wages of the laborers are the lowest paid in any of our industries. We denounce the Republican pretense on that subject and assert that American wages are established by competitive conditions and not by the tariff.

We favor the immediate downward revision of the existing high and, in many cases, prohibitive tariff duties, insisting that material reductions be speedily made upon the necessaries of life. Articles entering into competition with trust controlled products and articles of American manufacture which are sold abroad more cheaply than at home, should be put upon the free list.

We recognize that our system of tariff taxation is intimately connected with the business of the country and we favor the ultimate attainment of the principles we advocate by legislation that will not injure or destroy legitimate industry.

We denounce the action of President Taft in vetoing the bils to reduce the tariff in the cotton, woolen, metals and chemical schedules and the farmers' free list bill, all of which were designed to give immediate relief to the masses from the exactions of the trusts.

The Republican party, while promising tariff revision has shown by its tariff legislation that such revision is not to be in the people's interests and having been faithless to its pledges of 1908 it should no longer enjoy the confidence of the Nation. We appeal to the American people to support us in our demand for a tariff for revenue only.

High Cost of Living.

The high cost of living is a serious problem in every American home. The Republican party, in its platform, attempts to escape from responsibility for present conditions by denying that they are due to a protective tariff. We take issue with them on this subject and charge that excessive prices result in a large measure from the high tariff laws enacted and maintained by the Republican party and from trusts and commercial conspiracies fostered and encouraged by such laws, and we assert that no substantial relief can be secured for the people until import duties on the necessaries of life are materially reduced and these criminal conspiracies broken up.

Anti-Trust Law.

A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. We therefore favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal as well as the civil law against trusts and trust officials and demand the enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States.

We favor the declaration by law of the conditions upon which corporations shall be permitted to engage in inter-State trade, including, among others, the prevention of holding companies, of interlocking directors, of stock watering, of discrimination in price, and the control by any one corporation of so large a proportion of any industry as to make it a menace to competitive conditions.

We condemn the action of the Republican administration in compromising with the Standard Oil Company and the Tobacco Trust and its failure to invoke the criminal provisions of the anti-trust law against the officers of those corporations after the court had declared that from the undisputed facts in the record they had violated the criminal provisions of the law.

We regret that the Sherman anti-trust law has received a judicial construction depriving it of much of its efficacy and we favor the enactment of legislation which will restore to the statute the strength of which it has been deprived by such interpretation.

Rights of the States.

We believe in the preservation and maintenance in their full strength and integrity of the three co-ordinate branches of the Federal government—the executive, the legislative and the judicial—each keeping within its own bounds and not encroaching upon the just powers of either of the others.

Believing that the most efficient results under our system of government are to be attained by the full exercise by the States of their reserved sovereign powers, we denounce as usurpation the efforts of our opponents to deprive the States of any of the rights reserved to them, and to enlarge and magnify by indirection the powers of the Federal government.

We insist upon the full exercise of all the powers of the government, both State and National, to protect the people from injustice, at the hands of those who seek to make the government a private asset in business. There is no twilight zone between the Nation and the State in which exploiting interests can take refuge from both. It is as necessary that the Federal government shall exercise the powers reserved to them, but we insist that Federal remedies for the regulation of inter-State commerce and for the prevention of private monopoly shall be added to and not substituted for State remedies.

Income Tax and Popular Election of Senators.

We congratulate the country upon the triumph of two important reforms demanded in the last National platform, namely the amendment of the Federal constitution authorizing an income tax and the amendment providing for the popular election of Senators, and we call upon the people of all the States to rally to the support of the pending propositions and secure their ratification.

We note with gratification the unanimous sentiment in favor of publicity before the election, of campaign contributions—a measure demanded in our National platform of 1908, and at that time opposed by the Republican party and we commend the Democratic House of Representatives for extending the doctrine of publicity to recommendations, verbal and written upon which Presidential appointments are made, to the ownership and control of newspapers and to the expenditures made by and in behalf of those who aspire to Presidential nominations, and we point for additional justification for this legislation to the enormous expenditures of money in behalf of the President and his predecessor in the recent contest for the Republican nomination for President.

Presidential Primaries.

The movement towards more popular government should be promoted through legislation in each State which will permit the expression of the preference of the electors for National candidates at Presidential primaries.

We direct that the National Committee incorporate in the call for the next nominating convention a requirement that all expressions of preference for Presidential candidates shall be given and the selection of delegates and alternates made through a primary election conducted by the party organization in each State where such expression and election are not provided for by State law.

Committeemen who are hereafter to constitute the membership of the Democratic National Committee and whose election is not provided for by law, shall be chosen in each State at such primary elections and the service in each State at such primary elections and the service and authority of committeemen, however chosen, shall begin immediately upon the receipt of their credentials respectively.

Campaign Contributions.

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law prohibiting any corporation from contributing to a campaign fund and any individual from contributing any amount above a reasonable maximum.

Term of President.

We favor a single Presidential term, and to that end urge the adoption of an amendment to the constitution making the President of the United States ineligible for re-election and we pledge the candidate of this convention to this principle.

Democratic Congress.

At this time when the Republican party, after a generation of unlimited power in its control of the Federal government, is rent into factions, it is opportune to point to the record of accomplishment of the Democratic House of Representatives in the 62nd Congress. We endorse its action and we challenge comparison of its record with that of any Congress which has been controlled by our opponents.

We call the attention of the patriotic citizens of our country to its record of efficiency, economy and constructive legislation.

It has, among other achievements, revised the rules of the House of Representatives so as to give to the representatives of the American people freedom of speech and of action in advocating, proposing and perfecting remedial legislation,

It has passed bills for the relief of the people and the development of our country; it has endeavored to revise the tariff taxes downward in the interest of the consuming masses and thus to reduce the high cost of living.

It has proposed an amendment to the Federal constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people.

It has secured the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as two sovereign States.

It has required the publicity of campaign expenses both before and after election and fixed a limit upon the election expenses of United States Senators and representatives.

It has also passed a bill to prevent the abuse of the writ of injunction.

It has passed a law establishing an eight-hour day for workmen on all National public work.

It has passed a resolution which forced the President to take immediate steps to abrogate the Russian treaty.

And it has passed the great supply bills which lessen waste and extravagance and which reduce the annual expenses of the government by many millions of dollars.

We approve the measure reported by the Democratic leaders in the House of Representatives for the creation of a council of National defense, which will determine a definite naval programme with a view to increased efficiency and economy. The party that proclaimed and has always enforced the Monroe Doctrine, and was sponsor for the new navy, will continue faithfully to observe the constitutional requirements to provide and maintain an adequate and well proportioned navy sufficient to defend American policies, protect our citizens and uphold the honor and dignity of the Nation.

Republican Extravagance.

We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation through the lavish appropriations of recent Republican Congresses, which have kept taxes high, and reduced the purchasing power of the people's toil. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which befits a democratic government and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

Railroads, Express Companies, Telegraph and Telephone Lines.

We favor the efficient supervision and rate regulation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines engaged in inter-State commerce. To this end we recommend the valuation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines by the Inter-State Commerce Commission, such valuation to take into consideration the physical value of the property, the original cost, the cost of reproduction, and any element of value that will render the valuation fair and just.

We favor such legislation as will effectually prohibit the railroads, express, telegraph and telephone companies from engaging in business which brings them into competition with their shippers, or patrons; also legislation preventing the over-issue of stocks and bonds by inter-State railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines, the legislation which will assure such reductions in transportation rates as conditions will permit, care being taken to avoid reduction that would compel a reduction of wages, prevent adequate service, or do injustice to legitimate investments.

Banking Legislation.

We oppose the so-called Aldrich bill or the establishment of a central bank, and we believe the people of the country will be largely freed from panics and consequent unemployment and business depression by such a systematic revision of our banking laws as will render temporary relief in localities where such relief is needed, with protection from control or dominion by what is known as the money trust.

Banks exist for the accommodation of the public and not for the control of business. All legislation on the subject of banking and currency should have for its purpose the securing of these accommodations on terms of absolute security to the public and of complete protection from the misuse of the power that wealth gives to those who possess it.

We condemn the present methods of depositing government funds in a few favored banks, largely situated in or controlled by Wall Street, in return for political favors, and we pledge our party to provide by law for their deposit by competitive bidding in the banking institutions of the country, National and State, without discrimination as to locality upon approved securities and subject to call by the government.

Rural Credits.

Of equal importance with the question of currency reform is the question of rural credits or agricultural finance. Therefore, we recommend that an investigation of agricultural credit societies in foreign countries be made, so that it may be ascertained whether a system of rural credits may be devised suitable to conditions in the United States; and we also favor legislation permitting National banks to loan a reasonable proportion of their funds on real estate security.

We recognize the value of vocational education and urge Federal appropriations for such training and extensive teaching in agriculture in co-operation with the several States.

Waterways.

We renew the declaration in our last platform relating to the conservation of our natural resources and the development of our waterways. The present devastation of the lower Mississippi valley accentuates the movement for the regulation of river flow by additional bank and levee protection below and the diversion, storage and control of the flood waters above and the utilization for the beneficial purposes in the reclamation of arid and swamp lands and the development of waterpower instead of permitting the floods to continue as heretofore, agents of destruction.

We hold that the control of the Mississippi river is a National problem. The preservation of the depth of its water for the purpose of navigation, the building of levees to maintain the integrity of its channel, and the prevention of the overflow of the land and its consequent devastation, resulting in the interruption of inter-State commerce, the disorganization of the mail service and the enormous loss of life and property impose an obligation, which alone can be discharged by the general government.

To maintain an adequate depth of water the entire year and thereby encourage water transportation, is a consummation worthy of legislative attention and presents an issue National in its character. It calls for prompt action on the part of Congress, and the Democratic party pledges itself to the enactment of legislation leading to that end.

We favor the co-operation of the United States and the respective States in plans for the comprehensive treatment of all waterways with co-operative plans for channel improvement, with plans for drainage of swamp and overflowed lands, and to this end we favor the appropriation by the Federal government of sufficient funds to make surveys of such lands to develop plans for draining the same and to supervise the work of construction.

We favor the adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for the development and improvement of our inland waterways with economy and efficiency, so as to permit their navigation by vessels of standard draft.

Post Roads.

We favor National aid to State and local authorities in the construction and maintenance of post roads.

Rights of Labor.

We repeat our declaration of the platform of 1908, as follows:

"The courts of justice are the bulwark of our liberties, and we yield to none in our purpose to maintain their dignity. Our party has given to the bench a long line of distinguished justices who have added to the respect and confidence in which this department must be jealously maintained. We resent the attempt of the Republican party to raise a false issue respecting the judiciary. It is an unjust reflection upon a great body of our citizens to assume that they lack respect for the courts.

"It is the function of the courts to interpret the laws which the people enact, and if the laws appear to work economic, social, or political injustice, it is our duty to change them. The only basis upon which the integrity of our courts can stand is that of unswerving justice and protection of life, personal liberty and property. As judicial processes may be abused we should guard them against abuse.

"Experience has proved the necessity of a modification of the law relating to injunction and we reiterate the pledges of our platform of 1896 and 1904 in favor of a measure which passed the United States Senate in 1896, relating to contempt in Federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

Questions of judicial practice have arisen, especially in connection with industrial disputes. We believe that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality, and that injunctions should not be issued in any case in which an injunction would not issue if no industrial dispute were involved.

The expanding organization of industry makes it essential that there should be no abridgement of the right of the wage earners and producers to organize for the protection of wages and the improvement of labor conditions, to the end that such labor organizations and their members should not be regarded as illegal combinations in restraint of trade.

"We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law creating a Department of Labor represented separately in the President's cabinet, in which department shall be included the subject of mines and mining."

We pledge the Democratic party, so far as the Federal jurisdiction extends, to an employees' compensation law providing adequate indemnity for injury to body or loss of life.

Conservation.

We believe in the conservation and the development for the use of all the people, of the natural resources of the country, our forests, our sources of water supply, our arable and our mineral lands, our navigable streams and all the other material resources with which our country has been so lavishly endowed, constitute the foundation of our National wealth. Such additional legislation as may be necessary to prevent their being wasted or absorbed by special or privileged interests, should be enacted and the policy of their conservation should be rigidly adhered to.

The public domain should be administered and disposed of with due regard to the general welfare. Reservations should be limited to the purposes which they purport to serve and not extended to include land wholly unsuited therefor. The unnecessary withdrawal from sale and settlement of enormous tracts of public land, upon which tree growth never existed and cannot be promoted tends only to retard development, create discontent and bring reproach upon the policy of conservation.

The public land laws should be administered in a spirit of the broadest liberality towards the settler, exhibiting a bona fide purpose to comply therewith, to the end that the invitation of this government to the landless should be as attracive as possible, and the plain provisions of the forest reserve act premitting homestead entries to be made within the National forest should not be nullified by administrative regulations which amount to a withdrawal of great areas of the same from settlement.

Immediate action should be taken by Congress to make available the vast and valuable coal deposits of Alaska under conditions that will be a perfect guaranty against their falling into the hand of monopolizing corporations, associations or interests.

We rejoice in the inheritance of mineral resources unequalled in extent, variety or value and in the development of a mining industry unequalled in its magnitude and importance. We honor the men who, in their hazardous toil underground, daily risk their lives in extracting and preparing for our use the products of the mine, so essential to the industries the commerce and the comfort of the people of this country. And we pledge ourselves to the extension of the work of the Bureau of Mines in every way appropriate for National legislation with a view of safeguarding the lives of the miners, lessening the waste of essential resources, and promoting the economic development of mining, which, along with agriculture, must in the future, even more than in the past, serve as the very foundation of our National prosperity and welfare and our international commerce.

Agriculture.

We believe in encouraging the development of a modern system of agriculture and a systematic effort to improve the conditions of trade in farm products so as to benefit both the consumers and producers. And as an efficient means to this end, we favor the enactment by Congress of legislation that will suppress the pernicious practice of gambling in agricultural products by organized exchanges or others.

Merchant Marine.

We believe in fostering, by constitutional regulation of commerce, the growth of a merchant marine, which shall develop and strengthen the commercial ties which bind us to our sister Republics of the south, but without imposing additional burdens upon the people and without bounties or subsidies from the public treasury.

We urge upon Congress the speedy enactment of laws for the greater security of life and property at sea; and we favor the repeal of all laws, and the abrogation of so much of our treaties with other Nations, as provide for the arrest and imprisonment of seamen charged with desertion or violation of their contract of service. Such laws and treaties are un-American and violate the spirit, if not the letter, of the constitution of the United States.

We favor the exemption from tolls of American ships engaged in coastwise trade passing through the canal.

We also favor legislation forbidding the use of the Panama canal by ships owned or controlled by railroad carriers engaged in transportation competitive with the canal.

Pure Food and Public Health.

We reaffirm our previous declarations advocating the union and strengthening of the various governmental agencies relating to pure foods, quarantine, vital statistics and human health. Thus united and administered without partiality to or discrimination against any school of medicine or system of healing, they would constitute a single health service, not subordinated to any commercial or financial interests, but devoted exclusively to the conservation of human life and efficiency. Moreover, this health service should co-operate with the health agencies of our various States and cities, without interference with their prerogatives or with the freedom of individuals to employ such medical or hygienic aid as they may see fit.

Civil Service Law.

The law pertaining to the civil service should be honestly and rigidly enforced, to the end that merit and ability shall be the standard of appointment and promotion, rather than service rendered to a political party; and we favor a reorganization of the Civil Service with adequate compensation commensurate with the class of work performed, for all officers and employes. We also recommend the extention to all classes of civil service employes of the benefits of the provisions of the employers' liability law; we also recognize the right of direct petition to Congress by employes for the redress of grievance.

Law Reform.

We recognize the urgent need of reform in the administration of civil and criminal law in the United States and we recommend the enactment of such legislation and the promotion of such measures as will rid the present legal system of the delays, expense and uncertainties incident to the system as now administered.

The Philippines.

We reaffirm the position thrice announced by the Democracy in National convention assembled against a policy of imperialism and colonial exploitation in the Philippines and elsewhere. We condemn the experiment in imperialism as an inexcusable blunder which has involved us in enormous expenses, brought us weakness instead of strength, and laid our nation open to the charge of abandonment of the fundamental doctrine of self government. We favor an immediate declaration of the Nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine islands as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us until the neutralization of the islands can be secured by treaty with other powers.

In recognizing the independence of the Philippines our government should retain such land as may be necessary for coaling stations and naval bases.

Arizona and New Mexico.

We welcome Arizona and New Mexico to the sisterhood of States and heartily congratulate them upon their auspicious beginning of great and glorious careers.

Alaska.

We demand for the people of Alaska the full enjoyment of the rights and privileges of a territorial form of government, and we believe that the officials appointed to administer the government of all our Territories and the District of Columbia should be qualified by previous bona fide residence.

The Russian Treaty.

We commend the patriotism of the Democratic members of the Senate and House of Representatives which compelled the termination of the Russian treaty of 1832, and we pledge ourselves anew to preserve the sacred rights of American citizenship at home and abroad. No treaty should receive the sanction of our government which does not recognize that equality of all of our citizens, irrespective of race or creed, and which does not expressly guarantee the fundamental right of expatiation.

The constitutional rights of American citizens should protect them on our borders and go with them throughout the world, and every American citizen residing or having property in any foreign country is entitled to and must be given the full protection of the United States government, both for himself and his property.

Parcels Post and Rural Delivery

We favor the establishment of a parcel post or postal express, and also the extension of the rural delivery system as rapidly as practicable.

Panama Canal Exposition.

We hereby express our deep interest in the great Panama canal exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915, and favor such encouragement as can be properly given.

Protection of National Uniform.

We commend to the several States the adoption of a law making it an offense for the proprietors of places of public amusement and entertainment to discriminate against the uniform of the United States similar to the law passed by the Congress applicable to the District of Columbia and the territories in 1911.

Pensions.

We renew the declaration of our last platform relating to a generous pension policy.

Rule of the People

We call attention to the fact that the Democratic party's demand for a return to the rule of the people expressed in the National platform four years ago has now become the accepted doctrine of a large majority of the electors. We again remind the country that only by a larger exercise of the reserved power of the people can they protect themselves from the misuse of delegated power and the usurpation of governmental instrumentality by special interests. For this reason, the National convention insisted on the overthrow of Cannonism and the inauguration of a system by which United States Senators could be elected by direct vote. The Democratic party offers itself to the country as an agency through which the complete overthrow and exterpation of corruption, fraud and machine rule in American politics can be effected.

Conclusion.

Our platform is one of principles which we believe to be essential to our National welfare. Our pledges are made to be kept when in office as well as relied upon during the campaign, and we invite the co-operation of all citizens, regardless of party, who believe in maintaining unimpaired the institutions and traditions of our country.

STATE'S SCHOOL CHILDREN

Dr. Russell Bellamy Writes Interesting And Timely Article on Need for Medical Examination of Children In Schools

(By Dr. Russell Bellamy).

What music excells the laughter of children, joys the glee of girlhood, pleasures the gallantry of pulsating youth.

No State has a more varied climate. "Her soil is not restrained to any particularly set of plans, but desirable for oaks or myrtles, and adopts itself to the product of nearly every climate." With its twelve-hour trains to Washington, which is rapidly becoming the home of scientist, the artistic, leisure and luxurious class, and its nearness to those cities teeming with energetic force and advancement. New York, Pittsburg, Chicago, Atlanta, Birmingham, Cincinnati and New Orleans, the commonwealth of North Carolina, whose assets should be sought out, guarded and studied. Today her greatest strength is her children.

In doing something to protect and send forward the child whom the army and navy may recruit, the scientist, artist, and dignified profession of the law, must draw the feeling that the wishes of my ancestors is being carried out, comes over me. Among these men was a far-sighted and patriotic great grandfather, Dr. William Harriss, at one time a mayor, my classical, charitable and gentlemanly grandfather, Dr. John D. Bellamy, and my distinguished father, the late Dr. William James Harriss Bellamy, whose intimate contact with child life, in its variety of stages, during his 42 years as the family physician of the best type, I doubt was exceeded by any member of his profession in this or any country. My personal examinations of a very large number of children in the world's largest hospital, and in private life, and as a surgeon for the regular army recruiting, and for the highest class of organizations in North America, Squadron A, a body of cavalrymen, whose mottos were the highest for excellence, gave me many opportunities to note defects and deviations of the human body. I found many types of the ideal mentioned in mythologic Greek. That we have no compulsory military service, one, if not the most flagrant mistakes our people are guilty of, it behooves us to grow into manhood and womanhood, as strong children as possible. The quickest way to gain a strong mind in a child, is to have a strong body, and to equalize the opportunities of children and before the next school session on January 1st, its my hope that the method about to be adopted by the schools of Chicago will be introduced in every school in North Carolina. Plans which I am about to outline first brought to my attention by my friend for many years, Robert Johnstone Mooney, part owner and associate editor of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. A copy of the chart which is about to be adopted by the schools of Chicago, I received through the courtesy of Dr. Walsh, and as it has been modified, it is a pleasure to present it to North Carolinians with the hope that it will be adopted:

Record of Physical Examination

Date——— ———School

Full name — — Age— Grade——

Address —— Street house or flat (if flat, which flat)——Father's name——

Nationality ——Mother's name——

Nationality—— Personal history (specify with reference to unfavorable birth conditions, delayed maturation of physical and mental functions, severe attacks of children's or other di-

(Continued on Page Ten.)

Some Summer Suggestions

Jersey Sweaters with Turtle Necks.

Ladies' Bathing Suits.

Children's Bathing Suits.

Men's Bathing Suits.

Caps, Shoes and Hosiery to Match.

Sunshades, Hair Nets and Hammocks.

Mosquito Canopies.

Hat Trunks, Hand Bags, and All Styles of Trunks.

OUR ART DEPARTMENT.

Our Ad. is incomplete when we fail to refer to our Art Department. The Largest in the State.

Platt & Haar

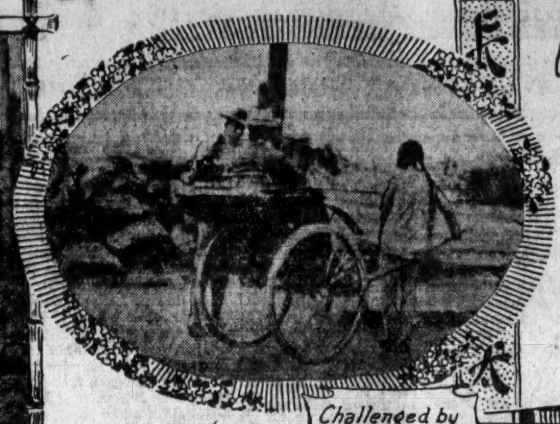
YOU SAVE THE DIFFERENCE.

AT WILMINGTON ——— OR ———WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

RACE-WAR BREWING IN PEKIN!

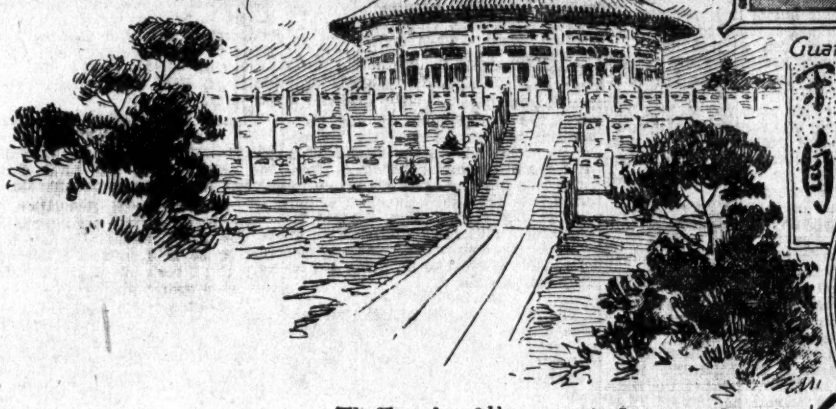
American Theatrical Man Gathering Material For New Production in the Face of Great Danger

American Troops at the Barricades.



Challenged by the out-posts.

Chinese Infantry Reserve—the Boy Scouts.



The Temple of Heaven—to be reproduced in "THE DAUGHTER OF HEAVEN"

Guarding the Italian Legation

This High Priest is a finished Grafter.

The only citizens of Pekin unaffected by recent events.

(By Heywood Broun.)

(Mr. Broun has been sent from New York to China by the Liebler Co., to gather material that will insure an accurate stage presentation of "The Daughter of Heaven," a new Chinese play by Pierre Loti and Judith Gautier, which will be next season's production at the Century Theatre, New York. Mr. Broun will detail his experiences exclusively for this newspaper.)

Peking, June 1.

In the whole kingdom of China there is no city like Peking. Other cities of the empire are huddled together, mean in size and drab in color, for the most part, but Peking is a city of vistas, of tall buildings, and brave colors. It is not in vain that the countless millions of China stagger along just a finger-hold above starvation for from them has been ground for centuries the wealth that has made Peking the chosen home of the Son of Heaven.

To me the contrast was particularly startling for I came here from Tientsin, which I am willing to back against all other claimants to the distinction of being the dirtiest city in the world. Built of mud it is bisected by a yellow river and swept by dust storms. The inhabitants say that the storms carry the dust from the great desert of northern China, but these storms seem hardly essential for there is dry dirt in plenty in the streets and on the walls of the houses of Tientsin.

Jap and Yankee Soldiers Best.

Sheep, pigs and babies run indiscriminately about the narrow streets and it is needless to say that only Chinese babies and Chinese pigs could survive the conditions which exist. There is a large foreign settlement in Tientsin which at present is the headquarters for 6,000 foreign troops of many nations. The city was one of the pivotal points in the Boxer war in 1900. It was in a narrow street of the native city that an American regiment was all but wiped out. Only a few weeks ago the city was looted by unpaid Chinese troops and as it was reported that some of the regiments which had not taken part in the riot were waiting to get their share the foreign guards were on the alert for trouble. The night I arrived a false report spread that two Chinese regiments had started on the rampage and a hurry up order was sent to the soldiers of the allied nations. I happened to be in the Japanese concession when the alarm was sounded and I had a chance to watch the little brown men at work. In 20 minutes they had a barricade of sandbags and a barbed wire fence stretched across the road leading to the native city and three machine guns placed so as to command every approach to their concession. The Americans, the 15th, under Col. Arrasmith, were 20 minutes behind them in completing their preparations. Third came the British, the French, Germans, Italians, Russians and Austrians were nowhere. When one sees the soldiers of Japan at work he realizes the truth of the assertion which most of the officers in China make that they are at present the finest infantry in the world. Col. Arrasmith and his Americans, however, have made a splendid showing and three weeks ago they set a record by going from Tientsin to Peking in five hours after receiving a rush order from Mr. Calhoun, the American minister. When they found that the trouble which seemed to be brewing had simmered out by the time they got to the capital they were the most disappointed men on the coast of China. They had gone all the way pushing a machine gun in front of their train. When they came within a few miles of Peking they found the station and the track held by a regiment of Chinese. They gave the Chinese half an hour to clear out, but after taking a good look at the machine gun the almond-eyed warriors found that they could do so in half the time allotted.

Peking Smells of Gunpowder.

I arrived in Peking on the 7th of May and found it bristling with foreign troops, sandbag barricades, and barbed wire barriers. Peking is like one of these Chinese boxes which contains in it another box, which in turn contains a smaller one and so on indefinitely, for it is made up of a number of separate walled cities, one within the other. The legation quarter is thus entirely surrounded by a wall and at each of the gates guards are posted. During the day no Chinese may enter the quarter without a written pass from one of the consular authorities and during the evening they may not enter at all. For three days now we have heard firing and seen red in the sky in the eastern end of the city, but the rioting has been on only a small scale and has not swept up to the walls of the legation quarter. Upon each occasion, however, the legation guards have been called out and the loop holes in the walls were closed with cement after the tribulations of 1900 have been cleared again. I saw last night the Italian detachment drawn up pell mell in the road. They had not manned the wall for they did not know how to clear the loopholes. I had intended to walk past the gate to see if I could get a glimpse of what was going on among the Chinese, but I decided to give it up. The troop from Italy appeared to be in a mood to take a pot shot at anything that cast a shadow.

Foreign feeling is beginning to rise on account of the loan hitch and indeed the threat of possible violence has been made by the Chinese Board of Finance in trying to coerce the foreign bankers to agree to a loan without supervision. It is safe enough for a man to go where he likes in the daytime, for while the Chinese have no love for the foreigners, they are very much afraid of them. The city is not like those of the South. Queueless Chinese dressed in foreign clothes are the exception here.

The Ubiquitous Itching Palm.

I chose as the first place to visit the Temple of Heaven, one of Peking's many wonders. It was here that the Emperor, the Son of Heaven, sacrificed three times a year. It is a monotheistic temple and probably the oldest building in the world to house monotheistic worship. I was told before I went that I would do well to supply myself with some ten cent pieces as I would have to go through a few doors and that at every door it was customary to give the priest a coin. I did not dream, however, that the Temple of Heaven was all doors. I must have passed through at least 20. At each there stood an aged priest, or a young pupil of the priesthood who had learned enough of the faith to hold out his hand. I am a bit suspicious that I was led through some of the same gates at least twice and perhaps three times, but always there was a different priest on hand and I could not be sure. The old man in the picture, who seemed to be a sort of boss priest of the outfit, demanded not only ten cents at every door, but an additional reward whenever he figured in a picture. His demands were not granted and I left the temple with the curses of the servant of the Son of Heaven ringing about my ears.

At the time of the Boxer rebellion, the Temple of Heaven was used by the United States troops as barracks. I suppose it was no more reverently handled than was the rest of the imperial city when the foreign troops rushed in mad for revenge and loot after fighting their way up from Tientsin, but it seems to have stood up very well under its mauling. Peking is quite used to being captured and looted by this time. Mongol, Manchu, British-French, and allies have come and sacked the city in their turn, but the endurance of the ancient city is marvellous. Its glories have survived every siege and every sack. In the enormous grounds of the Temple of Heaven with wall after wall and gate after gate surrounding the high altar where the emperor used to sacrifice there are signs of decay. Grass has grown up through the brick walks and some of the steps of the great altar itself are broken but there is in the whole effect of the vast area of walls and bridges, trees and gates, blue tiled roofs, and white arches, an atmosphere of dignity which sacks and sieges can not alter.

Zanesville on the Rock of Ages.

The center of a great city, this temple is the quietest spot I have ever found. The world, China, and Pekin, itself are outside its walls and things therefore of no consequence. Only one sound was there to break the silence and peace of the great temple and that was the voice of the ancient priest asking if I couldn't make it 20 cents instead of 10. The altar of the temple is on a high platform in the open air while the temple building itself is several hundred yards away down a pathway shaded by numberless low arches of white stone. On the steps, leading to the temple itself, I found a strange design carved in the stone representing the universe and all its elements. In the lower right hand corner were some marks which seemed to be of more recent origin. I looked more closely to see what the addition had added to the general scheme of things and I saw that it read:

"Corporal John Henderson—Zanesville, Ohio."

The Boxer war did not leave the temple without a scar after all.

Next to the Temple of Heaven the most wonderful thing I saw in Peking was the Chien Men gate. Above the tunnel in the wall rises a high structure of red and green and purple. I stood at the gate an hour and in that time I saw countless of the small, big-wheeled, blue canopied, donkey carts of Peking, fast moving rickshaws with red cheeked Manchu women and slow moving rickshaws groaning under the weight of fat officials—an official in China is always fat if he is successful. I saw a wedding go by with a string of banner bearers and red and gold sedan chairs for the bride and groom. I saw almost at the heels of it a funeral with the coffin carried on poles borne on the shoulders of six men. The camel caravans and the donkey carets and the sedan chairs were going under this same gate when the Normans came to England and when the walls of Jericho fell and when Joseph was sold into Egypt. Pekin is so old that it makes all things seem young and modern. You can't help thinking of the fall of man as a news issue and you begin to consider writing to the papers protesting against the presence of snakes in the garden of Eden.

Pekin has a telephone system now and a railway breaches its walls at one point, but it will go on with its camels and its donkey carts, its gilded imitation money for the ghosts of the dead, and its red pennants to drive away bad joss from the weddings for many centuries to come.

Styles Independent of Paris.

And speaking of women, of course, involves speaking of clothes. And clothes were of special interest to me, in view of my mission to China, that of securing material of service in producing the Chinese play, "The Daughter of Heaven", which requires the participation of some 400 players, and about 500 costumes. As the play deals with the conflict of Ming and Manchu, it was the distinction between dress of Manchu and Mongol on the one side and Ming, or native Chinese, on the other, to which I gave particular attention. The Manchu and Mongol women do not bind their feet, as the Chinese women still do for the most part. A really fashionable Chinese woman should not be able to walk without the supporting arm of a maid. The Manchu women are further distinguished by their high-spreading headdress and their lavish use of rouge. No woman in China seems to understand that discretion is the better part of pallor.

The Manchus are particularly addicted to the use of rouge. They put it on for ornamentation and not with any idea of deception. I should say that it was applied with a sponge. The result is striking, but hardly attractive.

A further distinction between Manchu and Chinese is to be found in the way they button their clothes. The Manchu has buttons running down the side, the Chinese straight down. It [illegible] is to be understood that the Manchus, until the recent revolution, were the foreign conquerors of China—in reality, Tartars. Most writers on China were of the opinion that the distinction between Manchu and Ming was fast dying out, and that the Manchu dynasty had centuries of power before as well as behind it. Everyone who wrote a general book of China in some chapter or other said "The Chinese have no patriotism" and followed with a prediction that as long as they were tolerably well ruled they would make little inquiry as to who their rulers were. "The Daughter of Heaven", therefore, shows Pierre Loti as a truer prophet of China than the many others who wrote about the country.

The revolt of the Mings, which he imagines in his play is something that actually took place. The revolution was a three-sided affair, partly a political rising with a change in the form of government as its object, partly a social revolution of the poor against the rich and mainly a racial revolution of the Ming against the Manchu. "Down with the Manchu" was the rallying cry which brought the greatest number of recruits to the standard of the rebels. This fact, while it may not prove the patriotism of the Chinese at least proves their long memory for traditions. One would think that in 250 years a people would forget that their rulers were aliens. It did not take England so long to forget that its kings were German. The Chinese have never been a warlike people but their empire has lasted longer than any other in the world. It has been said "China is a sea which salts all things which flow into it." It was this particular ability to assimilate alien races which led to the longevity of the empire. Conquerors came and overran the country, but in two or three generations Chinese civilization had won where Chinese arms had failed. The Manchus first became a serious menace to the Chinese in the latter part of the 16th century when Nurchau, a leader whom tradition ascribes a miraculous birth and attributes, annexed the Yalu district. An army of 100,000 troops sent against him he easily destroyed, although his own force was much smaller. A body of Portuguese allies from Macao was enlisted in support of the Chinese and checked the advance of the Manchu for a time, but eventually the invaders pressed still farther into the empire and capturing the city of Liaoyang they forced all the inhabitants to shave the front of their heads and train their hair in queues. This was the beginning of the queue in China.

In attempting to capture the city of Ningyuan, Nurchau met with reverses, for the defenders, in addition to the arms of the Portuguese, had guns cast under the superintendence of the Jesuits of Peking. Nurchau's son, Tientsung, took up the task of conquering China. He, too, was unsuccessful, although he succeeded in reaching the walls of Peking itself. Internal warfare gave the Manchus their chance. A rebel Li who headed a revolt in the southern part of China after a brilliant series of battles captured Peking through treachery and proclaimed himself Emperor. A dispute over a slave girl named Chienyuan alienated from him a redoubtable chieftain Wu Sankwei, who declared war on the new Emperor and called upon the Manchus to help him in his fight. The Manchus were quick to take advantage of the opportunity and by a forced march surprised the troops of Li at a point a little north of Peking and defeated them. They then intrusted Wu Sankwei with the task of pursuing the beaten army. The chase ended in Shensi in the northern part of the empire, and while the pursuit was in progress the Manchus without opposition marched into Peking. Revolt after revolt was begun against the Manchu rule, always in the south, for there the Ming blood had little admixture from the north and the people were therefore more patriotic than the mixed blooded men of Peking and the north. For a time the Ming line was kept up with its capital at Nanking and later at Hangchow, but the Manchus soon wiped out the last vestiges of the old ruling line. Revolts have kept the feud green and made "Down with the Manchu" a rallying cry for the revolution which at last overturned the dynasty of the Tartars.

Theatres for Men Only.

The theatres of Peking are famous and I went to three of the principal ones. They are not yet touched by the Western standards of drama and retain the old fashioned square stage with the audience seated on three sides. The plays are without scenery except for a few hangings on the rear wall and there is no curtain. The back part of the stage is always crowded with actors from other theatres who have come to watch. Formerly the audience was allowed the privilege of the stage, but this has been curtailed within a few months. Another change is the introduction of women on the stage, a practice which has been sanctioned only within a few weeks. The lower floor of the theatre is reserved for men, while the galleries are for women alone. A man and woman, who come to the theatre together must therefore separate as soon as they enter its doors. Only two of the theatres in this city are open to women. I thought perhaps that this was done to protect the morals of the weaker sex, but I was told that the rule was made simply because the authorities did not believe it well for women to attend too frequently.

STATE'S SCHOOL CHILDREN

(Continued from Page Nine.)

seases)—— Physical examination; hygenic conditions of scalp——

HEAD: Contour of—— Depressions —— Scars—— Evidence of rickets —— Hydrocephalus——

TEETH: Number—— Condition—— Compulsory daily brushings——

EYES: Acuity of vision, right—— left—— Lesions ——

EARS: Acuity of hearing, right—— left—— Lesions, hygiene, etc.——

NOSE: Obstruction—— Discharge —— Growths——.

MOUTH and THROAT: Teeth—— Ulcerations —— Tonsils——.

NECK: Palpable glands—— Location and character of——.

CHEST: Contour of—— Lungs—— Heart—— Abdom' l. and pelvic org —— Hernia—— Other defects—— Deformities of spine—— Extremties —— Worms—— Worms—— Irregularities of elimination—— Urine analysis —— Reaction —— Color ——Albumen—— Sugar—— Weight —— Height—— Chest meas, inspiration—— Expiration—— General appearance—— Nutrition—— Pulse—— Temp.——.

Remarks: ——

"NOTE: No person shall have access to information contained hereon except duly appointed officers of the Board of Education, or parents or guardians."

The physical examinations can be made by the family physician and the children rated, segregated and managed accordingly by the school authorities. In this way the important progress and development of the child can be best understood by the parents and guardians.

Many maladies, deformities and ills can be lessened and often eliminated by higentic suggestion and rule inforcement by principal. By these methods needless, useless, often financial surgical operations can be prevented. Some types of surgery classed as branches of the medical profession have recently received a vigilant search as to their value carried on by the commission investigating the medical profession in the United States. These results have brought about disagreeable criticism of many quarters and have caused the world to be rather skeptical as to the value of medical education and reforms in America.

The school session should be modified. Many ideas could be gotten from Switzerland. I refer particularly to our habit of keeping schools open during the harvest seasons.

With this change little difficulty would be experienced in securing labor. At the same time occupying the children's time in a more healthful way. The picking of cotton would be greatly facilitated, gathering corn, oats and rye, the curing of tobacco and the picking and collecting vegetables for canning and home use in the early autumn. Planting requires little time, while harvesting requires more than the available labor. In Tidewater sections, schools should not open until the first of December, or if it did, for only two or three hours a day. The hours shortened in the Spring and prolonged into the early Summer. The State should provide plantations and farms for volunteer school children during the vacation period. and it is quite important that smaller acreage should be set aside for incorrigable and the truants. Just as the thoroughness is so essential in many types of work today in America, so should it be introduced in the school system. The superficial, the skimming, smattering should be eliminated. Many of the text books and subjects now taught could be dropped and hundreds of children taught agriculture, trades, the use of tools and domestic science. Useless education makes more the stupid boys and girls, and often hopeless, idle, discontented men and women. Its only value is to bring about snickering, smiling and venomous ridicule. Many subjects and types of instruction introduced into North Carolina since the day of the public schools or at the end of reconstruction days, were fostered by tea-drinking ladies in waiting, and dreaming men, whose visions were often stifled by excess of smoke, blizzards or stifling dust. Travel over many thousands of miles, go to varied lands, study the spirit of our ancestors as found in history of English, Scotch-Irish, German and Hugenots, and you will find that North Carolina possibilities once the lands of Virginia, has few, if any, equal for its fifty thousand square miles of the earth's surface.

AGRICULTURAL OPPORTUNITIES

Information Concerning Resources, Products and Characteristics.

Washington, D. C., July 6.—A government publication that should prove of interest to all residents of the United States and particularly to those who are considering the question of leaving congested industrial centers for the purpose of engaging in agricultural pursuits is a bulletin entitled "Agricultural Opportunities," which is being issued for free distribution by the Division of Information of the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, Department of Commerce and Labor.

The bulletin is in seven separate sections, as follows: The North Atlantic States; the South Atlantic States; the North Central States (Eastern Group); the North Central States (Western Group); the South Central States, the Western States (Northern Group), including the Territory of Hawaii.

Each State is discussed briefly under the following headings: Climate, Surface and Soil; Irrigation and Dry Farming (where they are practiced to any extent); Principal Crops; Stock Raising; Prices of Farms and Inducements to Settlers; Farm Expenses; General and Special Inducements.

At the end of each article is given the address of the State official who can furnish additional information with respect to his particular State. The bulletin itself is based on information furnished to the Division of Information by officials of the States described, supplemented by data secured from publications of the United States Bureau of the Census and the United States Reclamation Service, and from other official sources.

Dress the baby for comfort, not for show.

Housework Drudgery!

Housework is drudgery for the weak woman. She brushes, dusts and scrubs, or is on her feet all day attending to the many details of the household, her back aching, her temples throbbing, nerves quivering under the stress of pain, possibly dizzy feelings. Sometimes rest in bed is not refreshing, because the poor tired nerves do not permit of refreshing sleep. The real need of weak, nervous women is satisfied by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and as Mrs. Briggs and others testify:

It Makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

This "Prescription" removes the cause of women's weaknesses, heals inflammation and ulceration. It tranquillizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces restful sleep.

MRS. BRIGGS.

Dr. Pierce is perfectly willing to let every one know what his "Favorite Prescription" contains, a complete list of ingredients on the bottle-wrapper. Do not let any druggist persuade you that his unknown composition is *"just as good"* in order that he may make a bigger profit.

MRS. BRAZILL BRIGGS, of 529 N. Washington St., Delphos, Ohio, writes: "Having taken your 'Favorite Prescription,' for a bad case of intestinal disease and constipation with woman's ills, for which I was almost unable to do anything, I think I am safe in saying that there are no remedies in the world like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Purifying Lotion Tablets.' I am now enjoying the best of health, and thank Dr. Pierce for his wonderful medicines which have done me a world of good."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate liver and bowels.

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

The Southern Textile Association closed its annual convention in Greensboro last night, officers being selected and Chattanooga, Tenn., being decided upon as the next meeting place.

Cornell won all three races rowed on the Poughkeepsie course yesterday.

During the afternoon and night sessions of the Democratic convention yesterday Wilson made sure and steady gains, finally passing the 400 mark befort adjournment. The Clark forces were greatly worried over defections in their ranks, the Speaker's vote constantly falling off.

With Wilson gaining on each ballot and Champ Clark constantly losing ground the Democratic convention adjourned last night at 11:05 o'clock till Monday morning at 11. No candidate came near the necessary two-thirds vote on the last ballot taken, the 26th, and it is thought the delegates will not hurry matters Monday, and the convention will likely remain in session a good while.

Champ Clark went to Baltimore last night intending to answer Bryan's attacks on him, but the convention adjourned before he reached the convention city. He will probably address the convention when it meets Monday.

Two hundred Republicans who were active for Roosevelt in the recent campaign, bolted the Republican party at a meeting in Boston last night and formed "the Progressive party of Massachusetts."

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Flour quiet. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.18 1-4 elevator domestic basis to arrive and export 1.19 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Corn, spot easy, export 83 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine and

TUESDAY.

At the opening of the Democratic convention yesterday Wilson made steady gains until he forged ahead of Clark on the 30th ballot. Four more ballots were taken with slight changes and after the completion of that ballot the convention voted to recess till 8 P. M.

Claude Allen will be placed on trial for his life a second time at the opening of the Wythe county, Va., court today.

Harriet Quimby, the woman aviator, and W. A. P. Willard, a passenger in her monoplane, fell from a height of one thousand feet at an aviation meet near Boston yesterday and were instantly killed.

A pledge of $5,000 to pay the bills of Wilson delegates to the Baltimore convention was made last night by two men of Atlantic City, N. J.

Speaker Clark spent yesterday in Baltimore with Mayor Preston, holding conferences with his political advisers.

The deadlock in the Democratic National convention over a Presidential nominee seemed more complete than ever when adjournment was taken at 12:43 till noon today. Wilson made steady gains through the night until he reached a higher water mark of 501 1-2 on the 39th ballot. Clark reached the lowest ebb of his candidacy on the ballot where Wilson reached a crest.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3-4, closing bid 2 7-8, offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour easier. Wheat, spot weak; No. 2 red 1.17 1-4 elevator, domestic basis and export 1.18 3-8 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn spot easy; export 82 1-4 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine and rosin steady.

WEDNESDAY.

Melvin Vaniman and crew of four were instantly kiled at Atlantic City, N. J., yesterday, when the great dirigible airship Akron exploded 500 feet up in the air, and the unfortunate men were hurled into the Atlantic ocean, death being instantaneous.

Woodrow Wilson was nominated as the Democratic party's Presidential candidate at Baltimore yesterday afternoon on the 46th ballot. When the convention met shortly after noon Illinois started a break for Wilson which soon became general, his nomination finally being made unanimous.

Senator Dixon, after conferring with Col. Roosevelt, announced yesterday that the Progressive party's convention woud be held at Chicago about August 1st.

Thousands of people, of varying politics, called on Woodrow Wilson at Sea Girt, N. J., yesterday, to pay their respects to the Democratic nominee.

In speaking of the result of the Democratic convention yesterday, Champ Clark attributed his defeat to William Jennings Bryan.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate 2 3-4; closing bid 2 7-8; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour easier. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.16 1-2 elevator domestic basis to arrive, export 1.18 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot firm; export 82 3-4 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine and rosin quiet.

THURSDAY

The House chemical tariff revision bill was defeated in the Senate yesterday.

Proceedings in the trial of Claude Allen were delayed yesterday by sickness of a juror.

William Linkhaw and Harold Jones, young boys of Lumberton, were drowned yesterday while in swimming in Lumber river.

Members of the New York delegation to the Baltimore convention yesterday expressed themselves as greatly pleased with the ticket named.

What is thought to be the decisive battle of the Mexican revolution was begun yesterday at Bachimba, 40 miles north of Chihuahua. After several hours of severe fighting neither the Federals or rebels appeared to have the advantage.

Two pugilistic battles will be fought today, one at Las Vegas, N. M., between Jack Johnson and Jim Flynn for the heavyweight championship and the other at Los Angeles between Ad. Wolgast and Joe Rivers for the lightweight championship.

A row in the U. S. Treasury Department of over a year's standing culminated yesterday with the resignation of Assistant Secretary A. Piatt Andrew, who made serious charges against Secretary MacVeagh in a letter to President Taft.

Members of the Democratic National Committee said last night that the plans for Wilson's campaign would depend on whether or not a third party is formed by Roosevelt. During the day thousands of people called on the Presidential nominee to pay their respects.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet, 30 points higher. Four barely steady. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.16 1-2 elevator domestic basis and export 1.17 3-4 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot easy; export 81 1-2 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine steady. Rosin easy.

FRIDAY.

Forty-one persons were killed and 60 were injured yesteray when a Lackawanna express train crashed into a passenger train near Corning, N. Y., the latter being completely demolished.

Jack Johnson retained the heavyweight title yesterday when he won from Jim Flynn in nine rounds, the police stopping the fight at that juncture after Flynn had been given a severe drubbing.

Secretary of the Treasury Franklin MacVeagh, in a statement given out yesterday, declared that the resignation of A. Piatt Andrew was not submitted until it had been repeatedly requested by both Mr. MacVeagh and President Taft.

The rebels who have occupied Chihuahua for five months as their capital and base of operations, evacuated last night in the face of a rapidly moving column of Federal cavalry, the vanguard of Gen. Huerta's army which drove the rebels from Bachimba yesterday.

Ad Wolgast was awarded the decision over Joe Rivers yesterday in their scheduled 45-round fight in the 13th round. Rivers gave Wolgast a severe beating, having the advantage in nearly every round and the referee's decision was very unpopular with the many spectators.

Senator Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas, delivered an address before the meeting of the State Bar Association in session at Morehead City, N. C., yesterday.

SATURDAY.

Senator Lodge came to the aid of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury A. P. Andrew yesterday with a statement that Mr. Andrew was not asked to resign on account of inefficiency, declaring such a statement was absurd.

President Taft will be formally notified of his nomination by the Republican party about August 1st. A reception will be held to which many prominent politicians will be invited and at which a Fall campaign will in all probability be planned.

Rapid progress was made at the trial of Claude Allen yesterday, 13 witnesses being examined. The bulk of the testimony tended to show a conspiracy existed on the part of the Allens.

Roosevelt supporters in North Carolina will hold a conference in Greensboro Monday. They claim they will not vote for Taft and will be able to control the State convention.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, yesterday declared against the Roosevelt movement for a third party, expressing the opinion that his own party offered more hopes of reform than a new one.

Twenty-one persons were killed, a number fatally injured and many others hurt yesterday afternoon when a passenger train on the Ligonier Valley Railroad was smashed from behind by a double-header freight train, near Latrobe, Pa.

The Naval Appropriation bill carrying $133,609,675 and provision for two battleships was passed by the Senate yesterday.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate 2 7-8. Spot cotton closed steady. Flour quiet and nominally lower. Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red 1.15 1-2 elevator, domestic basis to arrive and export 1.17 f.o.b. afloat to arrive. Corn, spot weak; export 80 f.o.b. afloat. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana.

Imaginary Disease:—Many a physician has borne testimony that when he was a student at the medical college he had all the diseases that he read about in the medical books. He recognized the symptoms in himself, every time he felt "a little under the weather."

This sort of thing is not confined to medical students. Every physician has had persons to come to him with an imaginary affliction in which the victim was certain that he had it, bad. The doctor generally cures that patient with what is termed a "placebo"—an inert, pretended medicine, given to satisfy a patient; to placate him, so to speak. Both words are from the same root. A placebo is generally a bread pill, or a little water, colored with some kind of innocent dye.

Of these imaginary disease "heart disease" is the most common. The stomach is overloaded, or in some way inflated, mostly by gases, which conditions have the effect of crowding the diaphragm up into the heart's region, thereby interfering somewhat with that organ's action. This, however, does not indicate any organic trouble with this delicate, though powerful part of the human system.

Frequently the same effect as that mentioned in the foregoing paragraph is caused by nervous sympathy with the stomach, brought about by acute indigestion, of a great or less degree. In any degree it is distressing and may be avoided by care. For instance, one cup of coffee may, at times, be taken with comparative safety, when two cups would have a decided toxic effect. But coffee is in any way that it can be taken, highly deleterious to a delicate stomach.

Many persons read patent medicine circulars, and other printed stuff of that character, in which all the ills that escaped from Pandora's box are described, as to symptoms, and some folks, if they have any sort of "stitch" anywhere in the system, are at once led to the belief that one or more of the many afflictions so glaringly—and so ridiculously—portrayed there, are just what is ailing them. They get some of this cure-all truck, and then if they escape with some real affliction it is a miracle.

The fact is that fleeting "symptoms" are generally indicative of nothing beyond the fact that one of the strings in your harp of life may be accidentally touched, for an instant, at the wrong place, and there is a bit of discord. Tune up and go on. Forget it. In 99 cases out of every 100 you will be all right in the morning. When there is really something the matter that should be looked after by the doctor there will not be any doubt about it. Or, if you have a cold, or some other trouble of a light nature, that gives you an ache or pain, here or there, give yourself a rest and a homely treat that you will always find in the Home Health Club's books, and your apprehensions will generally take sudden flight.

A case in point: A man of somewhat more than middle age lately wrote the Home Health Club the following letter, which has a lesson in it so pertinent and strong that, by his permission, it is given for the benefit of all the readers of this department. He says:

"About a year ago, business called me to a small city in Indiana, where I have been strenuously engaged ever since in writing a series of papers upon subjects associated with agriculture; the construction of farm houses and out-buildings and many other matters closely or remotely associated with them.

"I took board with a family, the head of which I had been acquainted with since his boyhood, as we are about the same age and brought up in the same neighborhood. He was strong and fairly healthy when he grew to manhood and learned to be a carpenter, at which trade he has worked ever since. But by dint of enterprise and business qualifications a little better than the majority of his fellow workers, he became a contractor, in a small way, and thus acquired a comfortable competency, which is well that he did, for now he is unable to follow his calling. He is a hearty looking man in a general way, but his hands are two bunches of knots, made so by rheumatism, and he suffers much in a general way from that and from indigestion. I have observed the same tendency in his brother who visits him occasionally and the brother of his wife, who was a country girl, brought up just as he was. She has got an occasional touch of rheumatism, and she is her own housekeeper and cook.

"I have preferred to live with them for old acquaintance sake. For a time I wondered at this seeming predisposition of them, their kith and kin, to rheumatism and other blood troubles, but lately my eyes have been opened by reading the Home Health Club literature and applying my own experience since I have been boarding in the family. I found my own heretofore rugged physical nature, becoming somewhat worsted.

"Being very busy and somewhat complacent, I have been eating what was placed before me. That has been meat, bread, potatoes, pies, doughnuts, coffee, tea, etc., in one continual round, varied on 'high and holidays' by something extra in the way of a pudding or some other desert.

"These people have been living on that sort of stuff all their lives, eating and drinking it, without stint and in and out of season.

"I am informed that the human frame undergoes an entire change every few years. If one lives on the same bread and meat and coffee diet, from birth to the grave, what change can there be in him except more of the same sort?

"I have also observed in this house a window is never opened in cold or chilly weather, except momentarily, to throw something out, or if the room become super-heated, to 'cool it off'. Sanitation being an unknown quality except in my own room, where during my presence a window is always opened a little, and for which I have often been abolished by the good housewife, that I will 'shorely ketch my death-a-cold.'

"Lately I have 'cut out' the tea and coffee, about two-thirds of the meat, all of the hot bread and pie, or drink milk, or what my mother used to call 'cambric tea'—hot water with a little milk or sugar—and with my exercise and 'death-a-cold' window open, I have begun to feel my old healthy self again. But, because of my 'cut outs' I am thought to be 'going into a decline', which has been solicitously observed by my sympathizing landlady.

"What else, in the light of Home Health Club literature, coud be expected in these naturally rugged and healthy folks under such a regime as that in which they live, but rheumatism, constipation, billiousness, neuralgia, toothache, and all the bad blood trail and train? Little else, than now and then, a case of typhoid fever, penumonia, dropsy, gossip concerning the latest funeral in the circle, and the making of mourning clothes for the women.?

"This is to inform you that with strategic care and much persistence I am endeavoring to 'butt in' the Home Health Club methods with these people, and with the high hope of eliminating the backaches, 'miseries in the chist', and 'sorter ailing' atmosphere that too much prevails. This because they are my friends and I like them.

"Bully! for your fresh air, pure water, exercises, sanitation, hygiene and all that. They will make old earth an all-season health resort."

Club Notes.

Dear Doctor:—I would like to have you tell me what to do with our little boy, 22 months old, who has a naval rupture. It is about the size of a shelled hickory nut when he cries. He is a strong, active baby, weighs 35 pounds, and on the move all the time, except when asleep. I kept a band on him, with a piece of rounded lead over the rupture, for a long time. Now I keep a rubber or elastic band on him all the time. It is difficult to keep anything in the right place. He has been this way since he was two weeks old. Is there any cure? Can it be cured by an operation? I can hear the water gurgle in it when it goes back and forth. I have been using an egg ointment every night, but nothing I have done does any good. I am troubled about it. MRS. E. L. S.

There is no question but what a skilful surgical operation would cure the rupture, but the danger lies in the anaesthetic and the shock. No human being can tell with certain what the after effects will be. In 95 cases out of every 100 a cure can be affected by a properly fitted truss and if it is properly fitted there will be no difficulty in keeping it in place.

Rubber bands are not advisable as they interfere with the circulation and are uncomfortable while a properly fitted truss will not be noticed after a few days. A complete cure is frequently brought about in a few weeks.

Dear Doctor:—I have been reading with some interest your answers in our paper and would like to know what you can say in regard to my own case. I am a man 54 years old, father of four children, now grown up. My general health has not been good for some years, especially the last two years. I have never been bedfast, but am weak and rather frail, subject to rheumatism and stomach trouble. Have backaches a great deal, easily exhausted and appetite hard to control. What I wish to speak of more particularly is a roaring in my head. For about four weeks I have had a constant roaring, sounding like the hum of a telephone pole, in my head. It seems to be more on the right side and the back part of my head. It annoys me very much. I went to a doctor and had my ears examined, but he found nothing wrong, he said the trouble came from a general rundown condition. If I have not made my case plain will write fuller description.

U. H. R.

You tell the story quite plainly. The entire cause of your suffering is in your stomach, not only a radical change of diet, but absolute control of your appetite must occur before results will appear. I would, if I were to direct your specific treatment, first, outline a complete and specific dietary, but before beginning its use, I would clean out the entire alimentary canal, by a fast of from three to six days, or until your tongue would present a clean and healthy appearance. Then begin the new diet in a very careful manner, and you would soon begin to gain both strength and flesh. The roaring in the head would quickly disappear. Of course, careful and thorough physical examination is always advisable in such cases as there are sometimes causes for illness which can be found in no other way.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to write for information pertaining to the subject of health at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, 5039 Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago, Ill., U. S. A., with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

Now, young mother, that you have reached the years of discretion, put away childish things; therefore, during the oppressively hot Summer months don't make a baby doll of your real baby by using his helpless, perspiring body as a place to advertise your exquisite taste in the selection and arrangement of laces and ribbons.

Last year whooping cough, a disease that the public regards lightly and does not insist upon its quarantine, killed fifteen times as many children in North Carolina as scarlet fever, which the public takes seriously and demands its quarantine.

CURED BY A NATIVE HERB.

On board a vessel bound for India recently a man was bitten by a poisonous reptile; both the ship doctor and a famous surgeon failed to control the poison fast spreading through his system.

In a day the vessel reached port. An Indian medicine man was sent for, who produced a native herb which quickly allayed the poison and the man's life was saved.

Roots and herbs are nature's cure for disease. That great remedy for female ills, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had its origin in the roots and herbs of the field, tons of which are now consumed yearly in making it.

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**

SUNDAY MORNING THOUGHTS

(By T. W. Chambliss).

The eye of faith turns darkness into day. Conscience is a wicked man's enemy and a just man's comforter.

* * *

If you wish your merit to be known, recognize that of other people.

* * *

A great deal of strife is caused by an unwillingness to yield in things of little importance.

* * *

The important thing is not whether we get the credit from men for what we do, but whether we do the work that has been given us to do.

* * *

When you pray that God would grant you that which is best, then believe that what he grants is best, although it may not be what you wish.

* * *

To be wiser than other men is to be honester than they; and strength of mind is only power to see and speak the truth.—Hazlit.

* * *

If the word of God is hid in the heart it will come at once into our thoughts when we are tempted to sin, and the reply to the tempter will be "it is written."

* * *

Let the man who goes to church, who reads the Bible, feel that it is peculiarly incumbent upon him so to lead his life in the face of the world that no discredit shall be brought upon the faith that he professes.—Roosevelt.

* * *

* * *

"It is not what a man gets, but what a man is that he should think of," according to Beecher. "He should think first of his character, then of his condition. He that has character need have no fear of condition. Character will draw condition after it."

* * *

The spirit of power will make us not only imaginative, but it will make us what I may call affirmative. That is one of our needs today—affirmative men and women, believers who know the Lord, and who know they know Him.—Jowett.

* * *

One Chicago man worked out the idea of filling the "Lonely Sunday" man's need, where neither the church services, nor the ever-increasing "Sunday Shows" would avail. And to the purpose, states the July World's Work, that "2,000 men once a week crowd a big auditorium in the business district, merely to hear sacred music and to draw inspiration from the life of Jesus." It has no creed, ritual nor claim to denominational distinction, but it is succeeding where churches are failing. It draws.

* * *

We love better, serve better and pray better, because we are learing to live better. We are learning that the old time brands of the burning were not so totally depraved, as they had poison of some sort or other shut up in their systems. These days, we don't paint future damnation for them to show them the folly of their ways. We remedy the conditions of their lives, and improve the environment, until their lives blossom out beautifully.

* * *

We advocate the religion of cleanliness and beauty—and all things else are added. The love of God has a clearer way to shine naturally through. We preach the doctrine of a sane mind in a sound body" more than it has ever been preached. God is above and all is well. We used to complicate things a great deal more. We talked of the awful and mysterious ways of Providence, until the simple faith was unknown. It was all a mistake. The Bible says: "God is not the author of confusion, but of peace."

* * *

We do right because we know it is right; and not because of some indefinable fear of the consequence of wrong-doing. We come to realize, too, what a big thing influence is in the world. Verily, our examples live after us, and "to live in the hearts of those we leave behind is not to die." The world today is built up on the thoughts and deeds of countless of those who have lived since the beginning of time.

* * *

We are coming to think more of individuality than we used to do. We are coming to know that men were not made for creeds, but creeds for men.

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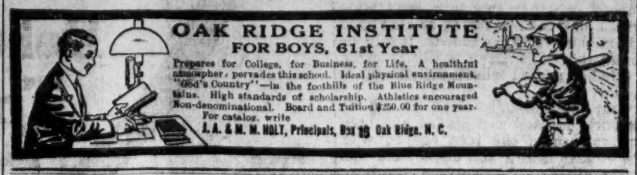
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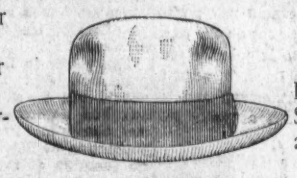

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Ar. 1:40 P. M.	No. 53 ..... Sanford	Lv.	3:30 P. M. No. 52
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GOSSIP OF FOREIGN CAPITALS

Verdict on Titanic Disaster Disapproved in Berlin — Election Riots in Belgium—The Flemish and Walloons—Rate Lower.

Berlin, July 6.—The report of the American Senate Committee of Investigation of the Titanic Disaster is strongly criticised in a published statement by Captain von Kuehlwetter, retired, of the German navy, who sees in it a further attempt on the part of the United States to cripple the foreign-owned steamship lines, "always a thorn in the eye of America," and to build up her own lines at their expense.

He looks upon it as a preliminary to one-sided legislation, aimed to admit the foreign-owned steamers to American harbors only under conditions and examination dictated by the United States law. The German maritime expert is able to agree with only four of the seven main conclusions of the Senate Committee's report—that the captain of the Californian saw the Titanic's distress signals and failed to respond to them; that the life-boats were not loaded to capacity because of the lack of discipline of the Titanic's crew; that partly filled life-boats failed to return to pick up more victims, and that the provisions for lowering the boats would not have permitted their launching in a heavy sea.

It was not shown, says von Kuehlwetter, that the Titanic's watertight compartments were not actually watertight, as is alleged in the Senate report, and the proposal to require a double bottom throughout each ship's hull involves a change in construction which cannot be accepted without deeper consideration. An alarm system, by which each passenger could be instantly notified of danger would, in the German expert's opinion, be pretty sure to cause a panic, and is not advisable. The blame ascribed in the Senate report to the Titanic for disregarding warnings of ice is by von Kuehlwetter shifted to the steamship companies, which have, he declares, established their present courses with full knowledge that they lie inside the danger zone and have thus presented a temptation to all captains to be careless as well.

Captain von Kuehlwetter declares that the inquiry in London is "proceeding more quietly and thoroughly than was the case with the American investigation, so that the decision to be reached there will stand upon a much more firm basis."

* * *

The reduction of the Imperial bank's discount rate to 4 1-2 per cent. on June 11, after it had been maintained unchanged at 5 per cent. since September 19, 1911, put an end to the longest period for which the bank ever kept up so high a rate without change. Its adherence to the high rate so long is due to the belief of the managers that the banks extend credit to manufacturers and merchants far too liberally, so that the whole business system of the country rests too much upon an artificially expanded basis of credit.

The Imperial bank, with its 500 branches in all parts of the Empire, is the "bank of bankers" in every community, hence the burden of excessive credits falls back upon it finally. Owing to this state of things the President has been for several years carrying on a campaign of reform in banking practice, looking chiefly toward restricting credits to safe limits. Several years ago he induced eight of the leading joint-stock banks of Berlin to publish every two months a balance sheet, so that the business community may be kept fully informed as to the changes going on in the financial movement. Last winter he succeeded in having the banks adopt a much more detailed form for making their returns, and most of the larger banks of the country have now joined in publishing returns, an dthe Imperial bank issues regularly every two months a compilation of the balance sheets of 86 large banks.

The President has, at various times, during the present period of dear money, warned the banks and the business interests of the country to take in sail, and this year his warnings have become more frequent and more earnest than ever. On the day of the rate reduction he plainly told the committee of Berlin bankers composing the Imperial bank's central committee, that the banks would have to continue to restrict credits, as otherwise the lower discount rate would be of but short duration.

* * *

The German Government has become interested in a plan adopted in Holland to prevent the destruction of bird life by lighthouses, and has recently sent two representatives to examine the system used with much success on the island of Terschelling.

Dr. Hennicks, one of these commissioners has recently described the system in a lecture before the German Society for the Protection of Bird Life. The Dutch experiment, he says, is based upon the belief that birds are not killed to any great extent, as commonly supposed, by dashing themselves against lighthouses in the darkness, but that they try in vain to find a resting place on their sides, after flying around a long time, dazed and confused by the bright light of the reflectors, and finally drop to the earth from sheer exhaustion and are killed. At Terschelling broad ladders are fastened on the sides of the lighthouse tower, the rungs of which serve as perches for the birds. Near the top the rungs are placed about 4 inches apart, but lower down the intervals are occasionally considerably wider in places, so as to accommodate the larger birds. According to Dr. Hennicke, the destruction of birds has been greatly diminished by this device. It is assumed that the system will be tried on German lighthouses.

Election Rioting.

Brussels, July 6.—The recent election rioting throughout Belgium, which stopped just short of an open revolution, has fixed the minds of the leading men of the country upon the problems involved in the dispute and the likelihood for the future of Belgium. The general belief is that trouble will break out anew unless the government makes some concession to the opposition on the two great questions which are the basis of the differences, namely, the suffrage and the schools.

The industrial masses, especially those in the Walloon provinces, seem to be convinced that their rights are restricted in a political sense through the existence of the plural system of voting. They declare that the time has gone in the world, especially in a modern and civilized country like Belgium, when an individual can have more than one vote. To them the idea that a man may have two and three votes because he owns property or because he has a superior education, is an offensive attack against the rights of man.

Everybody in Belgium is careful to point out that the school question should not be misrepresented by, in any way assuming that it is a religious question. Practically the entire population of Belgium is Catholic, and no question of religion, as such, has been or is involved in the Belgian physical and polemical warfare. The school question is mixed up with the language question, which in turn is a result of the old time differences between the Flemish or Dutch people in the northwest and the Walloon or French-speaking population in the South and Southeast. The Flemish recently succeeded in their fight to obtain an obligatory teaching of Flemish as well as French in the public schools of Belgium. This has been accepted by the Walloon provinces, but the latter claim that the Flemish have gone too far in this respect and are really wasting much valuable time of the inhabitants of Belgium in the teaching of a language which is more or less of a dead tongue.

The clerical question may be said to have the Flemish on the clerical side and the Walloons on the anticlerical. It is in the Flemish departments that the influence of the plural vote is mostly felt, and which, even under the present system of proportional representation in the election of deputies, gave to the clerical party an important victory at the last elections. The clerical or church schools have increased considerably in recent years in the following manner: Every commune in Belgium has the right to a public school, but every commune is not rich enough to support such an institution. In a large number of cases, when this condition existed, the church stepped in and offered to found a church school, and to pay all of the expenses therein incurred. The liberals and socialists contend that this initiative of the church has sometimes even prevented the establishment of a public school, as the communes, attracted by the idea of having a good school which would cost them nothing, have accepted the church schools when otherwise they might have founded the public or neutral school. Suggestions by the present, as well as the preceding government, to reimburse the clerical schools in some form of subsidy, was what immediately arroused agitation upon the general school question.

The racial differences between the Flemish and the Walloons, which have long been on the point of an outburst, hastened the recent clash. Although it is not expected that the Walloon provinces will do anything as yet toward approaching France, it would not surprise many people if they insisted at least upon an administrative separation and some kind of autonomy.

The danger of the present situation lies in the convictions of the liberals and socialists that without the universal single suffrage there is no chance for them to get into power. They realize that the single vote cannot be obtained without a revision of the constitution, and for this a two-thirds majority is needed in both houses of parliament. Only a slackening of the clericals from their position, it is believed, will avoid renewed clashes.

Another great problem which is today agitating Belgium is that of national defense in case of a European conflict. The Walloon people are quick to say that, in case of a war involving Germany, Belgium would be immediately seized and overridden by German troops. Therefore, it is claimed, the fortifications on the German frontier should immediately be strengthened so that Belgium may make a stout defense to safeguard her national honor and her national existence in time of war.

The Belgium Government has sent Chief Engineer Zanen, of the Department of Roads and Bridges, to the United States to study in the great American ports the latest systems of locks, draw bridges, and suspension bridges. This is in view of the new harbor works proposed for Antwerp.

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SAND CLAY CONSTRUCTION

New Type of North Carolina Road and How It Should Be Built—Bulletin From State Geological Survey—The Components

(By Joseph Hyde Pratt).

Before beginning the construction of a sand-clay road, the sand and clay in the vicinity of the road should be examined to ascertain whether they have the right properties necessary to build a first-class sand-clay road. The best sand or gravel to use is that which has a sharp cutting edge and it should not be in too fine grains.

A clean, sharp grit, such as is desired in making mortar is the quality of sand that is wanted. The best results are obtained ,however, when the grains of sand are coarser than those used in making mortar. While any clean sand will make a sand-clay road, the sharper the grit the better the resulting road. The characteristics which are most desirable in the clay are plasticity and the ability to slake well when it first becomes wet. A clay is called plastic when it becomes sticky c. dough-like when mixed with a certain amount of water. so that it can be molded or pressed into various shapes which it will retain even after it has been dried. If a lump of such clay is put in water, it will usually retain its form for a long time. There are other clays, however, which will immediately fall to pieces when placed in water as a lump of quick-lime will do under similar conditions. This is due to the very rapid absorption of water into the porous construction of the clay. It can readily be seen that this characteristic is an important one when considering the material to be used in a sand-clay road. There is still another physical characteristic of clay which is to be considered from the standpoint of the road builder. Some clays shrink when dried, which is shown by the cracking and breaking out of their surfaces. This shrinkage is the measure of their expansion and expansion makes a sand-clay composition unstable. Shrinkage would do no harm if the clay would stay in this condition, but it does not. When water, removed by evaporation, is restored to the sand-clay mixture, its entrance is accompanied by a simultaneous expansion which causes the grains of sand to become separated. This property can not be overcome for it is inherent in the clay, but we can in some measure modify this fact by using less clay in the composition. This, however, will weaken the road and cause it to break up in dry weather. Avoid such clays if possible.

One good test for a clay is to wet the thumb and place it against the clay and if it sticks to the thumb it is of the right quality for making a sand-clay road. If. on the other hand, it does not stick to the thumb, we are safe in assuming that this particular clay will not make a good binder. In general, select the stickiest clay and the sharpest sand available.

Occasionally, a natural mixture of sand and clay have been found in the right proportion and of the right quality to make a hard surfaced road. Where such materials have been found in the fields adjoining the highway and have been used in surfacing it, the mixture has been called "top soil dressing" and the resultant road a "top soil" road. In reality, however, it is a sand-clay road and we have simply used a mixture of the sand and clay which nature has provided.

The proportion of sand and clay in the best sand-clay road should be such that there is just a sufficient amount of clay, and no more, to fill the voids between the grains of sand when these grains are touching each other. The clay is the binder that is to hold the grains of sand in place and there should not be any more than is sufficient for this purpose. If too large a proportion of clay is used, the grains of sand are prevented from touching each other and are able to move about each other in the mass of clay so that the resistance of the mass to the wearing effect of traffic is practically no more than if the road was composed simply of clay. Water is also able to act upon the mass of clay and the road becomes sticky and muddy. If there is too small a proportion of clay used, the grains of sand are not cemented tightly together and the road disintegrates very quickly under traffic and rain.

The exact proportions of sand and clay for making the best sand-clay road can not be stated, as the proportions vary with the character of the sand, according to its sharpness, percentages of foreign material and size of grains. Approximately there is in a sand-clay road about eighty per cent sand and twenty per cent clay. One simple means of determining the theoretical amount of pure clay that should be added to any sand that is to be used in the construction of a sand-clay road is to fill a glass tumbler brimful with the sand that is to be used and then fill a similar tumbler with water; pour the water carefully onto the sand until the water comes flush with the surface, which will mean that all the voids between the grains of sand are now filled with water. The amount of water that has been poured into the tumbler containing the sand will represent the proportion by volume of clay that it is necessary to add to that particular sand to fill all the voids with clay.

Method of Mixing Sand and Clay

Having determined the source of supply of the best materials for making a sand-clay road, the next question is the mixing of the materials, and this varies with the character of the subsoil. whether this is a sand upon which clay is to be added or clay upon which sand is to be added. It will be found that it is much easier to make a sand-clay road where the subsoil is a clay.

Clay Subsoil—The road should be properly located and graded and then the surface of the road shaped with the proper crown and slope from this to the ditches. The surface should be smooth and about four or five inches lower than what is desired when the road is completed. When this is finished the portion of road that is to be a sand-clay road, either nine or sixteen feet in the center, should when perfectly dry be plowed to a depth of four inches and thoroughly harrowed, with a cut-away (disc) harrow. The sand should then be spread over the surface to a depth of four inches and thoroughly harrowed in and then four more inches of sand spread over the surface, and again thoroughly harrowed. After this mixing of the sand and clay is completed the road should be dragged. After the first heavy rain the road should again be harrowed and then dragged into shape so as to give it the proper crown, and it will then become a firm, hard-surfaced road. If a roller is convenient this may be used to some advantage.

If the sand-clay road is constructed as outlined above and good clean sharp sand is used on a plastic clay, a first-class sand-clay road will be the result.

In too many instances in constructing a sand-clay road the sand has simply been spread over the clay and it has been left for teams to mix it in with the clay. This takes a long time and very often there is not a thorough mixing of the two materials. so that the resultant road is not always uniform in its construction and does not give as good satisfaction as when constructed by the method as described above.

If the sand is added to the clay road when it is wet the harrowing can all be done at one time, and, when shaped up and dried out, it becomes a hard-surfaced road. The main objections to making the sand-clay road in this way are that unless the clay road is extremely muddy and wet the harrowing of the sand into the clay causes considerable of the clay to get into round balls, which are not broken up by the harrowing; and that there is not as even a mixing of the sand and the clay as when they are thoroughly mixed dry and then harrowed later when they are wet.

Sand Subsoil—If in making the sand-clay road we start with a sand subsoil and have to add clay to this, the method of procedure is somewhat different from the case outlined above. The sandy roadbed should be left flat and then a layer of clay spread over it to a thickness of four to six inches, according to the quality of the clay and the amount of sand which it contains. If it is a very plastic clay it will take a much smaller amount than if it is a very lean or sandy clay. There should then be spread over the clay a layer of clean sand and the road thoroughly harrowed. After this has been accomplished, the road should be brought back into shape and then after a heavy rain again harrowed and shaped up. There is usually a tendency to get too much clay in making a sand-clay road when the sand is the subsoil. If the clay that has been used is a very plastic clay, there is going to be considerable tendency for it to ball and cake so that a plow can very often be used to advantage in breaking up the lumps. If, however, the mixing is made when everything is perfectly dry, a pretty complete mixing can be obtained by harrowing unless the clay has been dug when it was wet.

As stated above, it is impossible to determine exactly the proportions of sand and clay to use either in making the sand-clay road on a clay subsoil or on a sand subsoil; and, therefore, as the road dries out and sets it should have careful attention after it is completed to determine whether it is necessary to add any more sand or clay. If there is too much clay there will be a tendency for the surface of the road to get sticky or muddy in wet weather and for the clay to ball and cake, and if this is the case a thin layer of sand should be spread over the surface. On the other hand, if the surface of the road loosens in dry weather, it is an indication that the clay that has been used is not a good quality of clay and does not have sufficient binding power. More clay should be added and worked into the road.

Drainage is one of the most essential features in road construction and it is very true in connection with the construction of the sand-clay road that it shall have good drainage. Where the subsoil is a sandy one it usually affords a pretty good natural drainage; and where there is considerable depth to the sand. usually the crown of the road is all the drainage that has to be done. It is necessary, however, in all cases that the water be taken out of the side ditches just as rapidly as possible. Where the subsoil is a clay, very careful attention must be given to the question of getting rid of the surface water. Also in clearing the right-of-way for the road, all stumps, logs, and other vegetable matter should be taken out of the roadbed for, if not, after the sand-clay mixture has been made. wherever vegetable matter exists it will as its decomposes make moisture and loosen and soften the sand-clay construction. Proper drainage is, therefore, very essential in the construction of the sand-clay road, and it should be maintained at all times.

Quantity of Sand or Clay

The following figures regarding the quantity of clay necessary to add to a sand subsoil to make the sand-clay road, and the amount of sand necessary to add to a clay subsoil will be of interest:

If the roadbed is nine feet wide on a sandy subsoil and the clay is added to a depth of six inches, it would require 880 cubic yards of clay to cover a mile of road. For a sixteen-foot road it would require 1,571 cubic yards of clay. If the clay is a first-class plastic clay free from sand and only four inches of clay were needed, this would require 587 cubic yards for a mile of nine-foot road, and 1,049 cubic yards for a mile of sixteen-foot road.

If the roadbed has a clay subsoil and sand is added to a total depth of eight inches, it would require 1,173 cubic yards per mile for a nine-foot road, and 2,085 cubic yards for a mile of sixteen-foot road.

The actual cost of the construction of the sand-clay road for any section can readily be determined by knowing the distance the sand or the clay has to be hauled and the cost of labor and teams per day.

Summary

1. **Clay Base**—Have the top of the clay grade smooth and about four or five inches lower than it will be when finished.

2. Plow and throw the top for the width the sand is to be put on, leaving loose but smooth, with no big lumps.

3. Spread an even layer of sand about four inches deep over the top and plow and harrow.

4. Spread four more inches of sand over the top and harrow and drag thoroughly. . .

5. Use clean coarse sand, even if it has to be hauled some distance.

6. When possible. harrow just after a rain.

Sand Base. 1. Smooth the sand road, leaving it perfectly flat.

2. Spread the clay the desired width and from four to six inches thick.

3. If the sand base is clean sand, drag it up on the clay for a thickness of four inches and plow, harrow and drag thoroughly, preferably after a rain.

4. If the sand base contains loam haul clean sand from a pit.

5. Use natural sand-clay mixture in preference to pure clay.

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"The time is short. If thou wouldst work for God
It must be now!
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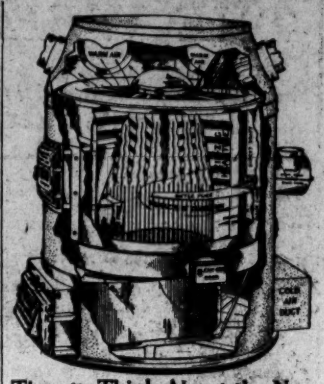

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SALE OF LOTS

CASTLE BETWEEN THIRD and FOURTH STREETS.

Pursuant to a decree of the Superior Court for New Hanover County, in a cause therein pending, by John T. Howe, et al., petitioners, against Willard Howe, et al., defendants, I will sell at Public Auction, on Monday, the 8th day of July, A. D. 1912, at the county court house, at 12 o'clock M., the following described property:

FIRST LOT: Beginning in the Southern line of Castle street, at a point 36 feet east of Third street, running thence eastwardly with the Southern line of Castle street 40 feet; thence southwardly, parallel with Third street 104 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Castle street 40 feet, and thence northwardly parallel with Third street 104 feet to the beginning. This lot has a one-story house upon it, with outhouses.

SECOND LOT: Beginning in the southern line of Castle street at a point 76 feet east of Third street, running thence eastwardly with the southern line of Castle street 40 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Third street 104 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Castle street 40 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Third street 104 feet to the beginning. This is a vacant lot.

The foregoing lots are part of Lots 1 and 2, in Block 75, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

TERMS OF SALE: The lots will be offered separately, as above described, and then as a whole, and will be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, subject to the examination of title and confirmation by the court. GEORGE F. MEARES, Attorney
je0-law4w Commissioner.

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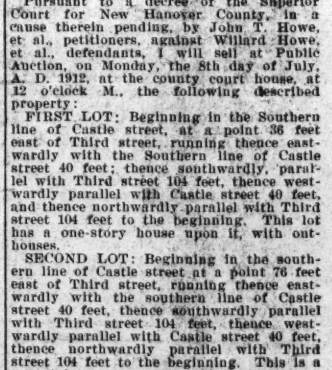

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